

B. PETERSON. Т.

No. 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

HAS JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE, STEREOTYPE EDITIONS OF THE FOLLOWING WORKS.

Which will be found to be the Best and Latest Publications by the Most Popular Writers in the World.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED AT THE LOWEST RATES, AND ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. mer Every work published in this country for Sale here, either at Wholesale or Retail.

ELLEN PICKERING'S NOVELS, as Popular as any in the World.

Either of which can be had separately. Price 25 cents each, or any five of them for the Dollar. They are printed on the finest white paper, and each forms one large octave volume, complete in itself, neatly bound in a strong paper cover. THE ORPHAN NIECE. THE GRUMBLER.

THE ORPHAN NIECE. KATE WALSINGHAM, THE POOR COUSIN. ELLEN WAREHAM. THE HEIRESS. THE FRIGHT.

୬୦୭

THE SECRET FOE. THE EXPECTANT. AGNES SERLE. NAN DARRELL. THE SQUIRE.

THE QUIET HUSBAND. WHO SHALL BE HEIR. PRINCE AND PEDLER. MERCHANT'S DAUGHTER. COUSIN HINTON.

MRS. GREY'S NOVELS. Very Popular among the Ladies.

Either of which can be had separately. Price 25 cents each, or any five of them for one Dollar. They are printed on the finest while paper, and each forms one large octavo volume, complete in itself, neatly bound in a strong paper cover. LENA CAMERON, or the Four Sisters. THE BELLE OF THE FAMILY. SYBIL LENNARD. A Record of Woman's Life. THE DUKE AND THE COUSIN. THE DUKE AND THE COUSIN. WARD A RECORD FOR A DOWN AND A DOWN A DO THE BARONET'S DAUGHTERS.

HYACINTHE, OR THE CONTRAST. THER. ALICE SEYMOUR. LITTLE WIFE. MANŒUVRING MOTHER.

CAPTAIN MARRYATT'S WORKS. Best Sea Novels in the World.

Either of which can be had separately. Price of all except the two last, are 25 cents each, or any five of them for One Dollar. They are printed on the finest white paper, and each forms one large octavo volume, complete in itself.

THE PIRATE AND THREE CUTTERS.
THE NAVAL OFFICER.
HER. SNARLEYOW, or The Dog Fiend.
NEWTON FOSTER.
VALERIE. His last novel.
PERCIVAL KEENE. 200 pages. Price 50 cts.
POOR JACK. 200 pages. Price 50 cents,

T. S. ARTHUR'S WORKS. Sought after and Read by Everybody.

Either of which can be had separately. Price 25 cents each, or any five of them for One Dollar. They are the most moral, popular and entertaining in the world. There are no better books to place in the hands of the young. All will profit by them.

THE DIVORCED WIFE. THE BANKER'S WIFE. PRIDE AND PRUDENCE. CECULA HOWARD. THE BROKEN PROMISE. LOVE IN A COTTAGE. LOVE IN HIGH LIFE.

THE ORPHAN CHILDREN THE DEBTOR'S DAUGHTER. THE TWO BRIDES. INSUBORDINATION. AGNES, or the Possessed. THE OLD ASTROLOGER THE IRON HAND. LUCY SANDFORD.

ALEXANDER DUMAS' WORKS. The Best in the World.

Memotrs of Alexandre Dumas. Written by himself. Complete in two volumes. This work has created more sensation in France, than any one which has appeared there for years. Two volumes octavo, 500 pages. Price One Dollar.

The Iron Mask, or the Feats and Adventures of Raoul de Bragelonne. By Alexandre Dumas. This work is the continuation of "The Three Guardsmen," "Twonty Years After," and "Bragelonne." Complete in two large volumes, of 420 octavo pages, with Illustrated Covers, Portraits, and Engravings. Price One Dollar. Louise La Valliere; or the Second Series and Final End of the "Iron Mask." By Alexandre

Dumas. Complete in two large octavo volumes of over 400 pages, beautifully illustrated. It also contains correct Portraits of "Louise La Valliere," and "The Hero of the Iron Mask." Price for the entire work, One Dollar.

The Memoirs of a Physician; or the Secret History of Louis the Fifteenth. By Alexandre Dumas, It is beautifully embellished with thirty engravings. Complete in two octavo volumes. Price One Dollar.

The Queen's Necklace: or the Secret History of the Court of Louis the Sixteenth. A Sequel to the Memoirs of a Physician. By Alexandre Dumas. Two volumes octavo, 425 pages. Price Fifty cents a volume.

Six Years Later; or the Taking of the Bastile. By Alexandre Dumas. Being the continuation and conclu-sion of "The Queen's Necklace," and "Memoirs of a Physician." Complete in two octavo volumes. Price One Dollar. Sketches in France. By Alexandre Dumas. "It is as good a book as Thackeray's Sketches in Ireland." Dumas never wrote a better book. It is the most delightful book of the season. Price 50 cents.

Diana of Meridor; The Lady of Monsoreau; or France in the Sixteenth Century. By Alexandre Dumas. Complete in two large octavo volumes of 538 pages, with numerous illustrative engravings. Price One Dollar.

The Reign of Terror; Genevieve, or the Chevalier of the Maison Rouge. By Alexandre Dumas. An Historical Romarics of the French Revolution. Complete in one large octave volume of over 200 pages, Price 50 cents.

Isabel of Bavaria; or the Chronicles of France for the reign of Charles the Sixth. Complete in one fine octavo volume of 211 pages, printed on the finest white paper. Price 50 cents.

Edmond Dantes. Being the Sequel to Dumes' celebrated novel of the Count of Monte Cristo. ' With elegant illustrations. | Complete in one large octavo volume of over 200 pages. Price 50 cents.

EUGENE SUE'S NOVELS. Read by the "Million."

One Husband and Five Wives; or the Memoirs of a Husband. By Eugene Sue, author of the "Wandering Jew." It far surpasses the "Mysteries of Paris." Complete in One volume, octavo. Price Fifty cents. Tratrated Wandering Jew. By Eugene Sue. With 87 large illustrations. Two volumes, each 50 cents. 4 Novel. By Engene Sue. With fourteen large and beautiful illustrations. 116 pages. Price 25 cents. A Tale of the Sea. By Eugene Sue. One volume octavo, 115 pages. Price 25 cents. vrd ; or the Woman with many Husbands. By Eugene Sue. 115 pages. Price 25 cents. Wirst Love. A Story of the Heart. By Eugene Sue. 114 pages. Price 25 cents.

the Times of Napoleon Bonaparte in 1810. By Eugene Sue. Price 25 cents

when is continued on the third page of the cover of this book.



.

.

,

LIFE IN THE SOUTH. A COMPANION TO UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. BY C.^{NUMM' COURTSONN} WILEY, (OF NORTH CAROLINA.)

AUTHOR OF "ALAMANCE," ETC., ETC.

EMBELLISHED WITH FOURTEEN BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATIONS. From original designs drawn expressly for this work, BY DARLEY, AND ENGRAVED BY LESLIE & TRAVERS.

Philadelphia: T. B. PETERSON No. 98 CHESNUT STREET.

COL. R. O. BRITTON,

PETERSBURG, VA.:

THIS WORK IS DEDICATED AS A TESTIMONIAL OF THE ESTEEM AND FRIENDSHIP

0F THE AUTHOR.

W315

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1852, by

T. B. PETERSON,

In the Office of the Clerk of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

LIFE IN THE SOUTH.

A COMPANION TO

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

CHAPTER I.

NORTH CAROLINA.

with the fact, that Providence did not de- privation, cunning, and parsimony, have sign the state for a commercial one. The amassed wealth, and spend the evening rivers which traverse it are full of rocks of their days in luxurious, but unrefined and shoals, and round the whole coast, and unsatisfying dissipations. It cannot even from Cape Henry, in Virginia, to be denied that such enjoyments, how-Cape Romain, in South Carolina, extends ever much they may kindle the envy a bar of sand that renders the coasting and stimulate the cupidity of the poor, navigation extremely dangerous, and ex- | neither refresh nature nor satisfy its wants, cludes all large vessels from its ports. while they blunt the moral sensibilities, Besides this wall of sand, with the un- and produce a mental languor, an ennui known and shifting shallows, or swashes more intolerable than all the calamities which its moveable materials are ever entailed by poverty. It must follow, producing, there is another singular fea- also, that a restless spirit must pervade ture which must always prevent the con- the whole of such a community; that in centration of trade at any point on the it good principles and generous feelings Atlantic side. All the streams in this attain but a slender growth, while avarice, region are wonderfully deep, with slow and its attendant vices, fraud, hypocrisy, and sluggish currents, and the narrowest and cunning, flourish in rank luxuriance. creeks will float sloops, schooners, and

been the fruitful source of discussion at trade. Here the populace exhibit a care, at home and of ridicule abroad; but, anxiety, and strong intensity of purpose after all, to the eye of wisdom, the hand depicted in the stern compression of the of a benevolent Architect is clearly visible | features, and a restless nature, displayed in in the peculiar structure of the State. It the quick, uneasy motions of the body, is a truth too plain to be stated otherwise that strikes every intelligent traveller, than as an axiom, that an extensive com- who is equally astonished at the total merce is attended with evils as well as neglect of idle ceremony, and the interwith blessings. It whets, to a keen edge, change of friendly sympathies. These the appetite for money, fosters wild spe- indications, apparent on the surface of culation, and thus developes to their things, proclaim the vassals of the god fiercest intensity, the passions of avarice Mammon; while a close observation will and selfishness, while it engenders a taste | satisfy the valnest patriot, that the authofor extravagance, luxury, and sensual rity of the almighty dollar is every where pleasures. Generally, a commercial pa amount. | Generally, our people are, people consist of two classes : those who more or less, a commercial people, exhave their fortunes to make, and, who ani- hibiting the vices and virtues, the glories

mated with hopes of making them speedily, lose all the tender charities of nature, deny themselves every social, refined, and intellectual enjoyment, and bend WHOEVER will examine the map of all their energies to a single purpose; and North Carolina, will at once be struck those who by a life of toil, hardihood,

This is the picture which foreigners brigs, whose tall masts, to a distant specta- have drawn of the whole of American tor, seem to be gliding through the woods. society; a picture whose original is to The want of commercial facilities has be found only in the great capitals of 11

and follies of such a race; but there is one portion of them from whom the disciples of the winged Mercury, have not yet banished the moral excellences of the Saturnian reign. I would not describe them otherwise than truly, albeit they are the sons and daughters of my native earth; and if any think my account too partial, let them come and see for themselves. The swift and noisy engines that drive the wheels of trade are seldom seen or heard there : there are no large, filthy, noisy marts; there are few banks, few corporations, and of course, not much of the essence of that Deity whose vassals and vessels these things are. Shrouded from the gaze of the world, her leading men attract little attention; the stream of her history glides smoothly and quietly along, and the whole state may be compared to one of those obscure and shady retreats which the lively school boy, allured by gaver scenes, passes unnoticed in the morning, but to which, tired and disappointed, he is glad to escape from the sultry heats of noon.

The wild and restless demon of Progress has not yet breathed there its scorching breath on the green foliage of nature, -filial reverence, parental tenderness, conjugal fidelity, neighbourly kindness, and patriotic integrity. There is there still, some veneration for antiquity; some attention paid to the merry sports and customs of the good old fashioned times that are gone; some tender sentiments, and some lofty principles that borrow their hue from another clime.

The men love their country and her institutions with a silent affection; the women love their husbands with a chaste and modest devotion; the young men are gallant, though speaking only their mother tongue, the maidens interesting, without the aid of French manners and Italian morals, while no man's allegiance to the State is questioned because he is not a brawling demagogue. To those accustomed to estimate men by the stations which they have filled, it will seem incredible that any of the Carolinians could have possessed those qualities which most adorn and dignify our nature; and still more incredible will seem, in such a place, the exhibition of daring and atrocious crime, wild enthusiasm, and romantic chivalry. The history of such a people will possess the attraction of no-

velty, and perhaps, the writer will gain credit for ingenious invention, while he is faithfully portraying the characters and manners of his progenitors : a race whose unknown descendants, in the very midst of this bustling world, still retain their ancestral virtues.

CHAPTER II.

THE ARABS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE sand bar which stretches along the coast of North Carolina, separates the ocean from a succession of sounds, the largest and most beautiful of which are those well known by the names of Albemarle, Pamlico, and Currituck. East of these inland seas is the bar, a waste and barren region, in some places bleak and wild as the deserts of Africa, and strangely in keeping with the majesty of that mighty deep whose awful grandeur is enhanced by the silence and desolation that reign along its borders. Even here, in this dreary, naked, and sterile region, are the homes and haunts of men, a race who have never been classified by science, and who, though sometimes called Arabs, belong neither to the savage nor civilized state of society. They are generally a motley collection of idle, roving, harmless creatures, leading an easy, indolent life, free alike from the crucl, murderous, and plundering propensities of barbarians and the

more christian vices of polished communities. In the curious and beautiful little lakes of clear fresh water that gleam like mirrors" in their arid and wild domain, myriads of fish abound ; wild ducks, wild geese, and other sea fowls in countless thousands cover the waters, and on these, which are easily taken, they chiefly live. In former times, however, they had another source of subsistence; a source from which they drew their main supplies of money, goods, and groceries. They followed the occupation of wreckers; a business whose prosperity was attested by the long dark line of keels, hulks, and dismantled vessels that covered the shore. It would seem that this fraternity would have found sufficient employment in the unavoidable casualties of the winds and waves on this disastrous and melancholy

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

coast; but population and competition increased, and the cunning of man was sometimes employed to add to the natural horrors of the dreaded region. The public generally were not concerned in these wicked tricks, and rude as it was, it would not have countenanced them; but those who used them were secret in their operations, and as it happens in all communities, would often be respected for wealth which they had obtained by disreputable means. Thefts, of course, were common, and stranded cargoes rapidly diminished from the time they were landed on the beach, till the day of sale; still the crews were always saved and in fact the whole of his early history is treated with a kindness and attention that enveloped in the mists of antiquity, and often attached them to the Bankers.

held altogether in common by these people. It is said that early in life he was the but while they were profusely generous and hospitable, they entertained peculiar notions upon the subject of matrimony and the virtues it inculcates. Polygamy was not allowed, but in its stead there was a prevalent custom much more convenient to the Bankers and better suited | that his crib had been emptied during the to the changing tastes of men. The women were treated kindly and as equals, neighbours armed with guns, soon overbut every man was considered as having | took the vessel of Captain Ricketts, which the right to sell or swap his wife whenever he chose, and in this business there | The ship was speedily boarded and the was a constant and lively trade.

have found their way among the Bankers; give a satisfactory account of the manner and it is not to be supposed that the description herein given would at present | Ricketts, however, with entire self-possuit them. There was a time, however, a period not remote, when unfettered by He said that during the night, and while the conventional rules of society; unaffected by the fluctuations of trade, the rise and fall of dynasties, and the irregularities of the seasons, they led a careless, | corn-pen, tumbling the whole of its conindolent, and happy life, strangers alike tents into his vessel, where he was obliged to the sweltering heats of summer and to keep it until he came to a landing! the snows of winter. Without fear or This ingenious excuse not satisfying the pride, malice or ambition, abundantly indignant planter, the author of it was and easily supplied with food and caring | tied to a mast and received on his bare little for clothing, their existence had many charms for them and would not be he was permitted, with an empty vessel, without its attractions in the view of a certain class of philosophers and philanthropists. Some of these had cast their eyes upon this country in former times, and from them it received the appellation of Utopia; a name which perhaps it merited as well as did the famous island a small cluster of stunted live oaks, from of Sir Thomas More.

CHAPTER III.

AN ARAB CHIEF.

Few sailors have visited the ports in North Carolina, and not heard of Captain Richard Ricketts, famous for his deeds and his many names. Abroad and to fame he was known by the appellation above, but among his friends and familiars he was better known as Rickety-Rackety, Horse Racket, and General Wrecks. Whence he derived the first of these names, is a matter involved in doubt: and s little can be learned concerning it except Neither their goods nor wives were by the dim and dubious light of tradition. captain of a small coasting vessel which sometimes carried produce to market without the knowledge or consent of the original owner. On one occasion, a farmer who lived on the banks of a small, but navigable stream, found one morning, night, and with his overseer and a few was moving slowly down the stream. corn found, and any other but Captain Modern improvements, arts, and wants | Ricketts would have found it difficult to in which his vessel had been loaded. session, declared that he was innocent, he was creeping close, by shore to find deep water, there came a sudden squall of wind, which blew over the planter's back nine and thirty lashes, after which to continue on his course. From this time, disgusted with a sailor's life, he was never again seen in his old haunts; nor did any honest man regret his absence.

Due east of Albemarle Sound there is yet to be seen, on a narrow neck of land, whose boughs hang long, luxuriant, gray

beards of moss, the apparent growth of for a wife. Desiring to form a conneccenturies: and in the midst of these oaks stands an empty, crazy, antiquated tenement, looking quite as old and desolate to canvass the whole country, the capas the sand hills around it. It is a roomy, tain gave notice of his wants, and rebut slight and simple structure of scant- quested all those who had wives to disling and boards, with a floorless porch pose of, to bring them to his store on a on one side and a shed on the other. certain day. Near it are the remnant of smaller buildings, and immediately in front, and under a huge, druidical oak, is a shallow well, with a part of the frame, the sweepbeam and the old bucket still remaining. Here it was that Captain Ricketts lived in state, after having abandoned a life on the waves; and here it was that he performed those exploits which have given him a for the transaction of the important businame among posterity.

It is said of him that he was not a man of an imposing presence, and that, though Utopians, or Bankers, as they were somerich, his manners were simple and his apparel plain. He was a quiet, thoughtful little man, of a shrunken, mummylike body, and a face, the loose red-skin of which was drawn into a variety of fanciful puckers, in each one of which, those curious in phisiognomy could see the printed outline of some iniquitous plot. All his features were small, and wreathed with a perpetual smile; but his deeply sunken, restless, round, bulletlike eyes, glanced with a sinister light, causing in the object of their momentary gaze, an unpleasant sensation. A dilapidated felt hat, with the rim falling about his face, covered a head slightly sprinkled with the frosts of age; his withered legs were cased in with leather breeches; an old blue cloth coat, patched from collar to skirt, hung loosely on his back, and a tow shirt, and a pair of stout, red leather shoes completed his ordinary dress.

At the time when this story commences he led a rather lopely life; that is his household was small; consisting only of himself and an old negro woman. He was, however, the proprietor of the only store or grocery in that section of the ing at once; while he seemed to have an country, and this, together with the owner's wealth and importance, attracted much company to his house, which was, indeed, the head-quarters of all Utopia. Increasing prosperity and the burdens of age at last prompted Captain Ricketts to change his mode of life. He became desirous of sharing his joys and cares with an intimate and friendly partner and under twenty. The elder was a small, companion, and accordingly began to look | spare man, with a head slightly sprinkled

tion with one who had been broke to the matrimonial yoke, and not having time

CHAPTER IV.

A STRANGER'S RECEPTION IN UTOPIA.

THE first Saturday in the month of ----, 17-, was the day appointed by Ricketts ness mentioned in the preceding chapter. On that day a vast number of Arabs, times called, and of all ages and sexes, congregated at the house of their richest neighbour. The married men were attracted by the prospect of good prices for commodities of which they had tired ; the matrons, in their best apparel, were allured by hopes of a wealthy husband and a fine house, the boys came for fun, and the maidens "to see and be seen." Few of the men came without a jug or empty bottle, and as it was an interesting and exciting occasion, frequent and deep potations were a necessary preliminary to the transaction of business. The matrons and the maidens, too, indulged in an occasional and modest glass; and soon the crowd, with its faces wild, swarthy, and bearded, withered and smirking, brunette, merry and sparkling, presented a study for a painter, mingled as they were in a close, confused, and tumultuous assembly; some boasting, cup in hand, of the beauties and excellencies of their better halves, and some playing the agreeable to the girls in their own rude and hearty way. Round old Ricketts there was a circle of men and women, all talkear for each, and kept his restless eyes glancing through the crowd. Suddenly the noise and confusion ceased; for the whole company, as if by instinct, had become aware of the presence of persons of a different nature. These were a man and a boy, the former considerably advanced in years, and the latter apparently



with gray, a mild, blue eye, and good humoured face; and wore a blue homespun coat buttoned to the chin, a pair of linsey-woolsey trowsers, and shoes that glistened with new varnish. His open forehead, puckered mouth, and twinkling eye, indicated by their blended expression a kind and careless heart, but a close observer might have imagined that the clownishness of his manners was somewhat affected, and that occasionally the shadows of deep thought flitted over his brow. The character of the youth was harder to fathom, though it seemed stamped in his face. His features, taken singly were not handsome, but their I assure you, for we are as poor as the united expression was extremely engaging, and with the compression of his lips and his quick, uneasy motions, seemed to display a fiery, energetic temperament, his broad white forchead looked thoughtful, and his large, black and lustrous eyes beamed with sentiment and melancholy. He was of medium height, slightly built, and dark, his hands small and delicate, and his voice so soft and musical that the few words which he occasionally uttered riveted at once the attention of every hearer. His manners were awkward these new comers were thus the object of

Tucker, and I am generally known as Pocosin Dan: this is my son, Walter, and him we call the Little Pocosin."

"Good names, very good names," said a man in the crowd; "but where the -1 did you come from, and what do vou follow ?"

"As the Injuns would say, we come from towards sundown," answered Dan; "and when we are travelin', we follow our noses."

"Whoorah for old Pocosin? At him agin, Ribs !" shouted the crowd, and the questioner continued :

"S'pose I cut your nose off, what will you follow then, old fiddler?"

"I'd follow you with a stick till I couldn't find the pieces," replied old Pocosin.

"Well done agin, stranger !" cheered the crowd. "Stand to your partner, old Bones !"

"It's my opinion," said the person to whom this last epithet was applied ; "it's my opinion that these fellows are pirates or spies, and no better than they should be, and I move we pluck their feathers and send them home."

The stranger's lad was instantly at his breast, and the glitter of a dirk was visible, when his father, as if by accident, brushed his arm aside, saying with the utmost coolness and simplicity, "Bless your soul, stranger, you'd find precious lean pickin's, turkey of Job, and I don't know when I've seed the colour of any one's brandy."

"Give him some liquor! Give both some liquor !" cried several voices; "they shall be treated well while here. Come up, strangers, the man that touches one of you, will have to fight a crowd."

The young Pocosin declined the invistraight and active; his hair was long tation, but the elder touched lightly, and and dark, his hands small and delicate, then taking Rickett's aside, desired to speak with him in private. They were not long absent, and when they returned, old Dan spoke as follows:

"Gentlemen, and ladies, too, I want and stiff, and his conduct shy, but not you all to bear witness to a bargain betimid, while he gazed earnestly at the tween me and Captain Ricketts. He is persons and things around him. While to take my son Walter there as clerk; to feed, clothe, and lodge him well, and general attention, they did not escape the | to watch over his morals; and Walter notice of Captain Ricketts, who greeted | on his part, is 'to give his attention and them with much apparent cordiality, and demanded their names. "My name, said the elder, " is Daniel Tucker, and I am generally known as

and Dan continued : "It's further agreed, that at the end of every month, either party may be off from the bargain by giving four days' notice. Ain't it so, Captain Ricketts ?"

"It's all as Mr. Pocosin says," answered-Ricketts; "and now, my little friend," addressing Walter, "I want you to go right to work. Here's pen and paper, and I want you to take down the names, ages, and appearance of all the good women who've come to be sold. Put down every thing, for I want to choose with my eyes open."

Walter seating himself behind a rude table, prepared to do as he was bade; the crowd pressing round and looking on with no little interest.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

CHAPTER V.

18

UTOPIAN WAY OF CHOOSING A WIFE.

THE Little Pocosin found his task no easy one, for in addition to the fact that half a dozen were talking to him at the same time, the Utopians indulged in tropes and figures, and used a language with which he was not familiar; while his sensibilities were often shocked by the coarse manner in which husbands and women gave minute inventories of the virtues and excellences of the latter. The Bankers were as moral in their own way as other people more refined, nor was Utopia the only place where wives were bought and sold; but it was the custom there to offer them in market overt, and to cry up their value in plain and honest language. It must not, however, be supposed that the women were ever traded off against their will, for their inclinations were generally consulted, though in some rare cases, they were sacrificed to the ambition and avarice of their friends, as it sometimes happens to maidens out of Utopia. But to proceed with our narrative. Walter after hours of labour finished his task, and desired to know if he were to report to Captain Ricketts alone, or in presence of the crowd. The captain and all his friends answered that the report must be read aloud, and in presence of the assembly, and accordingly Walter began as follows:

"Betsy, or Sun-flower, of Currietuck, wife of Harry Reefer. A swift-sailing craft, well rigged, but little ballast, and will not mind her helm-performed two vovages; as sound as ever. Mem: is twenty years old, has two children ; talks and laughs loud, and has a wit more brazen than flashy; squints a little, and shows her teeth too often-price, two bushels sweet potatoes." The Sun-flower was not entirely pleased at this description, and it might have been a warning to others to have their charms spoken of in private; but each one enjoyed the mortification of the other's, and confidently expected to hear herself highly praised. The clerk therefore proceeded :

"Dorcas, called the little Fifer, and wife of Topsail Bennet. Her lips are as pleasant as sassafras in April, and her | lady, and in a few years,-" breath like the taste of raccoon oysters,

but she moves like a sand-fiddler, and her tongue is a yard long. Mem: She is eighteen years old, been married four months. The first month she called her husband 'Honey ;' the next, she found him a 'Good-for-nothing;' the next, 'a beast;' and the next, 'a monster.' Price, two shillings sixpence."

"Sally, called the Pearl of Utopia, and wife of Canty Snip; is sixteen years old, sings well, but sews indifferently, and is better at a reel than a roast. Mem: Looks as if she were fond of rum and ribbons.¹ Price, seven quarts of rum and one ham of bacon.

"Peach Blossom, widow; who says she is about twenty-one years old, though she may be thirty, and looks forty-five." "Stop !" interposed Captain Ricketts : "I've told every body that I didn't want a young woman. Read about the old ones."

"Most of them have just been married." answered Walter : " but there are a few who are not so young. Here is one called Hagar, aged forty-five, and wife of Ike Harvey, as he calls himself. She can sew, knit, spin, and cook well and has been twice married."

"What's the price ?" demanded Rick-"Five gallons of rum and one etts. pound sterling for her and her child,", cried a voice in the crowd. "How old is the child ?" asked the captain. " She is thirteen last May," said Ike, " and can do all that her mother can and more besides, and is the most quiet, tidy, sweet, lovin' little crittur in the world. She's precious good, and there ain't the like of her in all Utopia." "I want no daughter," replied Ricketts pettishly : "they'd break any merchant in the kingdom." "She's not my child," said Ike, "but I love her for all that, and I'll keep her, if you say so." "I cannot leave my child; I will die before I'll leave my child," cried a female voice : "it's bad enough, Ike, to leave you, you who I have so long served and nursed as if I were your slave, you who never in your life had any reason .--- "

"Oh rattle-snakes and simmons, brimstone and alligators !" shouted Ike ; "I want none of your whinny-whannies here, my duck, and so say no more about it. I'll take the gal and raise her like a

"Please, please let me stay with mo

ther," cried the girl, weeping and sobbing and clinging to her parent; "oh please, sir, take me, and I'll never give you any trouble and never ask for any thing as long as I live." The crowd began to melt, and so did Ike, for, taking hold of the girl, he said, "Captain Ricketts, you don't know what a treasure she is. See here, her cheeks are like the skin of a ripe peach, her lips is sweet as a snow bank in August, and jest look at them eyes ! She's a cherub, she's a saint, sir; O, I'd rather hear her sweet little voice, nor all the fiddles in creation." The girl clung still closer to her mother, blushing, trembling and shrinking from the gaze of the crowd, as they cried, "take her, captain, take her and make no more fuss about it."

"I cannot give any money," said Ricketts.

"Say ten shillings," replied Ike. "Not a cent: I'll give the five gallons

of rum."

"It's a bargain and a d-d hard one," exclaimed lke, whose face indicated an appetite for whose gratification more than wives are sometimes sacrificed. Walter, sick of his task, rose and joined his father, and the crowd began vociferously to call on Ricketts to make a display of his gallantry. 'The little old man seemed in a prodigiously lively humour, and with great apparent boldness advanced to embrace his wife, but she easily and contemptuously shook him off, and casting a parting glance on Ike, took her daughter and withdrew. It was now late in the day, and the bridegroom, after repeated and unequivocal hints to that effect, made a show of liberality and invited his guests to spend the evening with him in making merry. Of course the invitation was universally accepted, though it was understood that most or all of the men would have to sleep on the sand; not a dear price to them, by the way, for one of their merry entertainments.

Some of the girls now went to gather flowers wherewithal to deck themselves and friends; others assisted the young men to sweep off the loose sand from the hardest and smoothest part of the beach, and the old men and old women tried, in various ways, to make themselves useful and entertaining.

CHAPTER VI.

A BALL IN UTOPIA.

THE Bankers' ball opened early in the night, and though there were in the crowd many a rude and vicious heart, and many a devious and darkly brooding spirit, the assembly and the scene were well calculated to inspire in a stranger and a mere looker on, the most pleasing and romantic thoughts. The serene blue heavens were their pavilion; the fresh cool breezes of the evening breathed over the plains the aroma of sweet shrubs and flowers, and the lamp of goblins and fairies, the full-orbed moon, hung in mid air, pouring over land and sea a flood of soft delicious light that clothed them in a drapery wild and dreamy. The surf broke gently and slowly on the white beach, the spray sparkling with a thousand tender hues; a single mocking bird chanted his lively airs from a solemn and venerable oak, whose drooping branches, hoary with moss, swept the ground, and the measured sound of light and nimble feet, the music of violins, and the merry voices of girls decked with garlands, were mingled, in the air. It was a time in which the soul throws off its mould of earth, and feeling its kindred with the fantastic spirits then abroad, sweeps, on the pinions of thought, through bright, imagined realms, and holds amorous dalliance with the fair, sweet creatures of another world.

There were, however, but two in that coarse, unlettered assembly, who seemed to feel the influence of the hour and the scene; these were the two Tuckers, who, sitting by themselves upon the beach. gazed for some time in silence upon the broad, bright, unruffled waters. Each appeared to be absorbed with reflections tender and pensive, but the elder, soon recovering from his revery, rallied the other upon his extreme dejection.

"Come, Walter," said he, laying his hand on the lad's shoulder, "this is not a time for gloomy thoughts. What do you say to a wild caper on the sand with these barbarians ?"

"I can't dance to night," replied Walter briefly, and without averting his eyes from the water.

"Well, you can at least see others dance; come, we are losing all the fun."

"I'd rather sit here."

20

"And how long do you suppose you have already sat here, my boy? The moon was nearly straight above us when we first came here, and now see, she is half way down the heavens."

The young man turned his eyes in the direction of the orb alluded to, but gave no answer, while the other, in a kinder and more serious tone, continued, " Walter, my son, there is something preving on your mind, and I take it as a hardship that you do not tell me what it is. You were always wont to unbosom yourself to me, and why do you not do it now ?".

"To tell you the truth," said Walter, "I feel sad at the prospect of parting from you. I was just now thinking about tomorrow, when you will be far away, and I will be here among these strange people, without a friend or acquaintance, and you too will be alone."

"Then you do not want to stay?" answered the elder, inquiringly.

"Yes, sir, yes, if it will pleasure you; but-but-"

"But what, my son? speak out candidly and fearlessly."

"I do not like these people."

"Your stay will be short."

"They don't seem honest to me: I don't know why it is, but I feel horrified at the idea of remaining with them. True, it is a beautiful place; why do you laugh ?"

"I laughed at your odd fancy," said the elder Tucker; "what beauty is there in these naked and barren sand hills."

"Oh, much-a great deal of beauty to me! They look so wild, and bleak, and new to me; and then there is something so grand and noble in the ocean, that, some how or other, I fairly love it, and could live here for ever, if it were not for these horrid people. The ocean seems to me like a friend, a great and awful being, and never, never shall I forget it."

"Mighty souls hold sympathy with mighty elements," said the senior, " and thus the great have ever loved the ocean. They imagine that it is boundless and free as their own hearts-it is the image of their thoughts. But to return to our subject: I have already told you, that some of these people are thieves, and all

act character of old Ricketts, I do not know; but notwithstanding the strong reasons that have induced me to place you with him for a short time, I will not urge you to remain. Above all, I again enioin it upon you to disregard our contract-to disregard all agreements, and quit him the very moment you catch him engaged in a dishonest act. Now, my son, speak freely and truly, do you wish to remain ?"

"I do; indeed, I do-and do you not understand me. I prefer to remain here; but nature, you know, will have its way, and I am obliged to feel sad for a while. My reason satisfies me, that it is best for me to fulfil your wishes, but my heart will rebel for a while."

"My wishes are all for your good," said the other, "and now your mind is made up, let me impress upon you a few additional precepts. Attend strictly and closely to your business, and treat all politely, but form no intimacies and no hatreds. Never permit yourself to imitate the manners or use the vulgar language of these people, and do not for a moment forget that you and they are different beings. Do not complain of toil, of scant diet, and hard beds; these will but strengthen you. But read, as much as you can, the few books which you have, remember me, remember your own destiny, and remember God, to whose good keeping I commend you. And now, let us return, for these people will suspect us if we remain long away. It is easy for you to join to some extent in their innocent amusements, and yet be not like one of them. The great art of living with low bred and vulgar people, consists in this: be neither dignified nor intimate, too distant nor too free. For myself, to please them and open the way for kindness to you, I will put on the buffoon, and give them a taste of my mu-sical powers."

There were few men, in his day, superior to the senior Tucker, in the art divine of discoursing instrumental melody, and no fiddler ever excited more rapturous applause than that with which he was greeted on the sand hills of modern Utopia. The men thought he had a wizard chained within his instrument, and honoured him accordingly, while the young maidens clustered about the junior Tucker, of them are rude and illiterate. The ex- | with a manner more tender and respect-



A BALL BY MOONLIGHT, IN UTOPIA.

wards less fair and ruder beaux.

It would seem to be one of the conditions of every society, that it should contain what are technically called a belle. His eyes were of a very light blue, and a beau; that is, a lady and a gentle- his nose, short and crispy, his chin, man, who are each the admiration and long and sharp, and his mouth broad and delight of all the young people of the opposite sex, and the object of the envy and | certainly very good looking; indeed, she hatred of their own. These characters was handsome in form and feature, and are, too, in all ages and countries, formed | for a belle, had a wonderfully low, sweet of the same original materials; that is to say, whatever be their mode of exhibiting it, the male must be, essentially, a have taken for her model. Cuttie Sark, vain, conceited popiniay, with more feathers than brains, and more impudence course, as in outy bound, she was more than worth, and the lady more remarkable for pertness and ribbons, a loud voice but in spite of a double quantity of calico, and a bold stare, than for a nimbleness of wit, sweetness of temper, and grace or dignity of manners. Dr. T. M'Donald and elastic form, her finely chiseled fea-Ribs, the most cultivated, physically and intellectually, of all the inhabitants of Utopia, was a young man who had succeeded in winning his own intense admiration, and that of all the ladies. He had, in his extreme youth, been blest with the advantages of polished society; in other words, he had lived in the office | burning in her heart. Ceremony being of an apothecary, in one of the settlements on the Albemarle, and had even with all her maiden modesty, was unable skirmished on the frontier of literature, and carried off prisoners, a few scraps of learning. Having no family influence, with the help of which to push his fortunes in an aristocratic community, and being without money or character, he set out on foot to explore the country, and finding that he could be a great man in Utopia, he there located and commenced the practice of medicine. He was one of those who, when among their superiors in rank, rail against the conventional rules of that society from which their vulgarity excludes them, and when with those like themselves, assume the airs and ape the manners of higher and foreign circles. This Caliban of the parlour and Chesterfield of the kitchen, exhibited among his equals, a fastidious taste, and a fiery temper, never having been known to be pleased with his food, or lodging, or to agree with any one in sentiment upon any subject. He was always talking of the manner in which people lived, dressed, and ate in other places, and he studied to be thought eccentric and bold. In appearance he was not particuliarly hand- | with an inflated spleen, and but for the

ful than that which they displayed to- some, being tall, spare, and bony, with long, straight hair, that fell over his shoulders, and had nearly the hue of the sand banks on which he resided. protuberant. Miss Polly Dawson, was voice and manners, sedate and coy, except in the dance, when she seemed to in the vision of Tam O'Shanter. Of outlandishly dressed than any of her sex, a triple quantity of ribbons, and a quadruple supply of flowers, her full, ripe, tures, her rich complexion, and piercing black eyes, fully entitled her to the distinction she had acquired. The suns of eighteen summers had matured and expanded in its richest glory, this, wild blossom of Utopia, and the warmest glow of life, was swelling in her veins, and little regarded among the Bankers, Polly, to hide her preference for Walter Tucker upon whom her marked attentions drew' the awful and indignant scowl of Dr. Ribs.

> Walter, all unconscious of the storm gathering over his head, began to lose his melancholy in the pleasant society of his fair and tender partner. Polly Dawson, delighted no less with the consciousness of producing envy and mortification, than with hopes of a new and brilliant conquest, became more and more kind and attentive to her new acquaintance; and the crowd, enlivened by the music of old Tucker, and the excitement of the dance, had little time or inclination to notice the whims, or sympathize with the sufferings of the outraged beau. That notable person having in vain exhausted every artifice in attempting to excite the remorse of the belle ; having frowned and scowled upon, walked round, and rubbed against Walter Tucker to little purpose, became at last so charged with wrath, that without the slightest provocation he fell furiously upon a sallow and unhappy-looking lad,

interference of the crowd, would have speedily sent the poor boy to his final a large lantern to his head, turned him reckoning. As is usual, however, in such | loose. The Captain then enjoining it on cases, the whole assembly ran together, every man grappled with his nearest neighbour, and groans, blows, oaths, and shouts were mingled together. No one had the slightest knowledge of the cause or progress of the fray; no one knew friend from foe, and soon the whole crowd were rolling together, pellmell, in the sand, wild with rage and whisky, and conscious only of a pleasant and exhilarating excitement. This paroxysm at last exhausted itself; there was a general reconciliation and treat, and all that was known of the matter was, that Dr. Ribs had acted with distinguished spirit and prowess. It was understood that he had, for a slight insult; chastised' several bullies, whose names were not known, and his importance was, therefore, much augmented. In a better humour now with himself. and with every body else, the Doctor joined heartily in the sports of the evening, and the dance was recommenced with renewed enthusiasm and vigour.

24

CHAPTER VII.

'OLD WRECKS" SHOWS THAT HIS NAME IS APPROPRIATE.

THERE was one person, and only one, at the ball alluded to in the preceding chapter, who observed that as the night waned, there were visible indications of a change in the weather. For some cause best known to himself, old Ricketts had for some time past been a watcher through the night, and now as the moon disappeared in a thick bank of clouds in the western horizon, and the wind freshened, the countenance of the captain assumed an expression unusually cheerful. Encouraging his guests to continue their revelry, he and his old cook stole off to the stable,* from which they led

It is the general belief in North Carolina, that a custom similar to that we have attributed to Ricketts, gave a name to a noted portion of the State. The region of country due east of Albemarle Sound, and between that and the ocean. is called Nag's Head; a name not unknown to the politicians of the country, as applications have been made to Congress for appropriations

out a pony, tethered him, and fastening the negress to keep the horse in motion, returned to the house, apparently delighted at the deepening darkness, and the gale that now threatened a speedy termination to the sports of his guests. The heavens were soon overspread with clouds, the night became pitchy dark, and the wind became so violent that the women and sober men crowded into the house, the younger Tucker almost trembling with awe as he heard the roar of the chafed and angry ocean. He thought of those who might be out in such a storm, and he was wondering at the hardihood of the mariner who could ride undismayed upon the fearful deep when lashed into fury by the tempest, when a sudden exclamation threw the whole company into commotion. He was at first alarmed with the vague suspicion of disaster, but his fears were quickly dispelled by the cheerful countenances around him, and the wild exclamations of delight which burst from the lips of all, male and female. For himself, he could see nothing at which to rejoice, while he was still more bewildered by the cries, "She's on the right track !" "She's in the Davil's Basin now !" " She's swamped !, she's swamped !" which were uttered by the crowd as they fairly tumbled out at the doors and windows. Rushing into the vard himself, he found his father, who, taking him by the hand, said hastily, and with emotion, "Farewell, my dear boy, we may not meet again! There is a ship aground, and I am going with Captain Ricketts, in a boat, to see what aid we can render to those on board. Good bye ! they are waiting for me."

"I must go, too," said Walter, seizing his father's arm with both his hands;

to open an inlet, in this section, across the bar of the ocean.

It is said that an old Banker, in former times, kept a nag, or pony, which, on dark nights, he would drive over the beach, tethered, and with a lantern fastened to his head; and the dipping, or to use a vulgar phrase, the "bobbing up and down" of this light would deceive sailors, and decoy their vessels over the bar, causing them to be wrecked.

From its salubrious climate and facilities for sea bathing, Nag's Head is now a fashionable resort in summer; and at that season one will find there now elegant people, and good society.



"Deeper and deeper the vessel was settling in the water, and wave after wave swept the deck."

and I will perish with you !"

lease me, boy; many an unhappy man expecting ever again to see the land. It may be drowned while you delay me thus !"

those who were manning a boat by the beach, and the elder Tucker, with Walter still clinging to his arm, and whom he in vain endeavoured to shake off, hurried to the shore. Here he had little time to a guard of sailors by the goods on shore. hesitate, for the young man was in the boat before him, and soon the hardy Bankers, chanting a wild air, and indulging had landed almost his entire cargo. On in ribald jests, and oaths of the most shocking profanity, were riding on the billows. The wind blew from the shore, and had somewhat lulled, but still there was a heavy sea rolling, and as the boat rocked to and fro, now moving slowly and almost perpendicularly upward, and anon darting swiftly down between the yawning waves, Walter Tucker, nearly lost his consciousness, and was still clinging to the gunwales when he found him- of the passengers confirmed the stateself safely by the side of the grounded ment, and many of the Bankers themship. A shout of joy from those on board the latter brought him to his senses, and he soon forgot his fears as he began to feel for those whom he had come to relieve. The ship had struck upon the sand, and while the passengers stood trembling and weeping on deck, parents and children, wives and husbands clinging to and embracing each other, the sailors were busily engaged in lightening the vessel. Most of these latter, expecting to be lost, had got drunk, and their wild shouts, mingled with the fierce roar of the waters, and the piteous moan of the beasts that were thrown into the deep to be devoured while yet alive by the greedy sharks that were shoaling round the ship. A leak was sprung in the hold -deeper and deeper the vessel was settling in the water, and wave after wave swept the deck, when the passengers began to crowd into the yawl, and the pilot boat which had come to their relief. The last to leave the ship were two young persons, a male and female, who threw their arms about each other and seemed utterly powerless when told that one of them would have to wait for the return of the boats. There was no time to be the frolic of the preceding night, were lost in efforts to separate the couple, and imbued with the most generous and hos-Walter Tucker, springing out of the boat | pitable feelings; others expected, not un-

"you'll be lost-you'll certainly be lost, | whose complement was not full, forced the tender and generous passengers into "Nonsense, Walter! nonsense! Re- i it, and remained with the sailors, hardly seemed to him that every wave would dash the ship to pieces and he was grow-"Come on ! all hands aboard !" shouted ing so numb that he could hardly cling to a mast as the waters broke over him, when his father's hand was laid upon his shoulder.

The Captain, stationing the mate with accompanied every boat to the vessel, and did not cease his exertions until he his return from his last trip, he was indignant at finding that his guard had deserted their trust, and following them to the house, his indignation was changed to astonishment at what he heard. The superstitious sailors averred that they were in a land of witches, and that several bales of goods had suddenly, and without any visible external agency, glided swiftly off and disappeared; some selves were in a state of great alarm, charging the crew with dealings with mysterious and familiar spirits. The whole company were astounded and frightened at the incredible stories which they heard, and all marched out together to witness the phenomenon which had so terrified the mate and his companions. The morning had, however, now shown its cheerful face in the east and the goblins of the beach, if any there were, fled with the shades of night, under whose mantle they had played their devilish tricks.

CHAPTER VIII.

UTOPIAN HOSPITALITY.

THE passengers who had trusted themselves to the ill-fated Siren, found, to their surprise, that they were among a kind and considerate people, who ministered to their wants with a tact and delicacy not to be expected in a race so rude. Some of those who had participated in

reasonably, to lose nothing by their attentions, and all seemed to feel for and sympathize with the forlorn and suffering strangers. Captain Ricketts, acting as a sort of commissioner of wrecks, gave his immediate attention to the cargo, busying himself in having it placed in a place of safety on the beach, and sheltered by a temporary shed. Dr. Ribs, on the other | lady's wishes had to be obeyed, but the hand, assuming to himself the office of master of ceremonies and dispenser of hospitalities, with all the pompous courtesy which he could command, gave the strangers a hearty welcome to Utopia, assured them that their condition should be rendered as pleasant as possible, and in companies of twos, threes, and fours, assigned them to the charge of his wealthiest neighbours. He himself was a boarder, he said, but in the name of his absent and generous host, he would take the liberty of offering the shelter of his roof and the hospitality of his board, to Robert and Alice Bladen, who, as he judged by their dress and manners, were of superior rank, and would be pleased to be within reach of a man of the Doctor's importance and refinement. Now, Miss Polly Dawson had just concluded to make a similar offer, and she attached herself vehemently to the girl, while Dr. Ribs fastened himself to the gentleman, while, perhaps, each one was mainly solicitous about the person who was to accompany the guest who was beset with entreaties. The young strangers-who were brother and sister, and were the same persons whose attachment for each other had been so conspicuous on the night preceding-could not agree as to the place where they should take up their temporary abode. Robert Bladen, pleased with the black eyes of the fair Polly Dawson, was for accompanying her, and indeed, took the liberty of distinguishing her with such compliments and marks of favour as fairly made her heart dance within her. His sister, however, filled with vague fears and suspicions, was unwilling to move from her present location, protected as it would be by the presence of the | tremely light, airy, and graceful, had not sailors. She had, too, ascertained, that | yet assumed its full proportions. She the clerk in the establishment was the person who had displayed so much gallantry on the night before ; and his conduct then, his face and manners, and hour's acquaintance, without having on those of his father, seemed to vouch for | his heart a sweet impression which long

the respectability of his employer. She wished, too, to be with some one of her own sex in whom she could confide, and such a one she thought she had found in the little daughter of Ricketts' new bride; a quiet girl, in whom the womanly sagacity, or whim of Alice, had quickly read an uncommon character. Of course, the belle of Utopia had no reason to complain of the ill success of her charms. She attracted the attention of Chester Rowton, a person of the most/elegant manners and distinguished air of any of those who had landed on the beach and a young gentleman who would have cut no mean figure in any circle. He looked not more than twenty-five, had a decided Norman cast of features, and though fastidious in dress and refined in conversation, seemed a thorough man of the world. His attentions to Polly Dawson were more playful, but not so marked as those of Robert Bladen, and in fact, he appeared so devoted to the latter's sister, that no other object could fix his serious regard. He at first desired to remain with her at Ricketts', but finding, or, seeming to find that the accommodations were not sufficient, he bade her a reluctant farewell, and accompanied the delighted beauty of the beach. His baggage was shouldered by the latter's father and brothers; the other strangers followed their respective hosts, and Walter Tucker and his father had now time to scan more closely the features of Bladen and his sister, and to learn something of their history and destination. The young man was a stout counterpart of his sister, with fine, curly, chestnut hair, an open, generous, confiding countenance, and the modest, manly demeanor of one who had not seen more than twenty summers, who had known little of the intrigues of courts, the corruptions of cities, or the general heartlessness of this world.

His sister could not have been more than sixteen years old, and there was yet in her manners much of the careless, artless girl, while her form, which was exwas not beautiful: no one thought her beautiful when he first looked at her face, and yet no one ever left her, after an

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

years would not erase. Truth, tenderness, and innocent vivacity sparkled in her light blue eyes; her face, which was not large, shone with a light so celestial, that no one could recollect the form of her features; while her voice, in all its various intentions, was always low, and soft, and musical. Though full of timidity and genuine modesty, she seemed an utter stranger to the artifices of her sex, and, indeed to many of the usages of society; and while in every word she spoke, in every act and look, motion and laugh, she | nished him with a shield as impervious was violating some cardinal rule of conventional etiquette, she was ever graceful, ever interesting, ever clothed in the dra- | He was, too, somewhat fluent of speech, pery of spotless purity. She and her and on all occasions, and all subjects, brother soon informed their entertainers. that they had relations in the Province of North Carolina-persons who stood high in the court of Governor Martin, where they intended first to go, and where it was the purpose of Chester Rowton to remain. Of this latter, who had greatly excited the curiosity of the elder Tucker, her with a history and description of the they seemed to know but little, except that he was of noble birth and enterprising character, and expected to find in North Carolina a field worthy of his genius and courage.

CHAPTER IX.

SCENES IN UTOPIA.

THE name of an individual becomes so identified with his character, that the two often seem to be remarkably well suited together, although we have the authority of Shakespeare for the assertion that there's nothing in a name. It may be so; but sometimes the name, even to a stranger, will convey a tolerably correct impression of the person who owns it; and such was certainly the case with regard to the beau of Utopia. His original Christian name was Timothy, which, while he was a boy, was always abbreviated into Tim; a designation which offended his vanity when he grew up to man's estate, and which he then changed to the more euphonious appellation of T. McDouald. The Ribs still remained. though somewhat enhobled by the aristocratic prefix, even as the protuberant ossifications of his body were rendered less

ridiculous by the dignity of his carriage. and the grace of his manners. In truth, the Doctor was essentially a man of bones; ay, of bones which, if found among fossil remains, would have puzzled the most skilful naturalist; while that part of him, through which it is said the evil one makes his approaches, was extremely meagre. By the benevolent wisdom of Providence, however, he was endowed with a high opinion of his personal attractions, and his egotism furto the shafts of ridicule, as the hide of a rhinoceros to the stings of a mosquitoe. mustered into service the high-sounding technicalities of his profession; a number of which he had picked up at various times, and stowed away in his memory. Taking it into his head to become desperately enamoured of Alice Bladen, he spent the Sabbath with her, entertaining region in which she was then placed. She was not displeased at his attentions, furnishing as they did food for mirth, while his knowledge of localities enabled her to gratify her curiosity in regard to the country and people of Utopia. Fascinated with the wild and desolate features of the place, each one of which was new to her, she spent the day in rambling about, imagining herself in the great desert of Zaharah, while a group of high, steep, bleak hills of loose and naked sand. on the sides of which, half naked, sunembrowned, and savage-looking children were climbing and tumbling, strengthened the illusion.

"What a sweet place !" exclaimed Alice, as she approached these hills; "how would I love to live here among the wild wandering Arabs, knowing no one, and no one knowing me or my language."

" The Arabs speak English," said Doctor Ribs, "though it's somewhat tinctured, as we doctors say; nor are they so wild as you suppose.'

Alice stretched her eyes, and some of the others looked curiously at each other, when the beau continued :

"I'm an Arab myself; not born here, it's true, but this is now my home, and I'm sure I'm as tame as a pet cat."

"What on earth do you mean?" ex

claimed Alice, astonished at the Doctor's language, and infinitely amused at his smirking manner.

"This place," said Walter Tucker, " is called Arabia, Miss Alice, and the Doctor thinks you are alluding to it, and not to Arabia proper."

"Arabia proper !" exclaimed the beau; " what do you know about this country? I 'spose you think that your own swampy country is better than this; but I'd have you know that this is as proper an Arabia as any in the world; and I ought to know, for I've travelled some."

"Were you ever in the East ?" asked Alice.

"This is east, Miss," replied the Doctor; "but I've been North as far as Currituck Inlet, and that's what few Arabs can say."

"I should think so," said Walter Tucker: at which Robert Bladen and his sister gave him a very pleasant look.

"And this is called Arabia,"* said Alice, after a pause; "it does, indeed, look like that country, which, from a child, has filled my imagination with romantic visions. Brother, please let's visit it."

"Wait till I am disappointed in love," answered he; and instantly observing a crimson flush on his sister's cheek, he continued: "I have heard it said by a wise old friend of ours, that the East possesses a peculiar fascination for disappointed lovers."

" And he might have added, for disappointed politicians also," said Walter;

* It may be proper here to make some explanation of the terms used in the preceding pages.

Arabia was a name sometimes applied to a portion of the beach of North Carolina; and the wreckers were called Arabs.

Sand-fiddler. A word which occurs in a preceding chapter, is the local name for a small animal of the shell-fish kind, and which abounds on the beach. Its motions are extremely odd and amusing; it never turns when it wishes to go in any direction, but will run sidewise or backwards; and when once it starts, no obstacle stops it. It will crawl up any thing in its way, and is, therefore the terror of ladies.

Pocosin is the Indian name for a small swamp, at least it is so applied in North Carolina.

There was something said of a snow bank in August: it is said that snow sometimes gets deeply buried in the sand, where it has been preserved until summer.

The anecdote about Ricketts and the corn-pen is founded on fact. A similar event actually happened.

"some how or other, whether it be from the pictures we see of it, or from some other cause, we have an opinion that it is a land of repose."

"I should not think that you learned that from its history," replied Bladen ; "for it has been the scene of mighty events, and terrible convulsions.

"And perhaps for that very reason," said Alice. "we think it to be a land of rest. It is like an old man, whose youth was agitated with a whirlwind of passion. until the strong energies of his nature were exhausted, and the was left without emotion, without love, or fear, or hope. ambition, envy, or hatred; a calm, quiet, contemplative spectator of the course of things. 'The passions, like a great sirocco, have swept over that land, and left it; and now, among its broken arches, its tottering columns, and its piles of ruins, is the most appropriate place to sit and think on the text of the Preacher, 'Vanity of vanities; all is vanity.""

"Truly, sister, you are no indifferent preacher yourself, and I hardly know what to think of you. Travel, and the excitement of new scenes, have wakened a new genius within you."

"I feel astonished at myself," said Alice; "for ideas which have long been floating indistinctly in my mind, have suddenly assumed distinct and palpable shapes; and what is more, I can express myself more fluently and eloquently than I formerly could."

"That reminds me of a figure which I have heard father use," spoke Walter Tucker; "he says, that when we are young, the knowledge of certain subjects is seen by the mind, as the eyes see a far off continent. For a long time there is before us the dim outline of a huge mass of something, we don't know what. Gradually it becomes more and more distinct: then we see the mountains, hills, and plains; and at last the country, with all its colours, shapes, and appearances lies before us."

"Did your father ever send you to school ?" asked Alice Bladen, looking at Walter with a kindly inquisitive look.

"He has taught me himself," auswered the lad; "and ever since I could read, I've been wanting to visit those countries about which you spoke. I should feel so free in those lonely deserts, and would have so much to think about while wan-

dering among ruins that look like the wreck of an old world. I have heard father say, that what they call the barbarous state, is the most natural state of mankind and that this is their first and last condition. He says that nations are like children: when they are infants, they are too innocent, and happy, and ignorant to care for those things which engage them in manhood; and when they are old, they are too wise. But however this be, I always had a desire to visit the East."

"And so have I now," said Robert Bladen, the party having reached the top of the highest hill, 4 I should like to go that way as far as my fatherland. See, sister, what a wide waste of water lies his crew were not so incredulous, and between us and our home !"

by it," answered Alice ; "for there are no hills, and houses, and countries between, and on the banks of this very | it was agreed that all the men should that water, stands our dear old house. It seems to me that I can almost see it in the far Horizon, peeping out from the trees that surround it. I do believe, in fact, I see something; yes, do but see, it's | leave, together with no small number of a ship, it's a ship! How small and white, Arabs, the sailors, and Captain Ricketts, and beautiful it looks ! One could almost imagine that it is the tiny and snowy a while the company were lively and barge of some little fairy, taking a plea- mirthful, but as the night waned and sure trip on the water."

"I had rather imagine it to be a vessel from home, and filled with our friends," said Robert. "I wonder if it will come near enough for us to hail it : let's hold out our handkerchiefs."

"That ship," said Doctor Ribs, " is many miles from here, and if it seems only as large as your hand, how do you suppose those on board can see your handkerchlef? It would be dangerous for it to come nearer than it is, though I have no doubt it is bound for Edenton or New Berne."

"I hope so," replied Robert; " and then we shall soon hear from home."

"It's only one day behind us, brother," said Alice, laughing.'

"No matter," answered Robert ; "it must have left since we did; and besides, you know we were unusually long on the route."

As if impatient to start off immediately for New Berne, whither he was bound, Robert Bladen now descended the hill, | ever a bad idea pops into your mind, you and with lim the rest of the company, may know Satan is about, and if every

who by this time, began to have an appetite for dinner.

CHAPTER X

UTOPIAN SPRITES.

THE captain of the lost vessel had. during the day which followed his disast ter, heard many strange reports about the frequent appearance and evil practices of witches and devils on the beach. He, himself, gave but little credit to these stories, which he considered as the offspring of ignorance and superstition; but most heartily wished themselves safely "But the sea seems to bring us close away. In the course of the evening, Chester Rowton and many of the Bankers, came to the head-quarters of Utopia, and night keep watch about the stranded goods. Accordingly, the air being cool, a fire was kindled on the beach, and Walter Tucker and his father, who had not yet taken his seated themselves about the cargo. For drowsy feelings came on apace, various kinds of amusement were proposed for the purpose of keeping themselves awake. Some were for a dance, there was a clamorous call for old Pocosin Dan, and his fiddle, but Tucker being averse to such sports on the Sabbath, desired to amuse the company with a story. "If you will keep silent," said he, " and listen to me, I will tell you a tale which I heard many years ago, and which concerns the very business we are on to-night."

"You must know," continued he, " that the Devil keeps watch in every man's heart, even as we are watching these goods, and the moment you begin to harbour an evil wish, he smiles upon you in the shape of some pleasing hope, pats you on the back and whispers in your ear, 'that's a bright thought, my good fellow; follow it up.' In this way a man may unawares make a bargain with the old enemy, and before he knows it, his soul will be sold and paid for. When-

31

32

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO

body would recollect this, and act accordingly, there wouldn't be so many sinners lost. Now it so happened that there once lived in England, in the old country, a very sprightly lad, whose name was Jack Hawser, and whose parents were very poor, but honest and pious. Of course, little Jack, from the time he was a child, looked with wonder and admiration at the rich people about him, and he was always thinking how happy he would assistance. Suddenly the stars and moon be if he only had a large sum of money. One day-Jack was then nearly a grown | rolled through | the air, almost touching man-the minister of the Parish took for the masts of the ships; the winds blew his text that passage of Scripture where it is asked, " What would it profit a man to gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" and at the conclusion of the discourse, he told his friends to go home and think of and answer in their own hearts. this solemn question, . Will you give your soul to God, to be saved by him in Heaven, or sell it to the Devil for wordly. gain ?' Jack thought a great deal on this | towards it, but the vessel, in turning, got matter, he argued it with himself, and into a trough of the sea, and a heavy every time he would argue it, the blessings of a large fortune would become more fell on her beam ends, and before they and more enticing. He wanted to be a could get into the yawl, several-in fact great merchant, and have ships at sea; and he thought at last, that he would sell other four came safely to the shore. landhimself for a little while, and after he had ing on this very beach, and having got to be rich and prosperous, he would nothing with them but the clothes which repent and join the church, and try to be saved. As soon as he came to this conclusion, he felt certain that he would find a sum of money in a certain place in this country; but as his parents would not let him go to sea, he ran away, went to Liverpool and there bound himself to the. captain of a merchantman, which was to sail with a rich cargo to America. Well, the vessel started, and young Jack Hawscr, in whom one evil deed prepared the way for another, began to reflect on the great amount of money the captain would receive for his goods, and how easy it would be to raise a mutiny in the ship and take it. He grew worse and worse; when he got to New York, spent all his little earnings for drink and lewd women, and by the time his master was ready to sail, had become a thorough villain. The captain had sold all his goods for money, and wishing to carry home a load of produce from the Southern provinces, set sail for the West Indies. The crew mutinied; the captain, mate, steward, and several sailors were put to death and pearance, and stripes of dark shade lined

thrown overboard, and Jack Hawser and his assistants became masters of the vessel and its contents. Then it was that Jack began to harbour more wicked designs, and to lay plots for the destruction of his companions, so that he might have the ship and all its money to himself. While he was thinking on this matter, he remembered the preacher's sermon, and wished that the devil might now come to his disappeared and terrible black clouds furiously, and the ship rolled and pitched among waves as big as the largest mountain. It got to be so dark too, that no one could see the face of his nearest neighbour : the rigging was torn like rotten threads, one of the masts fell with a terrible crash, and all seemed to be lost. when a great light appeared out to the West. The sailors endeavoured to steer squall striking her at the same time, she one half of the sailors were lost. The they had on. They were glad, however, to escape from the water on any condition, and next morning they began to roam over the sand in search of some habitation, and of something to eat.

"Jack Hawser, straying off from the others, was walking by himself, when suddenly a man, who had not, as Jack thought, come from any direction, was walking by his side. Jack looked at him, and he looked at Jack, at the same time smiling and telling him not to be afraid; though the young man could not but feel a strange sort of dread. His companion was plainly dressed, like an Englishman, and spoke very familiarly; but still he looked very mysterious, did not make any noise as he trod on the sand, and his voice sounded as if it came from a hundred miles off.

"There was a spice of malice, too, in his looks, and his smile made Jack shudder, and though he seemed charmed by the man's face and was obliged to look at it, it had a very strange and fearful ap-



JACK HAWSER AND THE STRANGER.

it, and it seemed to change from brown mouths, full of brains and mangled flesh. to white every instant, and then from still rubbing against his face, kissed and blue to livid, just like a piece of variable coloured silk. His teeth were monstrous large and white, and sharp, and his hair, which was of all colours, smelt of brimstone; and while his laugh made the from perdition, some wailing and groancold chills run over Jack, his eyes looked ing like men in the agonies of death. devilishly cunning and deep, bright and obseure, bold and double-meaning. Though | some howling, and some laughing, and close by Jack Hawser, he seemed to be millions of miles off, so far off and hidden were his thoughts, and feelings, and cats were mewing and fighting on his his nature and so little did he seem like back, and serpents, and slimy snails a man of earth. He walked, and moved crawling over his flesh. At last he tried his body and limbs as if they were made of air, and moved about of their own accord, without any sort of effort; and when he haid his hand on Jack's shoulder, it had a most unnatural feeling, different from any thing else in the world, and making Jack's hair rise on end, and his flesh shrink and quiver all over him. Jack knew it was the Devil, but he was afraid to say so, and so he held his peace till the Evil One told his business; advised him to kill his three companions, as soon as they went to sleep, and then that he steals off all the goods that are to look on a certain spot, near yon sand hills, and he would find a large heap | hills over there they disappear, and are of gold. Jack, glad to get rid of his new. acquaintance on any terms, promised to hell." follow the advice, and then the old Man vanished in an instant. That very day Jack Hawser proposed to the sailors, ing uneasily and suspiciously around after they had made a hearty meal on them, a sudden cry of horror and asfish, that they all take a sleep; but he tonishment turned all eyes to the pile of himself remained awake, and while his companions were all unconscious of what ble about as if making way for a bale at he was about, he took a large stone and the bottom, which, apparently, instinct smashed their heads, one by one, and then threw them into the sea. He then and dashed swiftly over the plain. The hurried off and found the gold where it astonishment and awe of the crew were was promised; a tremendous, large, glit- unspeakable, and even the Dovers and tering heap that made Jack dance for the captain of the lost ship began to feel senses, and in a sort of rapture, fell upon ply of grog was ordered, a stricter watch his knees to hug and kiss the bright coin, enjoined, and weapons prepared; but when suddenly he found in his arms a there was great conflict of opinion as to skeleton of fiery bones, and his lips the best mode of proceeding against the touched a raw and bloody head, the Evil One, and much doubt as to the proclotted gore besmeaning his face and priety of any plan proposed. At length hands, and betting into his mouth. He several hardy tars, armed with cutlasses. was nearly frozen with horror, and the and clubs, and emboldened by drink, more he tried to get away, the tighter | mounted the haunted pile, and swore were his arms drawn about the bones, they would follow it to the gates of purand the ghastly head, covered with eyes | gatory. They had scarcely seated themthat were balls of fire, with terrible selves, when one of them, finding him-

licked him with tongues that were spewing hissing serpents. All day and all night, Jack was tied to that frightful monster. some of its mouths growling like tigers some screaming piteously, like infants, mocking, and gibbering, squeaking, and screaming like ghosts, and witches, while to pray, but as his heart thought of God and Heaven, a loud clap of thunder shook the earth to its centre, and then a voice, crying out, 'you shall be a merchant in hell,' the howls and yells of ten thousand devils rent the air, and poor Jack Hawser disappeared in the vawning earth. still hugging and kissing, against his will, the monster with the bleeding and grisly head. Ever since that time the place where Jack's ship went down, is called 'The Devil's Toll Gate,' and it is said, stranded on the beach, and among those carried in mockery to the merchant of

As Pocosin Dan finished his story. and while the attentive sailors were lookgoods which began to move and tumwith life, glided from the rest of the cargo joy. He could hardly believe his own extremely uncomfortable. A new sup-

crying out, "clear the way! now for a a long, black rope was attached to the fair wind, and a smooth passage !" One tail of a horse, which, with a rider on of his companions at the same time him, was stationed at some distance from monnted behind him, and the others vociferously cheered, some crying, "Hoist the union, Jack, when you get to port;" some shouting, "Stand up for merry old England," and some urging them bravely to board the old pirate Devil, in the name of his sacred Majesty George the Third.

"Three cheers for England !" responded the hardy couple, as they started on their cruise, and away they were swiftly borne, one of them crying out as he glided over the sand, "Farewell, Devil Hills," and so designated in the messmates ! fifteen knots an hour for maps of the State. Davy Jones' Locker." In the course of an hour they returned, whooping and singing as they came, and bearing in triumph something between them, declaring, with all the rich expletives and | honestly, indignant at his practices, but emphatic oaths of the sailor's vocabulary, that they had slain and beheaded the moody humour. great Enemy of mankind.

The Bankers heard their exultations without any visible emotions, except that they looked anxiously at each other, pressed closely together, and spoke in hurried whispers. Their conduct was not unobserved, and soon the cause was known, for by the dim light of the fire they recognized the severed and ghastly head of one of their neighbours and friends, and that of a horse! The whole matter was a mystery to all but the language of the ladies, when speaking of Bankers, the two prominent actors being | their preferences (which their enemies as much in the dark as the others, and not unwilling to believe that they had not actually encountered a spirit of darkness. They could only relate that they had succeeded, near the neighbouring contrast in dress and manners. The hills, in lashing the goods on which they rode to a small tree, and that in a few minutes the Devil, in a sort of compound shape, with two heads, and a great variety of horns, legs, and arms, came upon them; that after a fierce and bloody battle, they had put him to death, and taken | in her seat, and at a respectful distance off his heads. Upon examination, the master and his friends found, that the Bankers had ingeniously played upon the superstitious credulity of the sailors, in order to conceal their own cunning and knavish tricks for the purloining of goods. They were in the habit of thieving, on such occasions, in pairs, and had often | but that of Puss?"

self moving, grasped his seat more tightly, | successfully used the following artifice : the cargo; the other end of the rope was provided with a hook, and this was carried and adroitly fastened to a bale of goods, which, of course, would soon disappear at the full speed of the horse. In this way had the Bankers been managing on the night alluded to in this chapter; but, nevertheless, some of the sailors were not satisfied with the solution, or at least, affected not to be, and to this day the hills where they performed this bloody exploit, are called, "The Kill-

> The Arabs affected to feel little for their hapless acquaintance, for whom they had all predicted a wretched end; Ricketts was particularly, and perhaps his neighbours withdrew in a rather

CHAPTER XI.

THE REAL UTOPIA.

WHILE some of the events recorded in the last chapter were occurring, Alice Bladen was amusing herself with the little daughter of Mrs. Ricketts. In the say are not always rationally to be accounted for) Alice took a liking to the child, and even treated her with familiarity, although they presented the greatest girl was simple as well as Alice, but diffidence, and a consciousness of social inferiority, caused her to be demure and taciturn. The two were in a rudely furnished room by themselves; the girl whom Alice had sent for, sitting stiffly from her companion, who at first found some difficulty in getting her to sit at all.

"What makes you so silent and reserved?" said Alice; "are you afraid of me ?"

" No, Miss;" replied the girl. "And you say you never had any name

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

"No. Miss." answered the girl, laughmg, and hanging her head ; "sometimes they call me Utonia : but I never heard of any other woman who was called that way;" and here she timidly and modestly laughed abain.

"It's algood name : the very name for you," said Alice : "and hereafter I will always call you by it. Would you like to learn to read ?"

"I can spell now; I can spell now. and mother says she hopes to learn me to read before next winter."

"Who made you, Utopia ?"

"God," said the girl, gazing earnestly at her questioner, with her light hazel eves beaming more confidently than usual.

"What ought you to do to make Him your friend ?'

"Never lie, nor steal, nor do a bad thing, and say my prayers every night and morning.

"And who taught you all this, Utopia?" "Mother," answered the girl, with a voice exceedingly fine and tremulous.

"Does she say her prayers ?" "I don't know, Miss ;" and she again hung her head, the blood almost burning her soft transparent cheeks.

"Would you not like to live with me, Utopia ?" asked Alice,

"If mother did, I would."

"Wouldn't you like to go without your mother, and learn to read and write, and be a fine lady, with nothing to do but knit and sew ?

"I'd rather live with mother."

At this instant the old negress announced that a gentleman wished to see Miss Bladen, who, with Utopia, went into another room.

"I hope I did not intrude improperly. and at an unreasonable hour, Miss Bladen," said Rowton, bowing respectfully.

"Certainly not," answered Alice : "why do you think it necessary to ask the question ?"

"You were up all night last night, you know, and I supposed you might wish to retire early to-night."

"I cannot sleep till I hear from the witches," replied Alice; "and by the way, why are you not watching on the beach? I never thought you afraid of spirits."

"I am not, nor do I believe in them," said Rowton: "and therefore it is that I

another place, I could guess who the witches are: but I will let time develope; in the mean time, may I have the pleasure of a stroll with you? A lover of nature like you, should now be on the beach for the night, and the scenes are beautiful, delicious beyond all description. I think if you have a heart at all, it must to-night be stirred with soft emotion."

" On such a night Stood Dido, with a willow in her hand. Upon the wild sea banks, and waved her love To come again to Carthag :"

said Alice, laughing; "and that I may not have to be a similar love-born lassie. telling tales to the cold moon and colder stars. I'll keep my heart to myself, for the present ; but of course I will walk with you; and come, Utopia, you must go with us."

"Whom do you call Utopia ?" asked Rowton, looking at the girl; "that's an odd name to hear in such a place.'

"And have you not heard that you are in Utopia-the happy Place that Philosophers have talked so much about ? We are now. I assure you, in that blessed abode, and here is its fairest gem, with no name but that of her country, and a pretty one it is."

"And why not leave this gem at home?" said Rowton. "I would prefer to have none of the Bankers with us."

"She's my friend, Sir, while I'm here," answered Alice, rather seriously; " and I choose to have her with me."

This reply froze, in his breast, many gallant speeches which the gay Englishman was about to utter : but he soon recovered himself, and his wit sparkled like the spray in the moonbeams.

"The ever-restless ocean !" exclaimed he, as he and Alice stood on the beach. the surf breaking at their feet. "The ever-restless waves of the ocean ! Often. for hours on hours, have I stood on the beach, when a boy, waiting for the waters to get calm ; but wave would still follow wave; and thus has it been since the first morning that smilled on the newly finished earth ! What a picture of human life and human progress! Thus nation follows nation in the same track, and passes away, after having run the career of folly which its predecessor ran, and been dashed on the sands and rocks, where it was broken and lost. Every am not watching for them. If I were in thing in nature is under a curse; it would

almost seem that an evil demon rules in love Utopian beauties," replied Alice, the affairs of the world."

earth was cursed for his sake," said Alice; "but there is a promise, and it will be fulfilled. All things admonish us that are watching for ghosts; Alice, you seem there is a temporary state of probation and suffering, and an eternal rest for the good and faithful. Oh, how full of sweet meaning is the language of St. Paul, when he says, 'it remains then that there is rest for the people of God ;' rest from toil, and labour, and want, and hunger; rest from the tongue of slander and detraction ; rest from the slings and arrows of outrageous fortune, from the stings of conscience, the strifes and artifices of ambition, envy, hatred, and avarice ; rest from doubt and fear, and the horrors and phantoms of a mind diseased ! I've often wished that I was a preacher; how eloquent I could be on the text I've quoted !"

"I never heard his grace of Canterbury more impressive," answered Rowton; "but with much fewer words, and much less eloquence, you can convince me (and only you can do it) that your first proposition is true. Excuse me-but how can you have the hardihood to say that faith and perseverance will be rewarded? Now do you not know a case that contradicts you ?"

"Indeed, I do not," said Alice.

"Is it possible you have forgotten! Do you not recollect a certain gentleman who loved with ardour and wooed in honour a certain lady ? Has he not for months and years shown his tenderness. his constancy, his devotion, in a thousand different ways? Did he not for her sake forsake the flowery paths of pleasure--bid adieu to the blandishments of Court, and spurn its favour-forego a bright career of ambition, and a glorious meed of fame-yea, tear himself from home and kindred, and brave the perils of the deep for her sake? Is she not the breath of his nostrils-the object of his unceasing thoughts, the being who is inextricably twined about his heart, connected with all his dearest hopes, and holds his happiness and his destiny in her own keeping? And yet-without any assigned cause-without a pretended reason she is ever callous to his sufferings, and sees with indifference his heart crushed and bleeding at her feet?"

laughing; "but the case is not in point. "Of course man was cursed, and the But if it were, it is not altogether as you stated it-hush ! what is that ?"

"Only the noise of those revellers who to be jealous, but-"

"Not in the least, I do assure you, Mr. Rowton," said she; "you are entirely mistakon-Utopia, Puss! where is the child? Please, Mr. Rowton, let us go to the house, for I know something has happened. Oh, my dear brother! I wish I could see him safe !"

Her wish was gratified; for he was at the house as soon as she and her companion, and to her great horror, related what had happened by the stranded cargo, and what the reader already knows.

CHAPTER XII.

NEW BERNE.

THERE are few places in the world more pleasant to the man of taste than the city of New Berne, in the month of May or June. There is about it a grave and mystic air of antiquity, that at once conjures up a thousand dim recollections and fancies of the remote and misty past; the green foliage of elms and forest trees, and the gay blossoms of an endless variety of shrubs and plants, and thick clustering wines, blend the charms of nature with the beauties of art; the placid Trent, and stately Neuse, half circling the shady old town with a silver cincture, glide quietly together on its east, their united waters, expanding into a broad bay, whose serene, smooth face, unfurrowed by steam-belching monsters, is ever wreathed in smiles by the ripple of light canoes and white winged ships. If unfavoured by the muses, the sister graces, at least, have all been dwellers there, and the people, like the lawn, show in their manners and conduct, that education and refinement were intended, not to destroy, but to prune the wild luxuriance of nature and direct her rude energies to good, useful, and benevolent purposes. The soft and balmy climate of this region, and the promise which its waters gave of a safe, capacious harbour, and thriving com "It still can study pretty speeches, and merce, convenient as it was to the great

Occum river, or as it is now called Pamlico Sound, endeared it to some of the first discoverers, and soon it became the centre of a wealthy and refined community and ultimately the seat of the royal government.

There were originally, in North Caroline, three settlements, or counties, that of Cape Fear, of which Wilmington became the head; Albemarle, of which the largest town was Edenton, and Bath. which was between the two former, and the capital of which, New Berne, was nearly equidistant from Edenton and Wilmington. This last, as stated, become the seat of government, and here in former times was held a court whose splendours were unmatched by any thing of the kind on the American continent. North or South. It was the subject of praise and wonder far and wide; it even drew forth admiring tributes from the pens of philosophers, and the lips of travelled scholars, and, considering the times and the country, seemed to many the work of enchantment. Such in fact it really was, for what alchymic art or wizard's wand so potent as a fair and graceful woman? In those days, legislative assemblies representing as they mostly did, poor and discontented constituencies, were stubborn and parsimonious, but what was beyond the power of manly eloquence and persuasions, of official corruption and patronage, was easily accomplished by female wit and blandishment. In the beauty and accomplishments of his wife and sister, the famous Esther Wake,* Governor Tryon found his most able assistants; and these subduing the hearts and understandings of a refrictory assembly, obtained from it appropriations which were applied in the erection of a palace, that should have stood a monument of the gallantry of North Carolina gentlemen, and of the charms and excellence of Carolina ladies.

CHAPTER XIII. NEW CHARACTERS.

THE Governor's palace in New Berne had not been provided with a throne; but there were, in its place, two chairs

* See note to the following chapter xiii.

of State, two large arm-chairs of mahogany, richly carved and cushioned, and on the back of one of which were blazoned the arms of England, and on that of the other, the armorial bearings of the lords proprietors. These seats having become offensive from their constant and pompous use by Governor Tryon, were seldom occupied by his more prudent successor, Josiah Martin, who avoided that arrogant assumption of royal state which had rendered his predecessor so obnoxious to censure and ridicule.* On one occasion, however, their public exhibition became indispensable and appropriate ; and on one of them sat, or rather half reclined with indolent grace and dignity, a fair looking lady, royally attired in rich blue robes, on which and on her head were glittering a profusion of costly and magnificent jewels. The Governor stood uncovered and respectfully by her right; on her left sat his lady, on a more humble seat, while the hall was crowded

* The beauty and accomplishments of Esther Wake, sister-in-law of Governor Tryon, (predecessor of Governor Martin,) were long celebrated in North Carolina, and it was in honour of her that Wake county was named. It is said, that it was through her influence with the leading members of the Assembly the Governor obtained appropriations for the crection of the magnificent palace which he built in New Berne. Of this palace, Martin, (afterwards Chief Justice of Louisiana,) says in his History of North Carolina :

"The building was superior to any of the kind in British America; and the writer of this history, who visited it in 1783, in company with the late renowned and unfortunate Francisco de Miranda, heard that gentleman say it had no equal in South America."

It was dedicated to Sir William Draper, the conqueror of Manilla, who was on a visit to Governor Tryon's, and who was said to be the author of the following lines inscribed over, the principal door in the vestibule :

"Rege pio, felix, diris inimica tyrannis, Virtuti pus aedes libera terra dedit.

Sint domus et dominus saeclis exempla futuris, Hic artes, mores, jura, legesque colant.

Which are thus translated :

In the reign of a monarch whose goodness disclosed

A free, happy people, to dread tyrants opp_sed. Have to virtue and merit erected this dome ; May the owner and household make this the

loved home Where religion, the arts, and the laws may

invite

Future ages to live, in sweet peace and delight."

Martin's History, vol. ii. pp. 265, 268

with a gay and well dressed audience of] ladies and gentlemen. Each one of these latter was presented by the Governor to the lady with the diamonds, the Lady Susannah Carolina Matilda, sister to the Queen of Great Britain, and tin, "from England, and by her I have, whose hand each new comer kneeled and kissed with reverential courtesy. A eringing servility to power formed no part of the character of the North Carolina gentry, but they were, nevertheless, a royal people, much attached, at one time, to the person of George the Third, and ready to exhibit, without meanness, a proper respect for royalty, especially when represented by a fair, and gracious, and graceful woman. The Governor's guest, the Lady Carolina, was such a person, and her first levee was crowded with the beauty, wit, fashion, and worth childless, maternal uncle. Sir Charles of the gay town of New Berne, and its vicinity. Lawyers and statesmen, generals and demagogues, hastened to do her honour, and being looked on as the door to royal favour, she was soon surrounded with an atmosphere of intrigue, and hundreds of plots and plans began to hatch. When the hour for the reception of visiters had passed, she turned to her honoured host, and with a playful condescension said, "Here, take your seat, Mr. Martin, I'm tired of state already, and must go and gossip with your lady about the company we have seen. Bless me, how I should dislike to be a queen !" "I must ask the favour of your ladyship to sit a moment longer," replied the Governor, bowing, "and honour me with your opinion touching a weighty matter just come to hand."

"I'm a poor statesman, and a poorer politician," returned the lady, "but what little wisdom I have is at your service, provided you will be brief, Monsieur Governor, and provided, further, you have no long winded grievances to present from some assembly of rustic and indignant patriots."

. ---- The subject matter falls properly under your jurisdiction," said Martin, " for certainly your Ladyship should be the supreme arbiter in the court of Cupid."

"A love matter is it ?" asked Carolina Matilda, with animation ; " upon my soul this is a singular subject to bring before his majesty's Governor of Carolina. Of course I will hear the case if it be ever so long; and trust me, let it he as dubious | gence.

and knotty as it may, your good lady here, and myself, will make a most rightcous award. Proceed, for I have a woman's curiosity."

"A vessel has just arrived," said Maramong others, received a packet of letters from a friend of mine in London. By these I am informed, first, that there has long been a contract of marriage between Chester Rowton and Alice Bladen, by her guardian, Sir Charles Yeamons,* an old gentleman of character and rank, in England. It seems that the lady and her brother are the orphan children of Colonel Robert Bladen, who was killed in battle, and whose widow has long since deceased. These young people were adopted, raised and educated by their Yeamons, and he, wishing to do a good part by them, offered to Alice a match entirely worthy of her in every respect. Secondly, the young lady was perverse and whimsical, and though she had at her feet one of the richest and handsomest courtiers in the kingdom, she was blind to her own interest and happiness, and very absurdly refused to love her guardian's friend and favourite. Lastly, when she arrived at a proper age, her uncle determined to consummate her happiness against her will, and accordingly informed her, that as soon as his gout got easy, he would present her with a dashing husband. Hereupon the silly thing sheds a flood of tears, and utters a torrent of supplications; and finding those of no avail she persuades her brother to fly with her to foreign parts. The young couple were traced to a vessel bound for the Cape Fear, and what is the most singular of all, Chester Rowton took passage in the same ship. It is supposed that by some means he got wind of his sweetheart's intentions and concealed himself on board until the vessel was under way, and this is the only part of the whole matter from which old Sir Charles Yeamons can extract the least consolation. I am desired to search for

* There was a Sir John Yeamons, a real character, who was Governor of South Carolina--one of the first settlers on the Cape Fear. He was one of the ancestors of the Waddells; a fa mily distinguished in the annals of North Carolina, for its patriotism, public spirit, and intelli-

the fugitives, or to cause search to be in- despises the man whom they would force stituted, and if possible, send them back upon her. For my part, I feel much for to England. A power of attorney is also | the poor damsel, and I think, husband, inclosed, anthorizing me to act for the your proper course will be to find out guardian, and I am conjured to be vigi- where she abides; and see if she is lant and faithful."

of which I ever heard or read," said the duty is to seek her out, and my heart Queen's sister; "but my mind is made | misgives me, that she may be in want." up; let the lady follow her own inclinations. It is an old point, settled by numberless adjudications, that woman's heart influence over you, Monsieur Governor, is not to be bought or sold; and certainly it shall never be said of me, that I countenanced any such attempt."

that is not the question for me to consider. According to the laws of the realm, the guardian has control over the person of his ward, and no one can doubt the right of Sir Charles Yeamons to carry back his neice: Now, am not I substituted in his place, and is it not my duty to hunt out this erring damsel and restore her to her friends ?

"By ho means," said the governor's lady ; ' no one has the right of imposing a duty on you against your will; at least no one but our gracious sovereign. The guardian has empowered you to act in his place; you have not accepted that power, and whether you should accept it or not is a mere question of propriety.' "Spoken like a lawyer," exclaimed Carolina Matilda; "I see, Monsieur Governor, you and your lady are no exception to the general rule. She is your better half, and I'm sure you'll not have the ill grace to deny it.'

"Certainly not," answered the governor, "never shall I deny her the just praise for wisdom and goodness which is her meed. But admitting that it is a question of propriety, what am I to do ? According to the evidence before me, I do not see that the lady will suffer any especial hardship if she is returned, while it cannot be denied that young, wayward, and poor as she is, she is no fit person to be wandering among strangers, far from home, and with no friend but an inexperienced brother.

Mrs. Martin, "to be forced to vow, before Heaven, to love, cherish, and obey | "but alas !" said she, "my brother has for life, a man whom you hate? for I | discovered our inclinations, and he is bit-

among friends and has means, and if so, "A hard case, truly; like all love cases | let her remain where she is. Our first

"Those are my sentiments precisely." said Carolina Matildaj; " and if I have any let me command you to take counsel of your lady in this matter, and to act under her advice. Believe me, none but a wo-"With submission," spoke Martin, man is a proper judge in such a case. "it seems, in my humble judgment, that And now, if nothing further claims our attention, we will adjourn the council."

CHAPTER XIV.

LIFE IN UTOPIA.

WHILE the conduct and situation of the Bladens were the subjects of discussion at the Governor's palace, that young lady, unconscious of the interest she had excited elsewhere, was amusing herself with the people and affairs of Utopia. Every morning before she was up, (and she was an early riser,) she was greeted by the little daughter of Mrs. Ricketts, and presented by her with a bouquet of newly gathered flowers; after this she was alone for a while with her brother, and then she gave audience to Dr. Ribs. Rowton for several days was absent, and it was during his absence that the beau pushed his fortunes in the court of Cupid with vigour and despatch. When he first divulged his sentiments to Alice, she listened to him with attention, feeling a strong disposition to indulge in mischief at the Doctor's expence. He was made to understand that the manly beauties of his person had made a favourable impression. and that his flowing locks especially were the object of admiration. It was hinted, however, that they were not of the right colour; and accordingly they were tinged with a hue so fiery red, that the children "Do you call it no hardship," asked | fled affrighted from the owner's presence. Alice was charmed with his appearance, take it for granted the girl by this time | terly opposed to the match which you

42

"Fear not for mc, dear madam," said Dr. Ribs, trembling in his limbs; "no man will dare to interfere with me. All the people are afraid of me, and well they may be, for I'm not one to be trifled with, I assure you, madam."

"There is but one way to avoid difficulty," replied Alice ; " you must lull his suspicions by the tonsure."

"The tonsure ? what is that ?" asked the beau; "I never administered one in my life, though I have no doubt some doctors would use it to serve their ends."

"It won't hurt him," answered Alice; "nor you either, for I will be the only sufferer. Brother knows my attachment for long red hair, and he will suspect you until you shave your head. I dislike to ask such a favour, but I'm sure you'll oblige me, or rather disoblige me in one respect, to gratify me in another. I must quit seeing you, or your hair on, and you know which I would choose."

The doctor looked a little aghast at the request; but finally assuring Alice that her will was his law, besought her to be Robert Bladen, who had stolen up behind herself the executioner of his offending locks. She shrank from the task, and her lover left her to return in the evening with a head so denuded of its former capillary glory, as to excite the horror of every beholder. The lady's next freak was to cause the beau to besmear his face with paint, and to draw in bright colours a large turkey gobbler on each cheek, so as to resemble an Indian chief. Thus she amused herself[®] from day to day, causing the doctor's friends to regard him as a lunatic, until a new thought occurred to her. There was to be a shooting match near the house of Ricketts, the prize being a bale of goods which the old Banker wished to dispose of. Such exercises of skill were common in the neighbourhood, those who engaged in them paying so much for each chance or shot, and the owner of the prize generally getting two prices for his goods; for men in all countries have a propensity for gambling. As soon as Alice heard of the proposed trial of skill, she communicated her wishes in | you must learn to sing, and I'll kiss you regard to a certain matter, to Dr. Ribs; and he, treasuring her instructions, pro- it a bargain ?" The girl hung her head mised faithfully to carry them out. Hav- and made no answer; and Alice asked

propose. He has even made threats of | ing arranged this matter, and full of the of tournament, Alice approached her little gossip Utopia, on the subject.

"We must all choose us a beau for the occasion," said she to the girl; "whom do you select?"

"I don't know what you mean, Miss Alice," said the girl. "Who is your sweetheart, then ?" in-

quired Alice.

"I don't know," replied Utopia, laughing, and hanging her head.

"Don't you like some one better than you do the others ?"

"I like mother best."

"Whom next?"

"You, I reckon," said the girl, still

laughing with confusion.

"And whom next?" asked Alice.

"I don't know."

"Tell me now truly," said Alice; "did you ever have a sweetheart?"

"I never thought about it," answered Utopia, her head drooping on her breast, and her cheeks burning with blushes.

"I know who's your sweetheart," said Alice ; "it is the little Pocosin."

"What's the little Pocosin?" asked his sister.

"The sweetheart of Utopia," answered Alice; although she won't acknowledge it."

"You're giving her to the wrong man," said Robert; for she's my intended. If I win you at the shooting match, may I have you, Utopia ?"

"I don't know what you mean," said the girl.

"Well, I'll tell you," replied Robert; "I'm going to take three chances at the match, and if I win the goods, I'll give them to you, and you must give yourself to me in return. Won't you?"

"I don't know, Sir," said the girl.

"What will you give me, then ?"

"I have no use for the goods."

"Well, I'll do this : if I win, I'll sell the goods for money, and give it to you, and you must kiss me and learn to read. Next year I'll give you another guinea, and you must let me kiss you again, and must learn to write; next year after that again, and give you another guinea. Is UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

her buildr how he was going to fulfil his part of the contract when he would forget who he is." be so far away from his little protege.

Utopia ?" asked Robert Bladen.

"If mother will," answered the girl.

"I'll find a way to send you the monev." said Robert Bladen; "and now into the head of Dr. Ribs ?"

"That renowned and incomparable cavalie," answered Alice, "shall appear to-morrow in a manner worthy of himself and his former fame. I have desired him to dress and act in the character of survive his appearance, we'll never forget it."

"For my part," said Robert, "I think vou have carried the joke far enough, and I already feel uneasy for fear he may find out the tricks you have put upon him."

"Never, never," exclaimed Alice ; "all the world, myself included, could not convince him that I don't love him to distraction. What a blessing is egotism !"

"It is, indeed," said Robert, " and the best of it is, Providence has kindly bestowed it most freely on those who are the least attractive in the eyes of others." "Walter said he was going to shoot for you, said Utopia to Alice.

"Going to do what ?" asked Alice, with

a voice and manner somewhat equivocal. "He said," answered the girl, "that he wouldn't shoot for the goods; but if they were to put you up he'd take a hand." And hereat the girl laughed more than usual.

"Master Walter is pert," exclaimed Alice, "and needs a lecture. Bring him to me this moment, I can't st till I clip his vanity."

"He meant no harm," said Utopia.

"Bring him to me," replied Alice; "he's a hopeful lad, truly."

"He says you must please to excuse him, as he's busy," said Utopia, returning from her mission.

" How great he's grown !" cried Alice. colouring; "too busy, is he ? That boy is getting impudent."

Utopia, "and that he was just in fun." "Sister," spoke Robert, "I see no

reason why you should be displeased with Walter ; in fact, I think you ought to feel flattered by his preference."

"His preference! Truly brother, you

" The admiration of an humble Banker "What, ain't you going with us, is, as a mere tribute to beauty, as valuable as that of a noble lord. Besides, he has generous feelings, and you ought not wantonly to hurt them '

"Then he ought to keep his feelings sister, what new foolery have you put in their proper place," replied Alice; "I have no desire to wound them, unless he make himself ridiculous."

" "He says he feels ridiculous now," said Utopia, laughing again.

"Worse and worse ! exclaimed Alice. "This noble youth first condescends to an Indian chief, and I think if we can offer to gamble for me, and then feels ashamed of himself for having shown such regard ! Poor lad, let him enjoy his vanity."

CHAPTER XV.

A TOURNAMENT IN UTOPIA.

THE females, as well as males, attended in large numbers the "shooting match" at Utopia, and among them came Miss Polly Dawson, escorted by Chester Rowton. She seemed by no means vain of her brilliant conquest. Nor did she manifest the least symptom of jealousy during the day, although Rowton devoted himself almost entirely to the English beauty.

" I have seen the day," said he to Alice Bladen, "when I should not have ranked myself as second to any marksman in Europe."

"I should be happy to see a specimen of your skill to-day," replied Alice, "and I hope you will gratify my desire."

"Become a competitor of these rustic loons !" exclaimed Rowton : " surely, Miss Bladen, your estimation of me must have fallen, low as it was before."

"It was not, Mr. Rowton, because I supposed you a fit associate of these men," said Alice, "that I wished to see you engaged in their sports. Our time begins to hang heavy on our hands, and "He says he meant no harm," said I think each one is bound to contribute all he can to the general amusement."

"I might reply, that you have not so acted," answered Rowton, " but I'll drop that for the present. I hereby offer myself your servant, ready to minister to

your pleasure in any way that you will Bladen, who was as good as his word, be pleased to direct."

At this moment several voices called attention to an object advancing from the north, and all eyes turning in that direction, beheld, distinctly marked upon the clear horizon, a strange and portentous figure. On it came at a rapid gait, the sailors half believing it to be a bodiless apparition, and it even filled the Bankers with amazement and dread, until its near approach disclosed the person of Dr. Ribs. A bear-skin, ornamented with a scarlet band, and a plume of turkey feathers, was twisted about his head; from his waist up he was covered with a closely fitting shirt, on which was painted a whole menagerie of beasts, birds, and reptiles; shorts made of untanned and uncurried deer skin, pinched his legs as far down as his knees, and from these to the soles of his feet, he was protected only by a thick coat of red paint, with spiral stripes of black and white. A quiver of arrows hung upon his shoulders, on his left arm he carried a bow, and parallel with his horse's neck, lay a wooden lance in rest.

"Squee-oo!" he shouted as he galloped up, "clear de way for de big Chowanoc! Squee-ou-oo!" continued he, as he swiftly circled round the astounded group. "Je-whoop-ee de Chowanoc!" and with this he let fly an arrow, aimed at a distant tree, but which went wide of the mark, and struck Captain Ricketts in the back with such a force that he bounded into the air with a nimbleness which astonished himself.

"Squee-oo !" again shouted the motley cavalier, as he poised his lance and started on another circuit, to the consternation of all on the beach. "Squee-hee!" Squee-devil !" cried a sailor, springing at the bridle of the doctor's horse, and stopping the animal so suddenly, that the rider tumbled off. "Squee-devil and all his angels till ve! Ye should come to an anchor when yer rudder's gone." The crowd were of the same opinion, and the unlucky beau, notwithstanding the interposition of Alice Bladen, was kept a close prisoner, until the shooting was over. He swore, chafed, and begged to as little purpose, as if he had been talking in the original Chowanoc, and to She excited no envy-she was too small, his inexpressible grief, another carried and meek, and obscure for that-but no off the prize. That other was Robert cheers greeted her coronation, and the

Bladen, who was as good as his word, handing Utopia a guinea, and when he found a secret chance, imprinted on her burning lips a kiss, while her heart seemed to be violently struggling to force its way through her bosom.

The doctor was now released, and burning with a desire to show his skill before his mistress, he declared himself the best horseman in the company, and proposed immediately to put his powers to the proof by riding to the top of one of the neighbouring sand-hills. They (the hills) were some fifty feet high, steep and composed entirely of loose sand, but the doctor's boast, so far from being considered extravagant, excited at once a general emulation. Various rewards were proposed, and finally it was agreed that the first who accomplished the ascent on horseback, should receive a wreath of flowers, and the lady to whom he presented them should be considered the Queen of love and beauty in all Utopia. Every horseman now whipped and spurred his animal at a furious rate, and soon the sides of the highest hill were covered with steeds and riders rolling over each other and covered with sand. Even Rowton, famous for the grace and ease with which he managed his horse, despaired at last of accomplishing the feat, and it was declared on all sides to be impossible. At this juncture the little Pocosin, who had not before shown himself, appeared, and ascending with his pony to the top of the hill, which so many had tried, made him leap from that to another, and then come down in safety. Immense was the applause excited by the performance of this extraordinary feat-great were the end miums bestowed on Waltear, still greater those showered on his pony, which now received a large addition to its already extensive catalogue of names. The men clustered about the horse-the only and much beloved horse of Captain Ricketts-+ the girls gazed pleasingly at Walter, towards whom every female face, with one exception, was turned all wreathed in gracious smiles. Even Alice Bladen looked kindly at him, but he heeded her not, and going straight to the girl by her side, little Utopia. placed on her head the wreath of flowers,



UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

awkward ad who had singled her out, left her without saying a word, and taking his employer aside, told him something that seemed to affect him much.

neighbours, Wild Bill's about !"

This simple and mysterious announcement produced a sudden and singular effect on the Bankers, among whom every other subject seemed to be instantly forname of "Wild Bill" was repeatedly these stories are sustained by a very pronounced.

Alice Bladen, and even her brother, though ignorant of the cause of excitement, caught the contagion and became alarmed, nor were their fears entirely allayed by what they heard from Chester Rowton. "And is it possible," said he addressing himself particularly to Alice Bladen, "that you have been here so long and heard nothing of Wild Bill, the terror of the surrounding country ?"

Alice anxibusly; "tell us at once, for this suspense is intolerable."

ter, and has put his owner, the courts. and the government at defiance. He lives in the swamps, and in hidden and artificial into the crowd, which hearing a part of caves in the sand, and is, according to traand black, and whose ravages extended for | increased by the shrieks and cries of the many miles along the coast, and far up into the settlements. For years they have been the terror of the people beyond the Sound, as well as of the simple inhabitants of this beach, who keep for him a regular watch, and hoist signals along the sand to warn each other when he is supposed to be near."

"Has he been seen lately?" asked Alice; "where is he, and what has he dong to cause the excitement?"

"Whether he has been seen or not, what he has done and where he is," replied Rowton, "no one knows; they only know that the signal is up, and the whole may be a false alarm. The truth is, Bill and his exploits have become apocryphal, and though no one can, of his own knowledge, testify to the horrors of his appearance, or even that there is such a being, yet, like the Evil One, he

ble traditions, has been endowed with the attribute of ubiquity, and is the constant theme of old women, children and imaginative men, the mysterious and dread-"Gentlemen and neighbours," cried importing 'they say,' always prefacing the old man, excited; gentlemen and the narrative of his dark deeds and darker looks. Thus has his name become a spell that conjures up a thousand vague fears and monstrous fancies, and the cry of 'Wild Bill,' even in the upper settlements, scares the farmer from his gotten, while their manner and speech fields, and hurries home the lagging betraved not a little trepidation, as the school-boy. For my own part, I believe slender foundation of truth, and as to Bill's being,"-

"What stories is them you speak of?" asked a Banker, who had approached, and whose looks indicated that his imagination was fearfully awake, and his power of hearing, just then, intensely acute.

"To the stories of Wild Bill, your great bug bear," replied Rowton. "What do they say he's done?" inquired the "Who is he, and what is he? asked man, becoming more excited. "Is the Great Bug Bear with him? I shouldn't be surprised if there's forty of them, and "He is a negro," answered Rowton, they say they're all armed with muskets, "who years ago ran away from his masbe done !" and with this, and without waiting for an explanation, he rushed his story, and catching all his fears, was dition, the head of a band of outlaws, white stricken pale with fear, its terrors being women and children.

The captain of the lost ship and his' sailors, though sharing little of the dread that paralyzed the majority, were still at a loss what to do, and Chester Rowton and old Ricketts showed themselves the master spirits of the occasion. They, and they only, retained their self-possession; they harangued and exhorted the crowd, and having recovered it from its confusion, and hushed the cries of the women, endeavoured to organize a system of defence. The cargo-the object of solicitude with the sailors, was to be guarded by them-the Bankers, generally, under the command of Captain Ricketts were to station themselves at the house of a poor man in the neighbourhood, and Rowton, with a few resolute Utopians, and the little Pocosin, were to go in quest of the object of terror. In explanais the hero of a thousand dim and terri- tion of this system, Ricketts declared,

48

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO

that he, being the richest man in the came restless, uneasy, and finally alarmcountry, he had no doubt Wild Bill was aiming for his house; that he would remove his goods and effects, and leave his faithful old negress to watch, and that she would secretly bring word to him while Bill was rioting with his companions on a few kegs of liquor which would be left for him, and thus he would fall an easy prey to the Bankers. The women were to go with Ricketts, and as the place where he proposed to station himself was distant only a mile from the cargo, it was supposed that his party and the sailors could readily assist each other in case of an attack. This plan met with general approbation; but a few, consisting of Robert Bladen, his sister, the wife of Ricketts, and the little Pocosin, utterly refused to sanction it. Alice and her brother could not be induced to leave the immediate neighbourhood of the sailors, and Mrs. Ricketts, her little daughter, and Walter, declared they would keep them company. Persuasions and entreaties were used in vain; but old Ricketts, as he supposed, had a right to enforce the obedience of his own household, and accordingly, his wife and stepdaughter were compelled to follow him. As to Walter, he resolved to die before he would accompany the scouting party, and he was finally permitted to accomnany Ricketts. The Bladens firmly adhered to their determination of remaining near their English friends, and their wishes were reluctantly granted, but Rowton asked in vain for permission to keep them company. His coolness and energy had made themselves felt among the Bankers, whose leader, by unanimous consent, he had now become ; and thus, after many tender and half whispered in danger of what?" protestations, he took a sorrowful leave of his wilful mistress and her headstrong brother.

CHAPTER, XVI.

HE ESCAPE FROM UTOPIA.

THE sun was setting when the Bankers separated, and as the twilight began to deepen into darkness, an uncomfortable sensation crept over Alice Bladen and her brother. The former especially be- | ger, and where are we to go ?"

ed, nor could she dispel her fears, although she could not account for them. A full knowledge of her situation revealed itself to her; she remembered her position, a stranger, with only one near friend, on a foreign and bleak coast, and among a rude and barbarous people. The water hemmed her in on every side, and it was a sheet on which no ship could ride in safety; she was without companions of her own sex, and she was, too. likely to be in such a place under the protection of one to whom she wished to owe no obligations. Her brother in vain combated her thick-coming fancies, and to a late hour they promenaded from the cargo to their late residence, talking of home and the recollections which it awakened. While they were thus engaged, they descried objects moving on the sand, and the lady was nearly petrified with terror, when a familiar voice pronounced her name. It was the little Pocosin who spoke, and who, after being answered that no one was near but Bladen and his sister, informed them that his companion, Utopia, had something of importance to communicate. Alice was delighted to meet with the girl, almost forgetting her fears in the presence of one of her own sex in whom she confided; nor did the girl seem less pleased at the meeting; but her mission was urgent, and she proceeded at once, and in the most simple manner, to tell the object of her visit.

"Mother says you must leave very quick," said she, addressing herself to Alice; "you must go right off, for you're in danger."

"Go where ?" exclaimed Robert; and

"I don't know, sir," answered Utopia: "I don't know what the danger is; but you must go off as soon as you can, with Walter."

"Merciful Heaven !" cried Alice : "I knew it, I knew it! Oh, what shall I do?" "Knew what!" asked her brother. "Come, sister, don't let your fears unnerve you until you know what to be afraid of. Tell me, in brief, sir," continued he to Walter, "the cause of this visit; for the girl hardly seems to know what she is about. Who sent you herewhat did you come for-what is the dan-

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

"I came at the request of Mrs. Ricketts, and this little girl," replied Walter, "and you are to go with me to my father's. What the danger is, this girl only knows; that is, she and her mother."

"Mother's other husband-uncle lke I call him," said the girl, came to me, and asked me if I wasn't a friend of yours. and I told him I was.- And can you keep a secret?' said he. I told him yes. "Will you swear to keep it a secret?"

"Oh, balderdash !" exclaimed Bladen; "come to the point at once, and never mind this rigmarole."

"Yes, sir," said Utopia, meekly. "Brother," said Alice, "you are too harsh; go on, Utopia, and tell your story in your own way."

keep it a secret from every body but ing selected two of his most faithful men vou." continued the girl; "and mother | to carry their baggage. The utmost sepromise. Then he used a very bad word, | they cautioned to hurry back, and reveal and said there was a scheme on foot toto do you harm, and told me to let you place of the persons whom they were to know of it as soon as possible."

Alice quickly.

never said, only that you would be carried off, and your brother and Walter killed. He said he couldn't tell me any more; and when I told mother, she said she expected something, and made me ready."

"Å pretty tale," exclaimed Robert, "a pretty tale, truly ! And who, I should like to be informed, is to vouch for Wal- | road, and the morning found her weary ter's fidelity? I would trust you, my little sweetheart, and I know that you are honest in all you say; but you have been imposed on, that's clear; and I suspect this young hero knows more than he cares to tell."

"I vouch for myself," said Walter; "I vouch for myself, sir, and can only offer the honesty of my face to prove what I say. I excuse your suspicions, but-but no one else shall talk to me so. If you can trust me, I am ready to take you to a place of safety : if you cannot, I will stand and fall by the side of this lady, and when my blood is flowing at her feet, you can see whether it comes from the heart of a traitor."

"I believe every word you say, Walter." spoke Alice ; "I will trust in you, and be off at once."

"I prefer to put my trust in the true hearts and stout arms of these loval Englishmen," said Robert Bladen, "and in my own well-tempered blade, sister; these people may be true or false, but we'll have nothing to do with them. Let us to our countrymen; they will stand by us to the death, and with them only are we safe."

"Brother, let us follow Walter," answered Alice: "some of the sailors are drunk, and others may have been corrupted. Come, I must have my way."

She was as good as her word, and she and her brother were soon ready to leave, the captain of the stranded ship, to whom "He asked me if I would swean to every thing had been communicated, havand I told him I wouldn't swear, but I'd | crecy was enjoined on these men, and to no one but their commander, the hiding escort; and they were also commanded "What harm-to do what?" asked to be as noiseless as possible on their return. Utopia would neither go with her "I don't know," replied Utopia; "he patrons nor remain with the sailors; and against every persuasion and entreaty started on her return alone, having, with a smile, bade Alice and her brother farewell, and permitted both to kiss her.

Alice watched her till her little form come to see you. She told me to tell you | faded in the darkness, and then set out on from her not to stay a moment, but to go | her journey-the longest journey which with Walter as soon as you could get | she had ever undertaken on foot, though from her childhood she had loved to ramble over the fields and among the woods. The whole night long she was on the and faint, and several miles from her destination. At length, as the sun was rising, the little Pocosin halted the company which he had been guiding eastwardly. and informed them, that in the water to their right was an island, on which his father lived.

He then drew from his pocket a whistle, which he blew several times, and in answer to which a shrill sound was wafted faintly back. After the lapse of several hours a canoe glistened like a black speck on the white bosom of the waters, and soon the cheerful face of Pocosin Dan, flashed back the rays of the morning sun. The old gentleman, however, as soon as he saw the number and

larger boat, and thus his son and his companions were delayed several hours longer on the beach; a delay which, weary as they were, was hardly felt. The excitement of novelty had banished all sensation of fatigue; the breeze that met them seemed to be the perfumed breath of spicy groves, and to be laden of the chase, natural curiosities, and with the varied fragrance of cinnamon, balm and myrrh, and the dark green foliage of a thick forest that fringed the waters on the farther side, presented a refreshing contrast to the naked desolation of the beach. The excited imaginations of Alice and her brother began to draw pictures of a terrestrial Paradise, which they almost believed they were about to see; and flocks of birds spangled with shining colours, and the cloudless skies of a bright and breezy summer morning enhanced the pleasant illusion. No such country revealed its ravishing beauties to their straining eyes; but they did land upon a shore which, though not an Eden, glittered with a gay carpet of a thousand hold between that of slaves and equals. tints, and was shaded by forests of cedar, cypress, pine, and oaks, among whose branches hung immense clusters of purple grapes in arbours fit for the revels of Bacchus and his enamoured nymphs. The startled deer rose from his lair, and | danger was not yet over. and gazed curiously at the travellers as they passed near his morning couch; my house always," said he to Robert, flocks of wild turkeys were feeding, un- "and I'm sure I'd never get tired of flocks of wild turkeys were feeding, unfrightened, among the flowers, and a bear | looking at the sweet face of your little galloped leisurely off to a covert of neighbouring bushes. It was now noon, but | blossom !- but there's a dark spirit at Alice walked beheath a leafy canopy that | work, and you'll certainly be followed subdued and softened the rays of the sun, here. There's some devilish scheme at and her eyes and ears were drinking in the cheerful sights and sounds of the first natural forest she had ever entered. She this innocent lady can get, the better." was not in a mood to talk herself, and she heard little of what was said by others, Dan ?" asked Alice, laughing; "I can't feeding her half-dreaming fancy on thoughts not to be uttered from mortal lips, until the spell of enchantment which | bound her was broken by the recollection | any harm." of mortal cares and mortal wants, awakened by the sight of a human residence.

and airy tenement, composed of a frame this reproof, and hardly knew whether of scantling, weather-boarded with cypress | to resent it or not, until Dan proceeded: shingles, that were gray with age and "The truth is," continued he, "this is a moss, and shaded by a few live oaks, whose multitudinous arms were clasped together above the roof. The doors studied it over and over. I've taken it

character of his guests, returned for a faced east and west, on which sides the view was bounded by the water; near the north end were the ruins of an old fort, and at the south a row of negro cabins, barns, and stables. The furniture in the house was not rich, but rare and curious, and the walls of the room were hung round with Indian relics, memorials arms of an ancient fashion. The owner of this mansion, moving noiselessly about, made no bustling parade of hospitable desires, but in every line and feature of his face, shone a quiet, hearty welcome; his twinkling eyes showed that he quickly caught and sympathized with the varying emotions of his guests, as they rose in their bosoms, and his softly uttered orders anticipated all their wants. The sailors had returned without landing on the island, and their place was now supplied by servants, who gazed curiously, but not impertinently at the visiters, and whose respectful manners manifested a position in the house-

> Old Dan listened attentively, but with not much apparent astonishment, to the account of the recent occurrences on the beach, at Utopia; and when he had heard it through, remarked, that the

"You would be welcome to live at sister there,-she's a beautiful human the bottom of all that fuss over yonder, take my word for it; and the farther off

"What makes you think so, uncle imagine how I could have been the cause of Wild Bill's late outbreak, and bad as he is, I'm certain I never wished him

"And there's where you've sinned," replied Dan; "you're a most precious The house of Pocosin Dan was a small sinner, I tell you." Alice coloured at curious world, any way you can fix it; and it's passed my comprehension. I've

end-wise, and length-wise, and crosswise, but I can make nothing out of it. It's cursed, that's a fact : it's filled with all sorts of monstrous villains, and none but villains can get along comfortably in it. Sometimes a bright, smiling innocent creature-like you, Miss Alice-comes into it, and looks as refreshin' and sweet as a wild rose in the middle of the sand -and soon she becomes the centre of all sorts of schemes and rascally manœuvres. She seems to stir up all the evil passions of the world, and poor thing, without meanin' any harm to a livin' thing, and wishin', as I know you wish, by your looks, that all the world was good and happy and at peace, she is the cause of endless strife and bloodshed."

"I'd better go and die at once, if that's to be my mission here," said Alice : "but I can't believe it. You have lived in these lonely woods uncle Dan, until your imagination has become diseased." "I have a reason for livin' here," replied Dan; "and if you'll all listen to me while breakfast is preparin' I'll tell you a story about the old times, and which will prove whether I judge the world right or not." Both Alice and her brother expressed themselves as desirous of hearing the old man's story, and carefully taking a violin from a drawer, and executing with a master's touch, a soft and plaintive air, he sat for a few minutes in silent revery, and then related the following tale.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE STORY OF BOLD DAN TUCKER. Y

"Some folks," said the old fiddler, "can't tell their own history without going into the history of all their forefathers. Now, for my part, I never bring his daughter to hear us. She was cared much about these things: we all a monstrous sweet girl, that Sally Jones, came from Adam : and therefore, though || but her father was proud and aristocratic, I've no doubt the race of the Tuckers and, like my father, wouldn't let his child has always been honest and honourable, associate with hardly any body in the yet I don't consider that this makes me neighbourhood. She was mightily tickled any better than other people. I'm at first when she saw young Roanoke, bound to say, however, that I'm proud who still dressed and acted like the Inof my father; he was a good, and, I may juns, though he was nearly as white as say, a great man, and a real philosopher. I was. She had never seen an Injun He used to live on this very island; and afore, and she stared at him and stared 3

up one side and down another, and then | right back of my house, in them woods you saw as you came up, he and my mother is buried; but my mother died first. When she died, father couldn't bear to stay here; so he sold out, all except a few of his negroes, and moved away up the country, and settled on the banks of Roanoke river. He loved that name of Roanoke, and one of his greatest friends was an Injun by that name. He wasn't all Injun, but he was descended from one, and he was a noble old man. He and father used to be a great deal together: they talked philosophy and politics together, hunted together, and fished together. Father, as I said, was a philosopher: he had but two children, me and my little sister, a sweet and beautiful little girl.

"We were never sent to school, but were taught at home by father; and he took great pains with our edications, instructing both of us in ancient history. and in the science of government, as he used to call it. We lived very much to ourselves, father not allowing us to visit much among our neighbours; and as for sister, she grew up without hardly knowing what a man was. We were a family of fiddlers; father played on the fiddle-I played and sister played; and if we did live to ourselves, we used to make ourselves happy and merry, I tell you. Old Roanoke was very fond of music too: he would come and stay with us a week at a time : and at last he sent his son, his only child, to live with us, and to learn to play the fiddle. The lad was about my age-a generous, sharp, handsome youth; and as sister was his main teacher, they began to get very intimate, and, as I and father thought and hoped, in love with each other.

"Now we had one neighbour at whose house we used to visit; father was wont to say he was not a bàrbarian, because he could appreciate music, and used to

at last got to talking very familiarly to him, asking him a great many questions about his forefathers, their customs and manners. As for sister, she had been used to Injuns, and knowed all about them, and so she and Sally became very intimate, visited each other, and told each other all their secrets. As young Roanoke was always with sister, of course he was a great deal in the company of Miss Sally Jones; and as I begun to like the girl, I used to send messages and presents by him to her. 'The truth is,'' continued old Dan, heaving a deep sigh, "the truth is-yes, I must confess it-I loved Sally Jones. I loved her with all my heart-I loved every article of dress she wore, and I remembered every thing she said. But the more I loved her the more I was afraid of her. I even got so that I couldn't talk to her; but you may depend on it, I made my fiddle talk ! I improved amazingly-I could almost make myself cry with my sentimental tunes; and when his beautiful bride, whom he loved very I was where she was, I always played these.

"After playing round her for a long time, and playing at her, and sighing, and looking sad at her, and hinting to her, I at last screwed my courage up to the point; and I went to tell her my feelings. 1 took my fiddle with me: I played several of my most affecting tunes to her (we were all alone), and then I began to tell her my mind. I began away off, and stammered about mightily at first; but gradually I warmed up, and days; he was a 'Frontier Wolf,' which then such a speech as I did make her! When I got through, she looked at me | ents, or name. They were the children of so kindly and sweetly that my heart got | runaways, thieves, and adventurers; were right up into my throat; and, with a born in the swamps, on the sands down voice as sweet as her looks, she said, in Arabia, and in such places where they says she, 'I'm very sorry for you, but have no wives and husbands, or else you're too late, Mr. Tucker; I've already | swap them about or have them all in given my heart away.'

it's all over now; but I must say that christened name, though certainly, prethem words, 'you're too late, Mr. Tucker,' have been ringing in my ears ing was; and as they grew up, they took from that day to this. I composed a melancholy tune to it; and it got to be a by-word among all the young people known a Tom Shortlegs, a Bill Squint, of the country, 'You're too late, Mr. a Jack Tearshirt, and a Jim Flatfoot; Tucker !'

love with ? I told over the whole matter | doubt he was one of these nameless chil-

at him; then she examined his dress, and | to Roanoke; and he-he was a real gentleman-shed tears when he told me that he loved Miss Sally Jones. He declared that he never had dreamed that I loved her; and that he never had told his own feelings to her, though sister had, and had talked to Miss Sally for him.

> "'If it is not too late, Mr. Tucker," said he, 'I'll resign in your favour, and I'll leave the neighbourhood, and never see her again.'

"I then went to sister to chide her for trying to benefit another to my ruin; but she laughed right out, and said, 'Why didn't you tell me this long ago? You're too late now; I've done all I could for your friend, and Sally Jones loves him to distraction.'

"So she did, but her father didn't; but Miss Sally cried and fretted till the old man had to let them get married, though he never would give them one cent of property. | The Injun was proud and high spirited ; he wouldn't let any body treat him as an inferior, and so he took tenderly, and carried her off to his own country. My father was a little touched by my misfortunes; but he finally laughed it off, saying to me every day after this, 'Daniel, my son, you are always too late.' So I was after this; I went into a moping mood, and noticed nothing, while father was too much engaged to pay attention to the visits of a strange character who came into the neighbourhood. This was a young scape-gallows, who belonged to a race common in them was a kind of people without home, parcommon. Their children, generally, "It's no use to talk about how I felt, have but one name, which we call the cious few of them knew what a christensome other nickname, or else their companions gave them one. Thus, I have and thus it is, no doubt, that that bony "But who the deuce could she be in | rascal, Tim Ribs, got his name. I're no



DAN TUCKER IN LOVE.

dren of the desert; and his sirname of | near my sainted Mary's grave.' Again Ribs was given to him on account of his poverty stricken body. Well, this fellow who used to come about our neighbourhood, was called Sam Step-and-tech-it; an odd name, but which suited him exactly .-- He was a light, spry, nimblewitted lad; had a good face, and a straight leg, and sung a song remarkably well. He was a pedler of small wares, and every sort of odd notion; was a merryhearted fellow, and was amazing fond of talking to the girls. They were fond of him, too; and thus, while I was in the dumps for Sally Jones, and father was engaged with his philosophy, sister found time to get well acquainted with the young pedler. She would make him sing for her, and tell her stories about his strange life and adventures; and the upshot of the whole of it was, she ran away with him and married him. Poor thing ! no doubt she loved him, and was afraid to tell father or me of it : this caused her to marry him secretly, and then she was ashained to come back. Thus one folly follows another; and thus my dear sister | Zip Coon, a hale and hearty old cock, disappeared, and I have never seen or heard from her since. God knows, I would freely forgive her, and love her still, if she would return; but I shall go down to the grave without ever seeing again her bright eyes, or hearing the prattle of her gentle voice." The old man's eyes were moist, and there was a silence of some moments before he thus continued his story: "Father sent me out in search of sister, and for months I roamed over the country, always carrying my fiddle with me; and I'd often hear of her, and get on her track, but always too late. 'My son,' said father, when I came home, 'women are all weak, foolish creatures, always excepting your sainted mother. Don't you see how they all like and run after foreigners? Sally Jones loved your rival because he was an Injun, and she had never seen an Injun before; and your sister wouldn't love him because she did know him, and loved that Frontier Wolf, Sam Stepand-fetch-it, because he was an outlandish son of an outlandish race. I never knew as his face was red. Equally plain was but one woman that was a woman, as a | it, that he enjoyed life with lively relish, woman ought to be; and that was your | though he affected to live only among the mother. Get all our things ready, and recollections of that remote and undefined let us move back to Roanoke Island; I antiquity known in all ages as "the good want to spend the evening of my days | old times;" nor did his looks justify the

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

I was too late; father sickened and died before we could get off; but I brought his body here, and laid it beside my mother's. That's all my history that's worth hearing now."

It did not seem to the company that they had all that was interesting in the story of Dan; they wished to know whom, when and how he had finally married, and what had become of the mother of Walter. But Dan appeared disposed to be silent on these subjects, and his guests were too civil to ask him any questions about them.

CHAPTER XVIII.

A FAMOUS CHARACTER.

THAT evening quite a sensation was produced on the premises of Pocosin Dan, by the arrival of another guest. It was no less a personage than the famous upon whom the weight of forty-five years hung as lightly as did the garments that encased his giant proportions. He was dressed in his Sunday apparel; his immense bell-crowned hat, sitting like a pyramid reversed, upon the crown of his head, and leaving exposed to view his curly black hair, sprinkled with a few gray blossoms; his blue coat with its metal buttons, its long peaked tail, and its high stiff collar, had been carefully cleaned and brushed, and his loose buff trowsers were sufficiently short to show with what care his boots had been varnished. A huge ruffle ornamented the bosom of his shirt, the chain of his watch jingled with a bunch of seals and keys, and the small patch of whiskers under each ear had been trimmed and curled with the nicest care. There was a constant frown upon the brow of Zip, his motions were violent, and his voice loud and sturdy; but despite the roughness of his manner. and the harshness of his words, it was easy to see that his big heart was as warm

epithet which had become indissolubly connected with his name. In fact, the word *old*, has often a different meaning from that of aged, an assertion proved by the case of Mr. Coon, whom his mother dubbed "Old Zip," when he lay a burly infant in her lap, and who was thus ever afterwards known. He seemed to be an old friend of Pocosin Dan's, and of his servants, each one of which he shook cordially by the hand, while Dan conferred the same honour on Booker, the favourite slave and constant companion of Zip. As soon as these ceremonies were finished, Old Zip cast his eyes towards a sideboard, and Dan understanding the hint, a flask of brandy instantly appeared, and was quickly emptied of at least one half its contents. Mr. Coon next looked curiously at Robert Bladen and his sister, and his host again understanding him, related what he knew of their history, telling them at the same time, that his new guest was an old acquaintance of his, a Virginian and a fiddler of note.

56

The dangers and troubles of the young English couple, furnished Old Zip with a text, from which he began a tirade against the Province of North Carolina, and against his friend Pocosin Dan, for dwelling among such a people. Dan was not prepared to admit the truth of any of Zip's assertions touching these matters, and soon the two friends fell into a furious dispute, each one manfully contending for the honour of his province, and denouncing the country of the other, its institutions, its inhabitants, and their manners and customs. There was about Mr. duct of more than Robert Bladen and his Coon's manner a smack of the modern sister. The situation of the little Pocosin orator; for his gestures were a little pompous, and though arguing with his host, he addressed himself chiefly to the bystanders. Dan, on the contrary, though | longer with Ricketts, while he was too he did not speak so loud, laugh so often, nor flourish his arms so furiously, spoke straight at his antagonist, emphasizing each sentence by slapping his right hand into the palm of his left, and hurling a shower of pungent arrows, every one of which struck its mark. There was another point of difference between the friends. Old Zip was more ready to attack, but Old Dan the more tirelness when the fight was begun; and thus, to the great relief of the spectators, he at last worried down his opponent, and the strife, Island, not far from the Great Occam for a while, ceased. The Bladens now river, or Plamlico Sound, and it was not

prevailed on them to tune their violins, and engage in a more entertaining rivalry ; but when Zip, after much blowing, spitting and screwing, had got his instrument ready, the fiddlers could not agree upon a tune. Dan was for playing certain Scotch airs, which were favourites with him; Mr. Coon preferred the Virginia reel, and so they were soon in the midst of another dispute. Waxing warm in the strife, each man struck up a different air, which he performed tastefully and accurately, without being in the least confused by the music of the other. Thus they continued, becoming more and more lively and animated, the one pouring himself out on "George Booker," the other carried away by "Killecrankie;" the one swaying to and fro, patting his feet, and droning with his voice; the other sitting straight and motionless as to his body, his head thrown back, and his upturned eyes in "a fine phrenzy rolling," till at last, in a perfect phrenzy, Old Zip threw his whole soul into that brisk reel which has been called after himself: while Pocosin Dan discoursed, in the most ravishing manner, that immortal tune with which his name is linked for ever. Having thus displayed their powers, their independence, and their tastes, the rival fiddlers became extremely amicable and harmonious, and played in concert for the rest of the evening. Their music which had held in mute rapture the three young listeners, finally gave way to an anxious consultation, in which each one present took a part, and which concerned the future conwas an embarrassing one, for his father was satisfied, for some unexpressed reason that it was improper to continue him scrupulously honest to forfeit his word. The lad himself had no desire to return, for he was disgusted with the manners of the Bankers, whose mode of life he could not endure. It was finally agreed, however, that he should, for the present, go back to the beach, though he was to delay his journey until his father, Zip Coon, and their English friends could start for New Berne, whither they intended to go by the first opportunity. The house of Dan was on Roanoke



"Thus they continued, becoming more and more lively and animated, the one pouring himself out on 'George Booker,' the other carried away by 'Killecrankie.'

uncommon for vessels to pass within hailing distance. It was uncertain, however, when one would pass that way, and preparations were making for an overland cult to get accommodations. For the trip, when, on the second day after their arrival on the island. Bladen and his sister were rejoiced to hear that a ship was nor his friend Coon, cut a very distinin sight. Walter was now over and over guished figure, the party were rudely reagain secretly counselled by his father in ceived at every fashionable house, and regard to his future conduct, loaded with | compelled, at last, to put up at the inn of messages and presents by Alice, for her | Mons. Dufrong, a dapper little Frenchlittle friend Utopia, and for her mother; and kindly admonished by Zip to keep "a bright look out, and be a man." He himself said but little, but his eye grew a shade darker and more melancholy, and his voice sounded with a deeper and softer pathos as he parted from his father and his friends. Dan himself, locking his house, and leaving it in the care of his faithful servants, shook cordially by the hand every human being that he left behind him, taking a silent leave of Walter, while the tears glistened in his mild blue eyes.

CHAPTER XIX.

SOCIETY IN NEW BERNE IN THE OLDEN TIME.

THE society of New Berne, gilded by the presence of the illustrious Susannah Carolina Matilda, shone with a lustre little inferior to that which blazed in the courts of royalty itself. Stars are the attendants of night; and thus, while the roval sun illumined with his unrivalled beams the precincts of St, James, his chastened rays were reflected in the fair and distant town on the Neuse by a and far away from home, and as innosofter luminary, not dazzling enough to cent and as frisky as two lambs while obscure or hide a host of lesser lights some one may be preparing to slaughter that gemmed the provincial firmament.

The votaries of pleasure and ambition flocked in from all parts of the adjacent country; the minions of fashion vied with each other in splendid equipages and rich costumes, and a spirit of devoted and generous loyalty animated the highest and the lowest. The streets were thronged with a gay and glittering crowd, a contagious desire for extravagant display laid hold of every rank, and wild revelry, feasting and rejoicing were the get old Virginny, the greatest place for order of the day and of the night. It sich things, it's given up, in all the world.

was in the midst of these festivities that the English strangers arrived in town. and found it so crowded that it was diffipresent they deemed it proper to conceal their names and rank, and as neither Dan man, above whose door George the Third and Henry Quatre, were shaking hands over a mug of foaming ale.

The house of Mons. Dufrong, the "Carolina Inn," held a respectable position in the second rank, and was kept wonderfully clean and neat, though its dimensions were small, and though the same roof covered an inn and a grocery, both belonging to the same proprietor. The three men were all crowded into one small apartment, while the lady was installed in a chamber that looked as if. it had been prepared for some Lilliputian queen; and it was, therefore, at once resolved, by the English couple, that they would pay their respects at court on the next morning. They took a friendly leave of their late companions, Alice exhibiting even more than usual warmth and frankness in her manners towards them, while the conduct of Robert, without being haughty, was sufficiently reserved to show that he had now assumed his superiority of rank.

"I tell you, friend Zip," said Dan, when they were gone, "there is something strange about them children, and I can't take my thoughts off them. Just think of it; here they are, poor things, without experience, and without parents, them ! What did they run off for? why did they come here? Why I should a' thought that all the young gallants of old England would 'ave gone into mourning when that blessed little creature came away !"

"There's as good fish in the sea as ever came out of it," replied Zip; "and, for my part, I never trouble myself to account for the antics of the women. But when you talk about purty gals, you for-

60

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO

that are no more to compare to Miss companion wore the dress in which he Bladen, nor the queen is to the wife of a sand Banker. Alice, indeed ! if you think her a beauty"-

"I say she is a beauty," interrupted Dan, with animation; "I say she is a beauty; a sweet, tender, dear little creature, the like of who is not to be found in all Virginny, and never was, and never will be, till the day of doom. I've been in Virginny, and I've been in South Carolina and Georgia, and I'm an old man to boot-older and more experienced than you, Mr. Coon, and I've never seen such a girl before, excepting only one."

"And who was she?" asked Zip. "Utopia," replied Dan; "you've heard me speak of her"-

"Are de Messrs. Zhantlemen Coony and Tuckaire in ?" asked Mons. Dufrong, popping his powdered head in at door. Zip, at this, stopped and looked the door.

"In where, Monsieur Bullfrog ?" asked old Zip.

hah, hah, goot - tres-bien, Monsieur the audience hall. "You're very fami-Coony is verrai much amusan, verrai! liar !" exclaimed old Zip; " what do you Bullfrog ! hah, hah !"

"What do you want?" asked Dan:

"Noting, saire I vant noting-but de quel dites? de Governaire, he servant call for you, Messrs."

"Send him in here," replied Coon, and immediately a negro in livery entered, and announced that his excellency Josiah Martin, Governor, &c., would be as his name was repeated, but he held pleased to see Mr. Tucker and Mr. Coon, at ten o'clock that morning, and to present them to the Queen's sister.

The heart of Zip throbbed at this annonncement, and he was fully satisfied that his own consequence had procured him the honour; but Dan took a different view of the matter and saw the hand of Alice Bladen in the whole proceeding. Proud he certainly was of such a distinction, but he was a modest man and he felt a painful consciousness of his want of polish. | Mr. Coon was not at all abashed, believing that he could cut a family, the late John Stanley, there was not a figure any where, and both knew that a request, from such a source was equal to a command, and accordingly commenced making preparations. Tucker had with him an old pair of velvet shorts and a | ingtons, and other families old as the State and laced vest which he had worn in his distinguished throughout it.

Why, sir, I've seen at least five hundred | youth, and these he donned, while his was introduced to the reader at Roanoke Island. Each had a servant with him. and these were busily engaged for at least one hour in giving a finishing touch to their masters' toilet.

CHAPTER XX.

SOCIETY IN NEW BERNE*-CONTINUED.

WHEN the two fiddlers arrived at the palace, they found a sentinel in the vard. and were informed that only one of them could enter at a time. Of course Zip, being the bolder, and a Virginian, took precedence, and the soldier marched him towards the entrance, calling out his name to the servant who stood at the inquiringly at his conductor, who waved his hand, saying, "Go forward, sir." "Mr. Zippy Coon !" bawled the servant "Vat, you call me Bullfrog, saire !- |at the door, as he led the former towards want?" "Walk on, if you please," replied the boy; and Mr. Coon strode forward, schwling furiously at the last servant, who ushered him into the presence of the Governor, and again repeated his name.

> As Mr. Tucker ran this gauntlet of officials he felt more abashed than Zip, his peace till, at last, unable to stand it any longer, he cried out, "I'm not deaf, friend; what'll you have ?" When he entered, almost in a run, he found his friend quite at his ease, and relating to the Governor the impudent conduct of

* What is said here of Society in New Borne is strictly true; there was none more elegant in the United States. Indeed, the place was once a most delightful one, distinguished alike for its hospitality, its beauty as a town, and the moral excellence and intellectual eminence of its citizens. Here lived the Stanleys - magnum et venerabile nomen - than the head of which more accomplished gentleman or able debater in the Union : here lived, also, the late Judge Gaston, a man universally venerated in North Caroling for his abilities and his matchless purity : and here lived the Shepards, the Bryans, the Wash-

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

his servants; whom, he said, but for his respect for his excellency, he should have left with not an ear among them. Martin was a man of too much breeding to laugh at Zip's mistake, or to shame him by correcting it, and so, promising to look into the conduct of his dependents, he presented the fiddlers to his illustrious. guest. She was gracious enough to permit both to kiss her hand-a ceremony which Dan, at least, would have performed with considerable grace, had he not caught the sparkling eye of Alice Bladen, from whose kindly-beaming face he could not divert his looks. Indeed, the old man was so overwhelmed by the beauty and splendour that surrounded him, that the sight of a familiar face was at once fascinated nearly every female a relief to him; and though he had before thought her extremely fair, she now looked a thousand times more lovely than ever, seeming to him a vision of more than mortal sweetness. Fearful, however, lest he might violate some cardinal rule of etiquette, Dan renewed his | nished every body by bursting into a fit acquaintance only with his eyes, and, in fact, stood perfectly mute, until the lady Susannah, seeing his embarrassment, with admirable tact undertook to relieve him.

"I am just informed, Mr. Tucker," said she to him, "that you and your friend, Mr. Coon, are admirable musicians, and have acquired considerable fame by your skill upon the violin."

"We make some pretensions that way, may it please your gracious ladyship," answered Dan, "but we do not deserve such a compliment as your ladyship has paid us." "I am, myself, a poor judge of such things," returned the lady Susannah, "but you have a friend smack, and then arose and stood before here who speaks in raptures of you. By the way, I take it on myself to thank you for your kindness to the girl Alice Bladen, and I will see that you are rewarded in a more substantial way."

"May it please your gracious ladyship," said Dan, "I am already rewarded, and cannot think of receiving any thing more. I would-if your ladyship will forgive me-I would only beg the favour of your ladyship that I and myfriend might be permitted to hear the distemper which had seized her, the concert to-night." "Certainly you shall doctor again tried to overwhelm her with be permitted," replied the lady Susannah;" and I will see that seats are prepared expressly for your accommodation."

" Chester Rowton !" cried the servant at the door, and the buzz of conversation instantly ceased, while all eves were bent on the elegant stranger. Dan had looked with amazement and delight on the fine and stately forms that moved through the hall, and his heart had swelled with pride as he had thought of the impression the gentlemen of Carolina must make on his friend, old Zip; but even he, prejudiced as he was in favour of his native province, instantly awarded in his mind the prize of superiority to him whose name was last announced. His broad forehead and his eagle eve commanded the respect of the men, while his brilliant dress, his glossy curls, and his graceful manners. beholder. The delight and wonder excited by his presence had not yet subsided, when another sensation was produced by the cry, "Doctor M'Donald de Riboso !" Alice, who had suddenly become serious when Rowton was announced, now astoof laughter, as she beheld the phenomenon at the door. There he was, her quondam beau, the veritable Dr. Ribs, his shoulders covered with flaming red locks, his hugely jointed legs tightly bound in light-coloured shorts and silk hose, and an enormous rapier hanging by his side, and threatening at every step to trip him up. Pausing at the entrance of the hall to fix the attention of every eye. he bowed lowly and smilingly towards. each point of the compass, and then, advancing, knelt reverently at the feet of the half-frightened lady Susannah, and taking, with both his hands, the tips of her fingers, he kissed them with a loud her. At this instant Alice, who was standing behind the object of the doctor's attentions, again exploded with a merry laugh; and the lady Susannah, as she looked up at the startling object before her, felt that she would be willing to give half her jewels for permission to indulge in a cachinnation like that which was ringing near her. As she looked up, with her mouth pursed, and her whole face showing the tortures of the laughing a look and a smile. Alice again gave violent vent to her feelings, and the lady Susannah gracefully but precipitately left

the room, touching Alice as she went, and being followed by her.

62

CHAPTER* XXI.

A CONVERSATION IN THE PALACE.

"PRAY tell me, girl, what sort of gentlemen have they in Carolina ?" asked the lady Susannah when she was alone with Alice.

"A rare species, judging by the specimens I have seen," answered Alice; "I tell you I've seen wonders enough to fill a book."

"All of which you must relate to me, my dear," returned her ladyship; " but first tell me who is this Mr. Rowton and his friend, Doctor Ribs? What an odd pair they are, Hyperion and Satyr !"

"Did you ever see either of them before ?"

"I've seen them in Utopia," replied Alice.

"Utopia? where is that? This is certainly a wonderful country, abounding in still more wonderful people."

"Utopia is a name given by some philosophic wag to that part of the beach where we were wrecked," said Alice. "And is that where you saw Mr. Rowton ?" inquired the lady Susannah.

"Yes; I saw him' there, and have seen him in England."

Her ladyship looked hard at Alice, as she continued, " Didn't he come with you to this country ?"

"He was in the same ship," answered Alice.

"I thought it must be he," cried the Lady Susannah.

"I thought it was he, the moment I saw him. You must know, my dear, that report has preceded you here, and it," replied her ladyship. "As soon as that it is said you have behaved in a very | your gallant sees that I am intimate with naughty manner towards a kind old uncle, you, he will approach me in regard to and a handsome gallant. I defended you | you; and you may be sure I'll manage at first, but I think I shall have to turn all things for the best. Now, tell me against you, for I wonder how you could find it in your heart to refuse such an offer."

" I do not love him," said Alice Bladen. "What a pity !" exclaimed her ladyship; "come, you must think better of this matter; but I must tell you what we to me."

have heard." And, hereupon her ladyship related what had passed between her and the Governor, and the Governor's lady, in regard to her; and Alice, who, feeling bound to unbosom herself to such an illustrious lady, became confidential, and briefly told the history of her life.

"I am a woman," said Lady Susannah, at last, "and I know how to judge a woman's heart; but still I wish you could love this gentleman, for he is a very proper gallant. You say you have a distant relation living on the Cape Fear ?"

"We claim kindred." answered Alice. "but the degree is very far removed,"

"In which case," said Lady Susan-nah, "you, while in distress, should not be the first to recognize the relationship. Believe me, this is a good advice, but you. shall run no/risk, for I am going to the Cape Fear myself, and you shall be one of my suite."

"I humbly thank your ladyship."

"You humbly fiddlestick," returned the Lady Susannah; "is this any thing to thank me for ? In faith, my royal sister would hardly be ashamed of seeing such a gem among her jewels; but, tell me, my dear, think you the gallant Rowton will follow you ???

"It is not possible for me to say what are his designs," answered Alice.

"You must not be too harsh upon him," said Lady Susannah; "the governor is half disposed to send you back to Englaud, and perhaps, while under his supervision, it would be well to appear to encourage Rowton. It might be dangerous to leave him behind. Do you understand me?"

"I do not know that I do," answered Alice; it is impossible for me to disguise my sentiments, nor would I attempt-" "Leave it all to me-let me manage something of Dr. Riboso, or Ribose-who is he-what is he, and where did he come from ?"

"He is a Utopian," said Alice; "a poor vain fool, whose real name is Ribs, who has had the effrontery to make love

Ladyship.

"You need not be so astonished," continued Alice; " for if you will permit me to tell you so, he has fallen desperately in love with your ladyship."

"Treason, treason !" cried the Lady Susannah: "how can you say such a thing ?----the monster !"

"He is certainly in love with you," said Alice, " and he'll tell you so. He is one of those vain, silly creatures who imagine that all the ladies love them, when, in fact, we make free with them because we do not respect them. What fun we might have, if your ladyship would take the right course."

"Hush, child ; I see the whole gamebut mark me ! when a lady who is sister to the queen, condescends to such foolery, a discreet silence is becoming in her confidants."

"I understand you," said Alice, "and your ladyship may trust me implicitly.'

CHAPTER XXII.

A STRANGE VISITER ARRIVES IN NEW BERNE.

As Pocosin Dan, and his friend Coon returned from their visit to the palace, they were not a little surprised by an apparition that met them in the street. This was the little Pocosin, who carried a small bundle under his arm, a gun, bow and arrows, and was stained with mud from his head to his feet ! His appearance had excited quite a sensation in the town, and when he was met by his father, a troop of boys and negroes were following at his heels, and the windows along the street were filled with faces. The father, now moving in fashionable society in a fashionable place, was mortified at the plight of his son, who had become a spectacle; but the feelings of nature quickly triumphed over those of pride, and the old man shed tears of joy as he embraced the lad with affectionate fervour. He, himself, and his companion Zip, were also objects of curiosity in the streets of New Berne; and thus the crowd which had followed Walter, received constant accessions, until it swelled into a dis- mangled; but we could get no clue to

"Gracious Heaven! exclaimed her orderly mob, upon whom Zip, ever and anon, cast a look of defiance, and sometimes bestowed a blessing in language more energetic than polite. Tucker held his peace and mended his pace as the crowd pressed around him, laughing and hooting; and Walter, his lips compressed and his dark eyes gleaming with a deep and dangerous meaning, kept his right hand pressed upon the hilt of a dagger, which he carried in his bosom. In this way the three friends moved on until they reached the hotel, where they were politely received by Mons. Dufrong, who, resenting the indignity which had been offered to his guests, harangued their disorderly followers in language that excited the most boisterous merriment. Old Dan now learned the cause of his son's sudden appearance, and heard, with no little interest. an account of recent occurrences at Utopia. "After the Bladens left me," said Walter, "my employer began to treat his wife in the most cruel manner; and it was during their quarrels that I found out what a scoundrel he was. I found out that he was a most dishonest man; that he would steal and cheat whenever he got a chance, and that he was in habit of holding out lights to deceive sailors and cause wrecks. He kept a horse for the very purpose, and no doubt in the world he was the cause of the loss of the ship which was wrecked on the night of the ball. All this his wife had heard from Ike Harvey, her other husband, and all this she told me, and warned me to leave as soon as I could. While I was think-ing about how I might get off, there was another alarm about Wild Bill, and that night Utopia, the little daughter of Mrs. Ricketts, disappeared. During all the next day, there was a continual alarm about Bill, and on the night following, and while Mrs. Ricketts was absent on a visit, a company of robbers broke into the house, took old Rickets out of his bed and murdered him, and then carried off all the valuables they could find. I slept in the store, which was broken open after the murder was committed, and I was tied and gagged, and left in that condition till morning. I remained fastened in that way until late in the morning, when some men came over to trade, and released me. We found the body of old Ricketts lving in the yard, entirely stiff and barbarously

gle one of those whom I saw. They were all black and had on singular dresses, and no man spoke a single word during the whole performance."

It was known that the old man and his wife had often quarrelled; she had several times been heard to throw out hints, that Bill would some day give him his deserts: and on the very night of the murder she told the neighbour with whom she was staying, that she had come there to get out of the way. She was very merry that night, got nearly drunk, and often said, that she felt sure something. good for her was going to happen. Rowton, who took an active part in the matter, gathered up all these facts; and he is firmly of the opinion, that the old woman and Wild Bill had colleagued together. He thinks that the girl was sent in those like Walter Tucker, it is only off on the first night on purpose, and that the old woman expected to make her escape in a few days. He therefore had her arrested, and a large number of the Bankers (for they are very much excited) are bringing her to this place. They say that they intend to bring her to the Governor at once, and to have a reward offered for Bill, as well as vindicate their own neighbourhood from the charge of bloodshed. The old woman herself is anxious to be brought here; for she wants to see Miss Alice Bladen; but no one can imagine what is her object.

"I left immediately; and after going , by home, have walked through swamps nearly all the way in hopes that I might come upon the den of Bill."

him, my lad ?" asked Coon.

"I would have killed him, and brought Utopia away," answered Walter. The only reply Zip saw fit to make to this, was an explosion of laughter, so loud, so hearty, and so long continued and provoking, that the boy exhibited symptoms of the extreme mortification which it caused him. "Don't get angry, my boy," said Zip, wiping his eyes; "don't get words that astonished every one who angry, but the fact is," and here he again gave furious vent to his risible inclinations. He finished at last, and extending his hand to Walter, bade him cherish his brave spirit, but not to be too sanguine of being a second Hereules, who, according to Zip, knocked a bull down with his fist, and choked sundry lions and tigers | lency ; " for the treasury is low and the

the murderers, for I did not know a sin- | till their tongues came out. Walter took the apology in good part, and then went with his father to see the Governor, who, as Dan suggested, might be anxious to talk with him:

His Excellency had, in fact, just given an audience to Rowton and his follower Riboso or Ribbs, and to gratify Alice Bladen as well as himself, was just on the eve of ser ling for the little Pocosin. Walter had dressed himself in the finest apparel which he had with him, but still, when he entered the Palace, and beheld its splendid furniture, he felt painfully conscious of his own rusticity, and wished himself again in the woods. He expected to see a face of men corresponding with the house, and he felt an awe as if he were advancing towards the presence of some superior being. After all, however, the reflection of the soul that can awe and subdue ; and hence, when the young man saw before him a face stamped only with common passions and common attributes, his fears entirely vanished. He expected, therefore, to be unconcerned when Alice advanced, but the moment he caught her eye, his own fell, his frame trembled and his courage forsook him. He had seen her often before; he had talked to her and been with her often at Utopia, and yet he did not feel then any embarrassment. Perhaps since then, his thoughts had dwelt on her, and now she occupied a different position in his mind; perhaps it was her dress and the place; but whatever was the cause, his voice faltered and his manner became con-"And what would you have done with | strained | and | awkward. She, too, had altered in her manners, for, as he quickly saw, she had, nearly forgotten him, and met him with a reserve and hauteur that surprised and offended him. Her conduct increased his confusion, till, as he thought, he detected a covert sneer at some awkward expression, and his swelling heart at once threw off its tremor, his eyes flashed, and from his lips fell heard him. His story excited the deepest interest in the Governor, and Walter observing this, eagerly asked what reward he might expect, were he to bring Wild Bill, dead or alive, to town

"I am afraid the Council will not allow me to pay any thing," said his ExcelUNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

reople discontented. However, if you will-"

"May it please your Highness," interposed Walter, "you do not understand me. I did not allude to any reward of money, but, I thought-I thought-"

"You thought what?" asked his Excellency, smiling.

"I thought, if your Excellency would recommend me, or get the Lady Susannah to recommend me to some place in the army, I'd try."

"Come, my son," said his father; "never ask for your reward till you've won it. I'm afraid, Sir, we've tired your Excellency, and if you'll excuse us, we'll now take our leave."

"You may be assured, young man,' said Martin, "that if you do what you have impliedly promised, the path of promotion will be open to you ; but mind, do not risk too much. This Wild Bill is a cunning as well as a valiant rascal, ard I have heard many astonishing things of him."

"Suppose I get you knighted," said the Lady Susannah, " what name would you take? Sir Walter Tucker sounds rather plebeian, I think."

Alice laughed-it was an innocent laugh, and perhaps excited by some odd fancy of her own, but it stung Walter, and he answered, " I'll take my father's name, and perhaps some day it will not be one to be laughed at." The laugh of Alice became more violent, and Walter left in confusion.

CHAPTER XXIII.

ART AND NATURE, AT THE GRAND CON-CERT.

THE concert given in honour of the lady Susannah Carolina Matilda, excited, before it came off, a great deal of interest and no little gossip. The musicians were all foreigners, and employed at the Virginian made the benches rattle, as considerable expense : an amateur com- he cried out, "All right now ! Give us pany of actors was to rehearse a play, your hand, old skin-flint !" The house and much management and ingenuity was astounded at this outburst; and had been exerted to procure the honour | Dan, covered with confusion, blushed of a bid. All the elite of the town, and and hung his head, while his companion strangers and visiters of distinction, were | seemed entirely unconscious of having invited, and the great hall of the palace | committed any impropriety. In fact, his

occasion, a t.er of elevated benches in the back part being designed for those of the humbler classes who might be admitted. Walter Pocosin had received this distinction with less pleasure than that which it had caused to his father and old Zip, and he was still less inclined to prize the honour when he entered the hall and felt his social degradation. He had never before associated with any but equals and inferiors, and he became restive, and could hardly realize his situation, as he beheld a gulf fixed between himself and the brilliant array of ladies and gentlemen who sat below him. He became moody and taciturn, and his spirit chafing within him, longed for the wilds of his native forests, while, as he occasionally fixed his eyes on the bright face of Alice Bladen, his breast heaved with emotion it would be difficult to express. He saw Rowton-he despised that man-he saw Rowton and others crowding round her, and chatting and laughing with her, and when he remembered that he could not and dare not approach her, the world and society appeared to him in a new light, and deep and troubled thoughts and strange resolves floated through his mind. The play, which was prepared for the occasion, consisted of three acts, in each of which the humbly-born hero performed some deed of honourable renown, and at last, and greatly to the satisfaction of all. received his promised guerdon, a wife of high degree. The applause was hearty, but tempered, for the audience was polished and fastidious; but there was one whose feelings overcame him, and who, forgetful of the awful presence in which he was, gave a shout that startled every one from his seat. The truth is, old Zip had become absorbingly interested; his sympathies had grown warmer and warmer as the play advanced, and when the crusty old father of the beautiful and tender heroine gave her away with a free good will, the big boots of was filled with seats expressly for the air and manner indicated that he felt

himself at home, while his whole conduct was in every respect diametrically and novelists, but unweighed trifles, opposite to that of Dan, who looked and | paltry things, | unworthy of a thought! acted like one under bonds for his good | There he sat, a sublime ideal, breathing behaviour, or that felt himself under obli- | himself away in minims, with the swing gations to pay a marked and deferential of his despotic bow determining the attention to every part and tittle of the | length and breadth of quavers and performance. He was afraid even to crotchets, the sovereign arbiter of a whisper, or to permit any one to whisper to him: he smiled when the Governor smiled, and he kept his eves constantly fixed upon the stage. He sat bolt upright, and as prim as a preux chevalier; | at the grand concert played Before the but even his powers of endurance, as well as those of Zip, were greatly tried when the musical part of the entertainment began.

66

Neither of the fiddlers had what is called a cultivated ear; neither of them had been accustomed to any kind of harmony but simple and melodious harmony, and consequently, the orchestra had performed several preludes while Dan and his friend were still impatiently waiting for the grand symphony to begin, and still were labouring under the supposition that the musicians were tuning | ridged and twisted with spasmodic their instruments. A burst of applause awakened them from their delusion, and then it was, as the band attempted more laborious' and complicated pieces, that the nerves of the old fiddlers began to vibrate as intensely as the strings which discoursed to them such rude, shrill, discordant sounds.- Every one who has been to an opera, will remember with what sensations he first beheld the antics and motions of the head fiddler, and what an important functionary he seemed to be. There he sat, his bald head glistening in front of the audience, his eves fixed immovably on his music, and his right arm waving law to those around | be more agreeable than their presence. him, as if the whole solar system were | It was a cutting rebuke, and they all felt regulated by its motions, and the sounding of a single semi-quaver out of tune, would topple the universe into ruins. There he sat, forgetting the world, its cares, and its sorrows, forgetting life, and death, and man, and the objects of man's ambition, every thought of his soul fixed upon the dotted line before him, his heart in his bow, his whole being but an abstraction of majors and minors, flats and sharps-politicians might rise and fall, battles be fought and won, empires lost and gained, and nations swept away; but what were these to Signor Squeakelli, my opinion of him, too, before all's

and what were heroes, statesmen, poets, universe of sounds, forte, mezzo, and piano; the grand dispenser of tones and semi-tones, chords and tetrachords. Such was the worthy who directed the band Lady Susannah; and like a thousand jagged instruments did the sounds which he awakened, pierce the rustic islander and his friend. It seemed to them that the performers were evoking from their instruments the cries of a legion of tormented spirits, and the unfortunate Dan, struggling with his natural feelings, and his sense of politeness, sat like one who rested upon sharp points, his head screwed down upon his shoulders, his eyes bent wistfully upon the cornier of the ceiling, and the muscles of his face twitches. Mr. Coon, however, was not so fearful of giving offence, and his indignation was plainly visible in the cloud which gathered and darkened on his brow. He seemed to be especially inflamed at the leader of the orchestra upon whom he gazed with a fixed and stern frown, until transported by one of the worthy's extra flourishes, "Oh, hush !" burst like a deep growl from his lips, and he turned impatiently in his seat.

The Governor's politeness had now been put to the final test, and a servant soon appeared and informed Mr. Coon and his friends, that their absence would it, but even Zip could see that it was no time or place to show resentment, and he quietly withdrew.

"Mr. Tucker, I hope you're not offended at me, are you?" asked Zip, after they had walked some time in silence.

"I was a little angry at first," answered Dan, "but it's all gone now. It's true you behaved rather badly, but the Governor was too severe."

"Entirely too severe," said Zip, " and I'll take occasion to let him know over. We Virginians are not in the habit of permitting people to treat us as inferiors.'

"We Virginians ! Confound you, man," exclaimed Dan, "this Virginia arrogance of yours has got us into all this trouble. I wish I may never hear the words again !"

"I think Mr. Coon is right about one thing," said Walter, "and I admire all the Virginians for this; they think their own State and their own people as good as any in the world, and when they go abroad, they do not go sneaking about, but hold up their heads, and challenge respect from every body."

"That's a smart lad of yours," put in Zip; "Walter, my boy, you must have some of the Virginia blood in you."

"I am a Carolinian," said Walter, emphasizing the last word, "and I am as proud of my birth-place as you are of yours."

"That's all very right, my lad," replied Zip, "but then you have not so many great things to be proud of. For instance, where have you such a river as James.

"You forget our Roanoke," said Dan. "Roanoke ?" exclaimed Zip.

"Av, Roanoke," cried Walter, "I love that name," continued he with animation, "and it shall be immortal when James river is forgotten !"

Conversing in this way the friends are rived at their hotel, where, in the more homely, but sweeter melody of their own violins, they soon forgot that piercing jargon which had grated so harshly on their ears, and caused their disgrace. Mons. Dufrong came into their room, and manifesting the most extravagant delight, declared that he felt himself a boy again. He conceived a great reverence for his guests, and Zip, now in his proper sphere, with admirers around him, was fully himself again, and so, too, was 'Tucker; but the latter's son was thoughtful and sad. The music put him to castle building, and before it ceased he had fought many famous batties and made for himself a bright name among men.

CHAPTER XXIV.

DEVELOPEMENT OF CHARACTER.

"FATHER," said Walter Tucker, on the morning after the concert; "I shall start home to-day."

"You shall start, my son? Why do you not ask if you may start?"

"Because my mind is made up," replied the lad.

"Made up without consulting me?" Walter, Walter," continued the old man, "this is strange talk and very unlike you, as you used to be. My son, wherein have I done any thing to forfeit that respect which you owe me, and which you have always paid me, until now."

"You have not forfeited my respect," answered Walter; "nor will I ever cease to respect, reverence and love you. But it is not inconsistent with my duty to you to start home immediately, and as no one is interested in that matter but myself, I supposed you would not object."

"I might not have done so," answered Dan; "but it would have been proper to ask and see."

"Well, will you let me go ?"

"Why can't you stay and go with me, my son? It is dangerous to go alone, and besides, as we are going by sea as soon as the vessel is loaded, you might profit by a trip on the water."

" I prefer the other way," said Walter, "I do hope you will let me go. I cannot stay another day in this town, for I am miserable here."

"I am sorry for that," returned Dan; " for I had some thought of getting you into business here."

The boy strode across the floor as he answered : " I have cut the clerk, father. I intend to be a gentleman, and never shall I see this hateful town again, until I am the equal of the highest man in it."

"You are equal to any of them now," said Dan, "but they don't think so, and that makes the odds. Well, my son, here is some money; go as soon as you can get ready, and may God go with you."

" And may he bless you for ever !" exclaimed Walter. "My mind is made up on a certain course, but the chief end of all my aims is your honour as well as my own. I am going to make a call at the Palace, and then I will leave."

"A call at the Palace !" cried the old man; "why you forget, son, that we were driven from there last night in disgrace."

"I shall call, notwithstanding," said Walter; "you know what interest Miss Bladen takes in the daughter of Mrs. Ricketts, and how she shed tears yesterday, when she heard what had happened to the girl."

"I know all that," answered the father; " but what has this to do with your visit to the Governor ?"

"I am going to see Miss Bladen," answered Walter.

" Take care she don't set the Governor's hounds after you," said old Dan laughing.

"I shall take care that no one insults me with impunity," replied Walter; and he went to pay his visit. His Excellency was not in, said the servant at the door; and Miss Bladen was indisposed. Verily, it seemed to Walter that a sudden epidemic must have attacked the inmates of the Palace, for nearly every one was on the sick list, and unable to leave his and her private chamber. Robert Bladen was also indisposed, quite unwell, said the servant, who was not in the least abashed, as that young man, the next moment, made his appearance. There was less hauteur in his manner than he had exhibited on the day before, and he inquired kindly the object of Walter's visit. The latter, softened and confused by the kindness of the Englishman, was hardly able to tell what he wanted, and answered that he was about to leave town: he wished to know if he, Bladen, had any suggestions to make, or directions to give, for the rescue of Utopia.

"I'll go and consult my sister," answered Bladen; and after being absent for a few minutes he returned, saying " that his sister was sorry she could not come out. She agrees with me, however," continued Bladen, " that immediate | do follow it, their own deeds, and not and untiring search should be made, and I need not tell you that our purses will be at your command, if you bring her in safety to us."

"I need not tell you that I am not a menial," returned Walter proudly.

Bladen looked inquiringly at him for a minute, and said, "How do you mean, Walter? did I offend you by an offer of money ?"

"No. Sir." : nswered Walter ; " butbut, I do not like for folks to talk to me as if money was the only thing that could induce me to do a good action."

"Then you seek honour, perhaps ?" said Bladen.

"I wish to be understood as being governed by those principles which govern gentlemen," returned Walter.

"No doubt your heart is as good as any man's," replied Bladen; "but you must remember that it would not be discreditable to one in your station, to do things which would disgrace one in mine. Each rank is expected to be governed by certain rules which are peculiar to it."

"I don't know what the rules about rank are," said Walter, "but I know this: I know that honour, honesty and love of fame, are not inherited by any one class."

"Of course they are not," answered Bladen ; " but they are applied differently in different classes, and have different rewards. But if you want to become the founder of a great family, I would advise you to persevere in some useful calling, and may be you will be knighted after awhile, especially if you can get the influence of the Lady Susannah."

"I don't want any body's influence," retorted Walter; "ain't it sufficient to do great deeds, and let these ennoble you ?"

"How can you be ennobled except by the king ?" asked Bladen ; " nobody but his majesty can confer any order of nobility in these realms-and, therefore, I advise you to cultivate the good graces of her Ladyship, the excellent Susannah Carolina Matilda."

"She may be, and no doubt she is, as good as she's beautiful," returned Walter; "but the road to honour does not lie through her good graces, or those of any body else. It runs through dangers and difficulties, and none but the virtuous and good can follow it; and when they the king's parchment ones, will proclaim their nobility."

Bladen, surprised at this reply, was looking silently and curiously at the author of it, when Rowton and his foil, Dr. Ribs, came in. They had been seated but a minute when Walter heard the rustle of female dresses, and, with a choking sensation, left the apartment just as Alice Bladen and the lady Susannah glided in.

As he went, he cast back a furtive glance, to assure himself that he was not mistaken, and immediately the evidence of his eves was confirmed by that of his ears, in which rung the merry and unmistakeable laugh of Alice. Though clear and sweet, and innocent however, it sounded to Walter like the mock of a demon, and burned upon his brain like a wild delirium.

When Alice returned to her chamber she found in it an arrow, round the head of which was a paper, written over with the following words:

"To MISS ALICE BLADEN,

"Did I not serve you truly? You laugh at me because I have an humble name, and wear an humble dress. It's very true that my manners are awkward, but my heart is the heart of a gentleman, while his whom you love so well is as black as the waters of the Dismal Swamp.

"Farewell. When you see me again, you will not laugh at the humble name of " WALTER TUCKER."

The arrow which carried this paper missile was a curious one, and evidently had been made by an Indian years before. Its head was shaped like a heart, and painted red; near this was a small and perfectly carved dove, with a dead viper in its mouth : at the other end was an eagle, and along the side were emblematic representations of victories and achievements. Doubtless, thought Alice, this has been the love messenger of some Indian warrior chief, and therefore, as a curious relic, she carefully put it among her valuables. Whether she deemed the note equally curious is not certain; but, judging by her conduct, it was hard to understand; for, after laying it aside, she again opened it and read it, and would even often leave company to go and examine it, and then replace it in its sacred place of deposit.

CHAPTER XXV.

THE SCENE SHIFTS.

THE only thing certain in regard to the course of things in this world is its absolute uncertainty. Remarkable and pleasant reunions sometimes happen; but journ in their vicinity.

there is nothing more sure than that all associations must be dissolved, and that the streams of our lives must constantly diverge from those of the friends whom we cherish most. Excepting man and wife, it is rarely the case that any two individuals live together, or near each other, from youth to age; and hence, whenever we see a number of characters grouped together, and kept together for any length of time, we may be certain that it is fiction which we read; and fiction, too, for whose counterpart we will look in vain among the chequered scenes of real life. However mournful it may be in some respects, it is nevertheless true, that dissolution and separation are the fixed laws of every society; and hence, even at this early stage of our history, the characters of whom it treats begin to scatter.

The counties of Tyrrell* and Hyde, in North Carolina, were, at one time, almost entirely overspread by one continuous and dreary swamp, whose miry bed was covered with a tangled mat of reeds, bamboos, briers, and brushwood, and over which frowned a dark forest of gum, cypress, and juniper. The shade of the immense trees that stood in serried ranks, the dark green foliage of the impenetrable undergrowth, and the black waters that covered the oozy soil from which sprang such rank vegetation, were blended into

* There is a beautiful little lake in Tyrrell county, called Lake Phelps; and near that lake lives a distinguished and hospitable gentleman, Mr. Péttigrew. If any one, curious about the scenes herein described, will pay him a visit, or visit his equally distinguished neighbour, Mr. Collins, he can be shown places which will exactly correspond with those mentioned in the text. He will, at these places, find himself as comfortable as he could wish to be; and he will, too, see a country and a people different from any he has ever seen before, unless he has been in the swamps of North Carolina. He will find in these swamps a peculiar race-white men and runaway slaves-who live by making shingles from the cypress and juniper, and whose houses are built on sleepers laid on the stumps of trees. These shingle getters carry their boards to the nearest store or grocery, and exchange them for meal, flour, meat, clothing, and whisky; and it is said, that in former times men have made fortunes from the labour of fugitive slaves whom they would not question. These swamps, too, have been the scene of many wild deeds, crimes, and romances; and a volume might be filled by legends which one could gather by a week's so-

one picture of gloom, and the howl of the | kindly she spoke, the more surly would wolf and scream of the panther, enhanced the negress grow; still Utopia talked the horrors of the dismal scene. From affectionately to her, and in the most renear the centre of this swamp to Albemarle Sound, extended a broad, still sheet where she was, and the cause of her of water, now called Alligator river; and imprisonment. After breakfast, Heatty from this estuary, and at right angles with it on the east, stretches a small bayou, nearly in the form of an L, with the top next to the river. In the angle formed herself in looking about the premises, by the bend of this branch of Alligator river was a house, in which the girl, Utopia, found herself on the morning after she had been spirited away from the beach. Not far from the house stood another smaller tenement: there was a boat in the creek close by, but no sound last she remembered that God was her was to be heard, nor was any living thing friend, and kneeling, thanked him for all to be seen. The girl was in a room by herself; the door was fastened on the outside, and she began to think herself lost, for the morning was now far advanced. She remembered well all that had happened on the night before-she remembered that she had been kindly spoken to, and assured that no injury should befall her; but when the long-expected light at exceedingly early hour, and bidding her last broke into her chamber, no human face presented itself, and the day wore on apace, while yet no human voice was heard. At length the door opened, and the old negress of Captain Ricketts came noiselessly in, and seeming to the girl more hideous than she had ever looked before. Her frame, which had always been small, was now shrivelled to a mummy, and stooped with a ge; her coal-black skin was a scroll of parchment, gathered in folds upon her sunken cheeks, and drawn tightly over her long, sharp, and fleshless chin; a thick tuft of hair. grew low down upon her narrow forehead, and the whites only of her deeplyset and bleared eyes seemed to be visible.

After the scenes of the night before, could Utopia be otherwise than alarmed in the presence of such a creature in such a place? She was not a bold nor a fearless girl, but she had a disposition which inclined her to be contended in any position; she tried always to think herself happy, and to think that those about her were innocent and happy like herself. She trembled when old Heatty first came into her room, but she soon threw off her dread, looked smilingly at the slave, and spoke freely and kindly to her. The more she smiled, however, and the more | with a sepulchral sound through the house,

spectful manner, endeavoured to find out went to sleep, first desiring the girl not to wake her, and thus Utopia was left alone, in a most gloomy place. She busied gathered great quantities of wild flowers, and decked off her room in the most tasteful manner. After dinner her spirits began to fail her; she thought of her mother, and so she betook herself to her chamber, and there wept for hours. At his kindness, and for having given, her another friend. At night till a late hour, she did her best to amuse her keeper, the sleepy negress; told her long stories, and anecdotes, out of number, but never excited a smile or a kindly answer. She was for sitting up all night, but old Heatty hurried her off, at what seemed to her an to sleep while she may, for that she would be married soon. The aged negress at this grinned a ghastly smile, and without making any explanation, hobbled off, leaving Utopia to loneliness and darkness. It seemed to the child, the night would never end, but it did at last, and with the morning came a joyous disposition and lively spirits. On the next day, Heatty became more communicative, assuring her little prisoner that she should soon be very happy, and have a companion to stay with her, who would love her, and make a lady of her. The girl insisted that she was too young to marry; old Heatty declared she would not be in a few months, and Utopia, in the best possible humour, declared she would be for years. Thus they continued for several days, the old negress becoming more familiar and confidental, and endeavouring to make Utopia believe that she ought to be very happy at the prospect before her, as she had a lover whom any lady might fancy. The girl insisted that no such man intended to marry her in the right way, and that if he did she would not have him. One night as Heatty ushered her into her bed room, her face collapsed with a horrid laugh, which rung



"One night, as Heatty ushered her into her bed room, her face collapsed with a horrid laugh, which rung with a sepulchral sound through the house, as she said, 'he'll be here to-morrow-hehe—he—won't you be happy, my lark?''

as she said, "he'll be here to morrow---he-he-won't you be happy, my lark ?"

Utopia trembled all over, and that night said her prayers with more than usual fervour.

CHAPTER XXVI.

UTOPIA IN THE WILDERNESS.

"ALBEIT many do affect to speak contemptuously of young girls of a certain unripe age even until 'the boarding school Miss,' hath passed into a byword, importing a giddy young creature, I am not ashamed freely to express the delight | simplicity and her alarm. It was some which the sight and conversation of these guileless beings cause in me. And as the crudities of youth, and the effervescence of passion have passed away, and the mould of time bespeaks a sobered judgment, who can say that a wild or wayward fancy doth hold my reason captive and fill the mind with its illusive phantoms ? There be divers things, said to be fair in themselves, and images, or types of a more subtle, spiritual beauty with the unexpressive essence of which they do, as it were, purify, delight, and illume the mind; and chief among these they do rank, the young mother gazing on the features of her first born, the virgin in her bridal robes of white, kneeling before the altar, and the love-lorn lassie as she sits at her window, in the twilight hour, thinking of a brave soldier lad who's 'o'er the hills and far away.' I will not deny that such sights dispose me to pleasant contemplation; but by far the sweetest picture that ever I could look upon, was the fair, free, and blithesome girl, too old to be a child, and too young to be a woman. This is what you may call the maturity of childhood, whose motions are the unwritten poetry of nature, and whose tongues can now discourse the celestial harmony which God hath written on the infantile heart and mind. What a fragrance they breathe around, like fresh amaranthine flowers gathered in paradise, and still glittering Her course, she saw, would lie through with ambrosial dew ! Their lips are the the midst of the swamp, which was wet, lyres of angels, and their bright faces miry, and covered with tangled brake shine upon our aged and sinful hearts like and reeds, bushes and trees: still she the morning light of Heaven !"

The above extract is taken from the work of an old author whose thoughts have become the thoughts of the writer of these memoirs, and whose name is held in too much reverence to be mentioned here. Like him, we have ever loved to look upon "the fair, free, and blithesome girl ;" and as we picture to ourselves the bright face of Utopia, glowing with the fresh thoughts and hopes which the cheerful light of morning brought, she looks, indeed, like an amaranthine flower, just gathered in paradise. "She had, during the night, thought much and anxiously on the words of old Heatty, and the more she pondered them, the more did they fill her with fear, until at last she came to a determination which indicated both her time before she could be made to realize the dreadful truth that this world contained some very bad men, and she would still keep asking herself the question, how can any one be so wicked as to wish to ruin me, when I have done no harm? How he could be so wicked she could not / understand; but that some one was so depraved, her situation and the conduct of the old negress left her no room to doubt. In fact, she had a vague fear of something even worse than death, and she resolved to fly, not doubting but that she would soon come to some settlement of civilized people, and that the first one whom she might meet would be glad to succour her, and send her home. She thought she remembered that she had come from the south, and in that direction she believed her home to be. But there was no river on the south, and she had been landed from a boat; how was this to be accounted for? The river was on the east, and ran north and south, and doubtless! thought she, by following along its banks. I will be going in the right direction. Accordingly, she dressed herself in her best clothes in order to deceive old Heatty, found an opportunity at breakfast of providing herself with some coarse provisions, and took the guinea which Bladen had given her, and which she always carried about her, and so fixed it to her person that it could not possibly be lost. determined to plunge into it, and ex-

pected soon to find dry land, and a root of a tree, and made a frugal meal off road.

Early in the morning, and while old Heatty was engaged at her breakfast, the girl, with a beating heart and a beaming face plunged into the thicket. For a the wild and lonely heath; but when the while, fearful of pursuit, she took little pains in picking her way, and hurried straight onward, heedless of the briers that | thick darkness curtained the forest; thourent her clothes and scratched her face and hands, and of the miry puddles the owls screeched and hooted through through which she floundered ankle deep. the woods, and myriads of frogs began At every sound in the woods, she looked their harsh and hideous minstrelsy. A fearfully behind her, fearing only old stouter heart than that of Utopia would Heatty; and thus she struggled on have quaked at the strange and deafening through plashes and thickets, until her sounds and clamours with which the indress was spotted over with blotches of habitants of the swamp made a dismal mud, and her limbs weary with exertion; and then with a heaving breast and glowing cheek, she paused to rest and look | vanced, and she was worn down with far und her. On every side the Dismal tigue. She had scarcely looked before Swamp presented its interminable gloom: the black waters still glistened around her, and not a rent in the woods, not a toad or path, was any where to be seen. When she looked back, her vision was soon quenched in the dark wilderness through which she had passed; and, cheered with the thought that she was now beyond the reach of pursuit, she resumed her journey, more carefully threading her way, and stepping on the hillocks of dry grass, which she followed whereever they led. No longer apprehensive of pursuit on the part of old Heatty, a new fear now took possession of her, and her imagination began to people the dreary and obscure waste with grim monsters and beasts of prey. Ever and anon her heart would rise in her throat as some new and fearful sound would ring through the woods, and then she would be reassured by the cheerful songs of the birds, | ing in the east, but she was filled with who were company to her, and who, seeming not the least frightened themselves, would help to dispel her fears. At last, and to her great joy, a light broke through the woods before her, and she arrived at a dry glade, covered with stunted grass and a few scattering trees. It was a sandy ridge running through the swamp, and must have been a grazing place for deer and cattle; for Utopia found a well-trodden path upon it, and made sure that she was now near some human habitation. The sun was already considerably past the meridian, and feel- | for the cry now seemed to be that of a ing more easy, the girl sat down by the female. It was a fearful, a heart-rending

part of the provisions which she had brought with her.

Again, with brighter hopes and stronger energies, she renewed her journey over sun was near the western horizon, she was still in the wildernsss. Night came; sands of fire-flies sparkled in the gloom : serenade, and the poor girl, half dead with fright, hurried on till the night was far adher, and had kept her thoughts fixed on Heaven, and on God, the Father and Friend of the friendless; and when she came at last to an open place and heard a mocking-bird, she believed that her prayers had been answered. She here ate a scant supper, and commending herself to the keeping of an Omnipotent Protec tor, she lay down upon the grass and undertook to sleep. As she looked up, the stars seemed to smile kindly upon her; the mocking-bird came nearer to her, and seemed to make her the burden of its lively chatter, while she formed for it a strong attachment, laughed at its merry sallies, and felt half disposed to speak to it in return. Before she was aware of it she was fast asleep, dreaming of that bird and listening to its long stories; and thus she continued until she was awakened by a cry of distress. The morning was breakspeechless terror by the sound which had disturbed her dreams, and which seemed to have burst immediately over her head. She immediately resumed her journey, and again that cry which had so disturbed her imagination, rang through the woods, making the girl's hair rise on end, and causing her to tremble in every limb. It was the sound of a human voice-she was certain it was-and the person seemed to be in the utmost agony. She stopped and listened; and though her fears were increased, her sympathies were excited also,

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

wail, and the girl started in a run towards the place from whence it issued, and as it was now broad daylight, she looked about in the grass for the poor suffering creature. The voice now shrieked behind her, and Utopia, who was close upon it, could distinguish it to be that of a child, who was screaming and moaning in the most pitiable manner. It was heart-rending to hear its wild and piercing however, assuring her that he was not cries in that lonely and savage place, and Utopia, with her breast aching for the desolate little stranger, quickened her pace, when suddenly a hideous yell froze her blood, and a huge panther leaped from a tree and lit on the ground before her. For a moment terror took away her breath, and she started to sink powerless to the ground; but her spirits and courage quickly rallied, and she turned about to run. She then recollected what she had heard about the danger of turning one's back on such creatures, and she stopped and screamed at it with all her power. The great, ferocious looking beast, which was advancing stealthily behind her, stopped when she stopped, and crouching down, stared at her with its wild and savage eyes, whining in the most dismal manner, and angrily lashing the leaves with its tail. She ran a few paces farther, and again stopped and tried to scare the fierce monster away; but it mocked her with its dreadful cries, jumping about and rolling over, as if to show its activity and power. Thus they continued for nearly an hour, the monstrous and frightful brute making the woods echo, and hushing every bird with its occasional screams and yells, and when Utopia would turn towards it, rollng over and over, and frisking about in a playful manner, as if delighted with the looks of the girl. Even its playfulness, however, made it the more terrible to look at, and the girl at last determined to face it until she frightened it had received in New Berne, was not in away. It was now close to her; they a mood to think highly of human nature, were on an open sandy place, and Utopia | or of the course of justice when adminisshuddered as she got a fair, full view of her wild companion. It stared boldly and of a boy to conceal his sentiments. He impudently at her, and she hesitated in therefore drew the most gloomy picture her purpose, when she was overwhelmed of the probable result of Mrs. Ricketts's by a sudden and terrific sound, as it trial; a picture which caused but a moseemed to her, and the panther, with a mentary despondency in the breast of the yell, bounded furiously at her. She fell, girl, who was of an eminently hopeful half swooning, and the beast leapt over disposition. her, and grappled with Walter Tucker,

over with it in the sand. The conflict was of short duration, for the point of the boy's knife touched the panther's heart at the first blow, and it lay gasping its last, and empurpling the sand with its blood. Walter lay beside it, his face and hands and clothes red with blood, and Utopia at first could hardly tell whether he was alive or dead. He spoke to her, dangerously hurt; but when he came to examine his wounds, he almost changed his opinion, while the girl was so alarmed at his situation, that she was nearly incapable of rendering any assistance. The panther had made a deep gash upon his left shoulder, and rent his breast with its claws, having torn away the flesh in two places nearly to the bone, and the blood was rapidly streaming out, and the young man becoming faint and sick.

He and Utopia staunched his wounds as well as they could, and bound them up, Walter never losing his presence of mind, and having considerable skill in the knowledge of simples. He was barely able to walk; and regretting that he could not carry with him his fallen foe, he contented himself with its scalp, which he took off as a trophy, and started with Utopia for the nearest settlement on Pamlico Sound. He told her, on the way, what had befallen her mother's husband and her mother, of all of which she had been ignorant, and advised her to go directly to New Berne, where, in all probability, she would find Mrs. Ricketts. The girl, greatly distressed at the news, wished to know what would probably be done with her mother, declaring that she was certain of her innocence, and that it would so appear, and overwhelm her accusers with shame and confusion. Walter, smarting with the wounds which his sensibility tered by men, and he was yet too much

She readily answered Walter's prewho fell with his antagonist, and rolled | dictions of ill, quickly devising a succes-

sion of schemes for her mother's escape, | rank ; and you might be as good as a saint each one of which Walter would as | and as beautiful as an angel, and still one readily knock down, until, at last, the of these nobility would be ashamed to girl burst into a laugh, telling her companion that she believed he was determined to make the world a miserable place.

76

infamous place, where success is honour and might is right. That's the sum total of all law; it's all summed up in that single sentence."

as if she did not understand him, and replied : "There are some good people, I know: and I believe Miss Alice Bladen act as if you and they were a different will belo mother, and see that justice is kind of being — as if they came from done her." An equivocal smile wreathed | some upper region, and you from the the lip of Walter, as he answered, "Perhaps you'll find reason to change your opinion. She may be good enough in her own way, but I doubt whether the misfortunes of the poor and the humble ever find much sympathy in her breast." " "Why, was she not kind to me and to mother ?" said Utopia ; " and Mr. Bladen was too."

"And how did Mr. Bladen show it?" asked Walter. "Doubtless he and his sister spoke kindly to you while they were your step-father's guests, and dependent on him and you for their comfort."

"He did more than that," replied Utopia; "he gave me this"-showing her money-" and said he was going to give me one like it every year, until I learned to read, and write, and sing. I can read some now."

wished you to learn," said Walter; "and you did a foolish thing when you took that money. 'Now, I'll tell you my notions of the world. Some men, by fraud, and violence, and meanness, make fortunes and get into power; they then make laws, and make themselves titles. and are called the higher ranks. When they get into these ranks they become separated, in heart, and soul, and feeling, from those who are just like them, only in a lower rank; they think themselves a superior race, and they talk about their blood as if we were not all descended from Adam, and as if they did not rise from the common people. If one of these is ever so mean, he is thought to among them, and they still furnish a shelter for

marry you. They look on us as made for them; and when they condescend to speak kindly to us. they expect to make use of us just as we make use of horses "It is a wretched hole," said he; "an and cattle, and feed them and use them kindly. When we were all on the beach, did not Alice Bladen and her brother seem like us? Were they not made like us, looked like us, talked like Utopia looked at the speaker intently, us, and acted like us? Were they any better, or fairer, or more mighty? Now, when you get to New Berne, they will dust of the earth."

Utopia listened attentively to what Walter said, and he continued in this strain, entertaining her with an account of the splendid houses and fine people which he had seen, and not failing to give a dark tinge to all the pictures which he drew. She would occasionally smile at his warmth, and endeavour to answer his arguments; but she was a poor hand at metaphysics, and knew little of history or of human nature.

They made slow progress, but they were entertained by each other's company and by the scenes through which they passed. At noon they despatched the remains of their joint stock of provisions, and as the evening found them still in the swamp, Walter showed how used he was to a life in the woods, for he soon loaded his companion with the fruits of "Yes; and there's something else he his unerring arrows, the gun which he now carried, being seldom used by him. The girl was shocked at what she thought his cruelty towards unoffending creatures, but he laughed at her simplicity, and justified himself by texts from Scripture, and by the necessity of the case.

They were still in the swamp when night came upon them; they were both weary, and, one was sore and sick, and therefore, they kindled a huge fire on the driest place they could find, and there prepared to spend the night.* Utopia,

* It may not be improper to say, that the swamps of North Carolina, are still the scenes of tragedy; the panther and wild cat are still found be better than the best who is in a lower thieves and fugitives from justice. It is some-



""Even its playfulness, however, made it the more terrible to look at."

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

much amused at Walter's awkward culinary attempts, found herself compelled to cook those animals whose death she had so much regretted, and while she was thus engaged Walter made for her a bed of leaves, such as he could find, and then instructed her how to dress his wounds. They were both cheerful and happy till bed time came, and then the girl began to feel uneasy, for she now remembered with horror the manner in which her dreams had been disturbed on the night before. Walter assured her that he would keep watch until morning; but Utopia was unwilling for him to undergo such a hardship, and urged him to sleep first, and let her stay awake. This he would not agree to-declared he could not sleep, and so at last she left him by the fire, and nestled in her couch of leaves.

CHAPTER XXVII.

A SURPRISE.

UTOPIA was trying to persuade herself to go to sleep, and Walter was actually beginning to nod by the fire, when the young man thought he heard something it is not the first time the night dew has crackling the brushwood behind him. He was not certain but that he had been dreaming; but he roused himself up, and raising his gun, strained his eyes upon the darkness round him. Utopia, who was watching his motions, became instantly alarmed, jumped from her bed.

times dangerous to travel through them alone, at night; and only a few months ago a daring highway robbery occurred in one of them and within a few miles of New Berne. They furnish a secure retreat for those who fly to them for shelter: and a single anecdote will suffice to show how difficult it is to traverse them. A few years ago the balloon of an æronaut who went up from Wilmington, North Carolina, descended into a swamp within four miles of the city; and from this time, which was about sundown, until twelve o'clock next day, he was floundering in the wilderness and finally emerged with his flesh lacerated, his clothes in ribbons, and covered with mud from head to foot. A party who went out to search for his balloon, were two days in | depth and breadth of chest, and a naked finding it. On another occasion, a gentleman who was one of a party in search of a run-away, finding it impossible to make his way out of the swamp, felled a log into a creek, got on it, and thus floated d wn into the Cape Fear, and down the river to Wilmington.

and running up to Walter, inquired eagerly what was the matter. "Nothing," said he; "I thought I heard a rabbit or squirrel near me, but I must have been dreaming."

With this they sat down together, the girl keeping as close to her companion as possible, and he endeavouring to prevail on her to lie down again.

"There is not the least danger," said he.

"Not the least," repeated a hoarse voice, while a heavy hand was laid on Walter's shoulder.

Utopia screamed and her companion sprang to his feet, but both of his arms were held behind him while the voice continued :

"Walter Tucker, you're in the hands of a friend. I could kill you easily, but I don't want to do it, and must insist that you promise not to hurt me. Will you promise ?" continued the voice, its owner twisting the arms of Walter as if they were small reeds.

"I suppose I'm obliged to," replied Walter, "for I'm in your power."

"May you never be in the hands of a worse enemy," said the other, as he released the young man and approached the fire. "I'm cold," continued he, "but been upon my locks. I'm Wild Bill."

Utopia shuddered at this announcement, but Walter, as he stared at the author of it, could hardly believe it, for his imagination had pictured a different sort of being from that which he beheld.

The wild man was, at first sight, an ordinary looking negro, whose face, though not entirely black, denoted unmixed blood, and whose features had an expression more intellectual than ferocious. An old hunter, however, would instantly have known him to be a man of the woods, for his skin had that reddishbrown, rusty hue, which constant exposure to the weather produces, and there was about his looks and gait an undefinable air that showed an untamed and untameable nature. He was rather low of stature, but stoutly formed, with great arm of immense size, and almost as hard as ivory.

"You gaze hard at me," continued he, addressing himself to Walter; "but it's natural, for l've no doubt you've heard a

great deal about me. What's the last hard, but there is no smell of innocent news?"

"News about what !" asked Walter.

any thing lately ?"

"You ought to know better than I," answered Walter. "You know when hunted from swamp to swamp, with a and how you committed a most brutal and barbarous murder lately."

"I don't know to which one you allude," said the negro; "I've done so much of that business lately, that I hardly know the names of all the cases."

"You seem to make yourself merry at the recollection of it," replied Walter, for yourself enemies of all mankind." stepping back and slightly raising his gun.

yourself," returned Wild Bill ; " I understand you, and you may as well put down your gun. Would you shoot me; kill me in cold blood ?"

"I will not kill you if you'll surrender," said Walter, "and let me deliver you up to justice."

"To justice !" exclaimed the negro, his wild laugh startling his listeners. "You deliver me up to justice ! Do you it, your honest heart will sicken. Here know what you're talking about ? Don't | am I, an unoffending, lonely creature, you know what justice is? Don't you living on wild fruits, and the beasts of the know that it is the will of the strong? the instrument by which great folk oppress, and rob, and beat down the poor and weak ? bah, justice !" cried he with a scornful look and tone, "how I hate to hear a canting hypocrite use that word."

Walter, "but that is no reason why a murderer and robber should not be hanged."

"And who will hang him ?" asked the negro ; " the liars, thieves, and murderers, who rob mankind of their rights, and make laws to sanctify their crimes? Young man, my hands are rough and

* There have been persons not unlike the Wild Bill of the text. From the earliest times there have been, in eastern Carolina, remarkable run-away slaves, who lived in caves in the sand. and in swamps; and the exploits, and crimes, and stratagems of these black heroes have been, and are still, topics of wondering, and sometimes fearful interest, at the family fireside.

The swamps especially, are full of such characters; and some years ago, when the Great Dismal Swamp caught fire, and burned for several weeks, many of these wild tenants of the wilderness were driven from their hiding-places. It is said, that one woman who had run off when quite young, returned to her owner with a large family of children.

blood upon them; my skin is dark and ugly, but my soul is whiter than that of "About me-Wild Bill ?* have I done | the whitest judge who sits upon the bench. What have I done ? what is my crime, that I must be an outcast and an outlaw. whole nation for my enemies, and not a human soul to speak to me in the language of friendship ?"

"What have you done?" exclaimed Walter; "why robbed and murdered peaceable and unoffending people, turning your hand against every man, and making

"Let the great God of heaven and earth "Come, young man, don't disturb crush me this instant, if the guilt of a single murder or robbery lies heavy on my soul !" cried Bill.

"Then you are greatly belied," said Walter.

"And so is he they call the Devil." replied Wild Bill : " mankind are fond of laying all their sins on some hated scapegoat. Young man, you know little of this world, and when you come to know forest, molesting no one, taking no part in the affairs of men, and desiring only to live in the wild woods, a free man; and yet, for that very reason, my name has become a bugbear to frighten children and old grannies, and a thousand weapons are "I know it is often misapplied," said aimed at my heart. And who are my enemies? who are my judges? where are the red men who once roamed these woods in freedom ? Swept away, root and branch, by those who are after me with the vengeance of the law! These woods and rivers, and towns, and swamps, and fields, belonged to another race; a race that never visited foreign lands, and never carried civilization and death to foreign nations. But the palefaces and their red laws came here, and where are now the poor savages whom the Christians came to bless? Their bones are strewn with the dead logs of the forest and the swamp, and their souls are all gone to the Indian's Heaven ! And what did they get for their hunting-grounds here? The sword and the bayonet, the justice of the white man !"

"There is some truth in that," said Walter, colouring, " Eve often thought of the injustice done to the Indian, and semetimes fancy that from their blood will spring avengers to curse the land which has been so freely watered by it."

"And will not the wrongs of another coloured race call for vengeance also ?" asked the negro. "Is the Indian who died on his native hills to be pitied, and no tear shed for the poor African who is torn from his home, his wife, children, and kindred, and dragged in chains, like a condemned criminal, beyond the sea, to be beaten and driven like the brutes? Who is God and where is he ?" continued the negro, his nostrils dilating and his chest heaving : " does he not sit in heaven and mark the unexpressed wailings, the inward prayers and the heart sickness of those thousands of thinking, rational, and immortal souls, whom the white men drive and beat as they do their oxen and their horses? Do you know that the negro, as well as the white man, has an undying spirit that looks to Heaven, and that it will meet it's master's as an equal at the bar of God ? Master ! God only is my Master !"

"Our English ancestors did all this," replied Walter, "and I and my people are not responsible for it. Slavery is now a condition of our society, and it the masters. Those white scamps, with can't be helped; in fact the negroes are | black hearts and forked tongues, who go better off than they would be, if they were all set free."

"I am better off free, and wo be to the man that attempts to take me," returned Wild Bill.

"Your master has a right to you, and would be justified in killing you, if you would not surrender," answered Walter. "My master !" cried the negro : " young

man, who is your master ?"

"No man," answered Walter.

"Not even the king ?" asked the negro. "Yes; that is, he is my sovereign, and I owe him allegiance."

"And ain't there a talk of throwing off this allegiance ?"

"The people complain of his ministers," replied Walter.

"And do they not complain of oppression and tyranny?" asked Wild Bill. "They do, and they do it justly !" an-

swered Walter. "And if the people were to unite to

throw off the royal yoke and have a government of their own, wouldn't you join them ?"

" That I would."

"Now, sir, can you blame my people if they unite to throw off the yoke of their masters ?"

"The case is altogether different," said Walter. "In the first place they couldn't do it, and therefore it would be useless bloodshed; in the second place we are two distinct nations living in the same country, and one or the other must be masters of it. The Americans only wish to dissolve their connexion with a distant country; you wish to destroy a nation. We are, for your own good and ours, obliged to keep you in bondage for the present, and we are justified by the laws of God and man. I've no doubt that some day our people will do the best they can for the negroes, and try to set them free, when they can do so consistenly with the safety of the whites and the welfare of the blacks. But if you excite an insurrection you will be guilty of the horrible crimes caused by a civil war, and you will rivet the chains of your race for a century longer. I believe all, or nearly all, the white people feel deeply the responsibility resting on them, and are truly sorry for the condition of the negroes; they are their best friends, I mean about prating about the horrors of slavery, and trying to cause rebellions, are the worst enemies of the human race; they are seeking their own individual interests, and care no more for the blacks than they do for the whites, and would sacrifice both to gain their ends."

"I have nothing to do with them," said the negro: "I was only talking of our right to rebel."

"You have no right to rebel unless you have reasonable hopes of success," replied Walter; "and if you rebel when there is no possible chance for you, you are a wholesale assassin, a pirate, and as such will be judged by God and man."

"You argue your side well," said Wild Bill, smiling. "I did not think to find an unpractised youth so expert with the weapons of logic."

"I can return your compliment," replied Walter, looking curiously at the negro. "I've been surprised to hear such language from"-

"From a negro !" exclaimed Wild Bill, with an equivocal laugh. " " I know

80

82

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO

very well what you mean, and you need and breathed, on that account, a sentinot apologize. My people were the ment homely, but touching and sad. lowest barbarians in Africa: they have been slaves here; and are, I know it well, vastly inferior to the wlites. It is the mode of life that has caused this; we are all one people-children of a common father. My mother was a pet slave, and tolerably well educated. I was thought to be smart when a boy, and my mother and my young master took great pains in teaching me. May God rest their souls in heaven !"

"Your young master !" cried Walter. "I thought you had no master."

"I was living in the past, just then; the good old times that are past were before me. But, as I was going to say, I was carefully instructed until I was twenty. I read all my young-all the books of my master's son, and I've been, for years past, a reader of nature and a thinker. I can read and write, too : and, would you believe me? I write verses, and set them to music. You smile, my little friend," continued the negro, turning to Utopia. "It seems strange to you that the bloody Wild Bill should be a musician. Folks, when I am dead and gone, will tell long and terrible stories about me-they will tremble at the very mention of my name; and vet, as my master, God, can witness, my heart yearns with the feelings, the hopes, and fears, and sentiments that burn in the bosom of this innocent girl. I'm a great, ugly looking monster, ain't I, Utopia?"

"I don't know, sir," said the girl, blushing, smiling, and hanging her head.

"I know I look so," continued Wild Bill; "but both of you shut your eyes and listen to my song and see if it sounds like that of a robber."

The negro insisted on Walter's obeying his wish, just to see what opinion he would form of him from the mere sound of his voice; and the lad, amused at the request, covered his face with his hands | yourself ?" -as did, also, Utopia-while both listened with eager curiosity.

They were not kept long in suspense; nor could they realize that they were in you." the presence of a wild man of the woods, as, with a voice full of feeling and pathos, and to an air plaintive and tender, he sang words which, though simple, and even rude, embodied, like all negro songs, a wild and melancholy tradition, | Walter; "I can take care of myself."

There was something in this song, and in the manner in which it was executed, that affected Walter Tucker to tears: and he sat for a few moments in deep revery, to enjoy the fancies, sweet and sad, that floated through bis mind. His opinion of the negro underwent a change; and raising his eyes to see if the singer had not actually changed from his colour, he found that he had vanished in the darkness. Utopia had, through her fingers, kept her gaze fixed on Walter; and when the latter rose, she rose also, her fears returning thick upon her when she found that Wild Bill was gone.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

THE FAREWELL.

WALTER TUCKER conducted Utopia safely within view of the town of New Berne, and then prepared to bid her adieu. They had reached an elevated place on the western or north-western side of the city, from which they had a fair view of the town, and the glistening waters which surround it: but while the prospect seemed to fill Utopia with new and strange emotions of pleasure, the countenance of Walter grew dark, and his eyes beamed with an unpleasant meaning.

"Utopia," said he, stopping, "you are now safe : keep straight on until you get into the town, and inquire for Mr. Dufrong. There you will find father. and he will instruct you how to proceed."

"You're not going to leave me, sure enough?" spoke the girl, her face lighted up with more than usual expression.

"For the present," answered Walter. "Are you afraid to go into the town by

"Oh no, sir," replied the girl. "I'm not afraid now that I've got among civilized people; but I am afraid for

"For me?" Why so, Utopia ?"

"I don't know, sir," answered the girl. "You look so sad, I don't know what to think of it."

"Don't fear for me. child." said

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

"And you're determined to go back of every beholder. She nodded her back !'

"Utppia," said Walter, "there's the den of wild beasts you and I both should fear most. There," continued he, pointing towards New Berne, "there is where live my enemies and yours ; there, among the gentry and fine folk of New Berne. I've made a vow not to enter that town until I can enter it as the equal of the greatest man in it, and I wont ! Here we must part; and mind what I say, panthers and wolves will harm you less than would the fine people whom you are now going amongst."

The lears started into Utopia's eyes, and her voice sounded with an inexpressible sweetness as she said, " I hope we'll meet again, Walter. Please take this ; you'll have more need of it than I will."

"That's the money you got of Robert Bladen, replied Walter, with a glowing cheek, 4 and I'll touch nothing of his: besides, you'll have more need of it than I will.' That's a god that your fine civilized people all worship; but we, who live in the woods and swamps, worship a greater Deity. Keep it, for you will need it : keep it, but beware how you receive gifts from him who gave it to you. Farewell; and may God be with you !"

"Good-bye !" said Utopia, with a tone that long lingered in the ears of Walter. She often turned to look at him, moving slowly forward, while he was in sight; while he with his bow on his arm, and a quiver of arrows on his shoulder, strode hastily away, and was soon lost in the woods.

CHAPTER XXIX.

UTOPIA IN NEW BERNE.

As the girl Utopia carefully threaded her way into the town of New Berne, her appearance drew a curious glance from all who met her. Her dress, though coarse, soiled, and torn, was arranged with a delicacy of taste not often manifested by those so poorly clad; and from her face there beamed a light that irra-

into the swamps,' said the girl. "Oh, head, smiled, and spoke to every passerthey are so gloomy, and so full of strange by who looked towards her; and in this wild beasts ! Please, please don't go | way she passed on, breathing around her an atmosphere of sweetness and purity. Some there were, however, in whose hardened hearts the soft radiance of her countenance kindled no gentle emotions; and, strange to say, one of this very sort was the first whom she accosted with a question. In her simplicity she had supposed that the well dressed people were all well educated, and therefore refined and good; and so, meeting a company of gay and elegant youths, she was tempted to stop and inquire of one of them the way to the "Carolina Inn."

"I'll show it to you, and go with you to it," said the young man, winking at his companions. " It's a large, fine house, and the landlord is a very great man."

So saying, and followed by his tittering companions, he led her down one square, and then, turning to the right up a broad and beaz"ful street, he pointed out to her the house which she was seeking.

"By the way, what's your name ?" inquired the young stranger. "Utopia," answered the girl.

"Utopia what ?" asked her guide; " have you no other name ?"

"No, Sir," replied the girl; "they never gave me any other." The answer caused a stare among the young men, and the girl observed that they laughed and whispered to each other.

"Here I must leave you," said the one who had spoken before; "that large fine building just ahead of you, is the 'Carolina Inn.' You see it extends clean across the street; and you must know that it is a very fine and curious place. A man will meet you at the door; tell him you wish to be presented to his Excellency, as you have something for him, (his Excellency is the landlord,) and when you see him, the landlord, ask him if he can give you lodging."

"It's Mr. Tucker I want to see," said the girl, "and my letter is for him."

"Mr. Tucker will be sure to be there," replied the young man; "if he is not you can inquire for him. You must be very particular, and go exactly by my directions." "Yes, Sir." "Don't forget to call for his Excellency, and when diated with a golden sunshine the breast | you find him, he will be sitting in a large

you see him call him Mons. Dufrong, tell him you want lodging at his house, and have offered to his Majesty's representathat you wish him to send for Mr. Tucker | tive." immediately." "Yes, Sir," repeated the girl, as she passed on to the door of the Governor's palace, through which, after some delay, she was admitted. The Governor was just then holding a levee and the astonishment of the elegant and perfumed crowd may well be imagined, as a coarsely clad girl pushed her way among them, taking each one near her, by the hand, and finally approaching his Excellency and saluting him in a similar way.

84

"Mr. Dufrong," said she, scarcely stopping to recover breath; " is Mr. Tucker in ? I've got a "-

"Gracious Heaven ! what does all this mean ? said his Excellency, rising. "Who sent you hither, girl? By my life, they shall suffer who put this trick upon me. Here, carry her out, some of you, she soils the chamber."

"Will your Excellency permit me to interpose," said a gentleman, approaching the Governor; "the girl has been misled, and yet she may have business with your Excellency."

"Business with me !" cried Governor Martin, now furious with rage ; "do you mean to insult me, Mr. Harnett ?"

"Certainly not," said Mr. Harnett, coolly; "it strikes me that this is the girl of whom I have heard, and if so, she has a grievance-"

"Grievance, indeed !" exclaimed his Excellency, losing all presence of mind; "I say, sir, let me never hear that word again. I have a serious notion to have it condemned by Statute, and the use of it made criminal."

"Perhaps if your Excellency would listen to the word more patiently, you would not hear it so often," replied Cornelius Harnett.

"And perhaps your early attention to it, and appreciation of its meaning may prevent your ears from being offended by harsher sounds," spoke a tall figure by the side of Harnett.

"Colonel Ashe," said Martin, sternly, "your words remind me that I had, just now, lost my own self respect, and consequently that of my subjects; I command you," he continued, "to leave this presence and never to return to it, could make one," answered his Excel-

arm chair, in a splendid room-when until you have made an humble and suitable apology for the indignity you

> "That is while his Majesty has a representative here," said Colonel Ashe, smiling.

"Silence, traitor !" cried the Governor.

"For your life, Colonel Ashe !" said several courtiers, taking him by the arm, "command your temper. Come, you should apologize," continued one of them; "and I'll intercede in your behalf."

"Unhand me, gentlemen," said Ashe; "I am calm as a summer's morning, and know perfectly well what I am about. Josiah Martin," said he, drawing him-self to his full height and extending his hand towards the person addressed; "I know well the respect which is due to the office which you hold of first Magistrate of the people of North Carolina, nor would I willingly offer an insult to the Governor of the State-I do not now address you as such: I now denounce you as the tool of a foreign tyrant, and I defv vou !"

"Does your head feel heavy ?" asked one as Ashe withdrew.

"It sits not so heavily on his shoulders as his Excellency does on this Commonwealth," said Abner Nash, the friend of Colonel Ashe.

"Fear not," whispered he to the latter; "you have a safe fortress in the hearts of the people."

These things, as may be supposed, were said hastily, and in whispers, the Governor and his courtiers, for a moment, overwhelmed with astonishment, standing silent and motionless.

"Will none of you arrest that man ?" at length spoke his Excellency.

"By what warrant?" asked Harnett, calmly.

"A proper one shall be issued," said his Excellency ; Flet the room be cleared, I must be alone."

"But what of the girl and her mission ?" asked Harnett, who all this while had held Utopia by the hand; "will your Excellency be pleased to send for Alice Bladen-I am satisfied she can unravel this mystery."

"I never saw a woman but what

lency ; "tell Miss Bladen to honour me | part of her own history, which was most with her company," continued he, turning to a servant. " "She's coming," replied the latter, as Alice, the Lady Carolina Matilda, and a number of others, entered the room.

"Do you know this girl, Miss Bladen ?" asked the Governor, pointing to Utopia

Alice; "my dear child, what on earth can you be doing here." And so saying, she took Utopia to her arms, kissed her, and asked her a hundred questions, not waiting for a single answer. "This girl," said she, at length, turning to Governor Martin, "is the daughter of that Mis. Ricketts who was recently imprisonel in this place. She is a most interesting creature, and if your Excellency will permit, can give, I have no feel the presence of something more doubt, a faithful account of all the strange transactions at the beach."

"I am willing to listen," said Martin; "my mind has been deeply troubled, and I shall be glad to escape from its tortures. by this bit of romance, which comes in so opportunely. Come, my child, take your set here, and tell us all about the death of Mr. Ricketts, whence you came, and how you came here."

"I'd rather stand," said the girl.

"Well, stand if you will," replied his Excellency, "but take off your bonnet, hold up your head, and speak out." As Utopia was in the act of obeying this commanil, her eyes fell on Chester Rowton and Robert Bladen, who were entering the apartment, and she began to tremble violently.

"Why do you fear, child ?" asked Alice, who took her seat by Utopia, and put her drm around her; "you're surely not afraid of brother. Come, begin your story, and remember we are all human beings like yourself."

The girl after speaking to Bladen, who also took his seat by her, glanced timidly at Rowton, and began her simple story.

Gathering confidence as she advanced, and forgetting those about her as past events took possession of her mind, she kept her audience in breathless silence for an hour, relating in a style simple and graphic, what she had seen, and heard, and what had happened to her since the departure of the Bladens from

mysterious, and it was only after repeated questions that she could be induced to tell the particulars of her imprisonment: but of her escape and wanderings, her meeting with Walter Tucker, his assistance, and his conduct, she spoke in such terms as made an impression on the minds of all listeners. She now begged "Utopia, as I live !" cried the lively to be carried to Mr. Tucker, firmly and respectfully refusing to remain with Alice Bladen in the palace : and Mr. Harnett, who had become interested in her fate, undertook to conduct her to the inn. She had, she said, but one favour to ask, and that was to share her mother's imprisonment; and as she left the palace, led by Harnett, and bidding farewell to the Governor, and those about him, the whole assembly looked like those who divine than earth.

CHAPTER XXX.

A MIDNIGHT CAUCUS.

In a private room in the governor's palace, late in the night which followed the occurrences just related, sat two men engaged in anxious discussion. They were Josiah Martin, and Chester Rowton, men dissimilar in every respect except one; but that one point of resemblance now united them in the closest ties of friendship and confidence. Each was ambitious. and each was revengeful; each had been stung to the soul by insult and opposition, and each was bent on revenge.

"Yes," said Rowton, "though we pursue different ends, our roads lie together; we can be jointly interested in each other's aims, and it would, therefore, be folly in us not to unite our counsels and our forces."

"Our forces," exclaimed Martin, haggard and peevish; "to speak in royal style, where lie your forces, fair cousin."

"Here, my liege," said Rowton, touching his forehead; "here, in the brain, and

> - The unconquerable will. And study of revenge, immortal hate, And courage never to submit or yield.'

"I tell you, sir, there is the might of a the beach. She passed lightly over that | thousand men in the brain of one wise

counsellor; ay, sir, one great mind is worth ten thousand fools in armour."

"The wisdom of Solomon cannot save me or the royal cause in this accursed colony. I have been governor here for some four years, and I believe I am thoroughly conversant with the sentiment of the whole people."

"A more factious, turbulent, and stubborn people never lived : they are all ripe for rebellion, and I have long been sitting on the mouth of a volcano. From the highest to the lowest they are deeply tainted; even from the venerable and highly respectable* Samuel Johnston, the descendant of a noble house, down to the lowest dogs among the regulators, all, all have caught the infection. The gentlemen about here, and Edenton and Wilmington, have their heads filled with the most treasonable notions; and as for the west, it is a nest of hornets. Witness that meeting in Mecklenberg, and its absurd manifesto or declaration ; witness the treasonable proceedings at Cumberland, and the dangerous meetings that are daily held all over the province. And witness, too, how the Harnetts, and Harveys, and Nashes, and Moores, and Hoopers chuckled when that bold traitor, Ashe, insulted me in my own palace! I must challenge that man; yes, my honour bleeds; and, as I live ! I'll waive my rank, lay aside my dignity, and summon the great bully to single combat"

"May I be allowed to ask your ob-

* Samuel Johnston was president of the first provisional council, or provisional government, in North Carolina. He was a gentleman of the highest character, and of a distinguished English family. His decendants, modest and un-pretending, are citizens who would honour any country ; and some of them are among the wisest and best people of the Union. The author writes knowingly.

Cornelius Harnett was a gentleman of substance, a resident of Wilmington, and one of the master spirits in North Carolina in the troublous times of the Revolution. The other persons named were patriots of note. Of Colonel Ashe more will be written hereafter.

Governor Martin had been a member of the British Parliament, and had wounded, in a duel the celebrated John Wilkes, whom he challenged for an article reflecting on him in the "North Briton.".

He was accused by the patriots of North Carolina with attempting to incite the negroes to insurrection; and this charge is supported by the transactions of the times. The plan for the sub-jugation of North Carolina, as recorded in the quently described in the text.

ject ?" inquired Rowton. "Do you wish to kill him, or that he should kill you ?"

"Of course Lishould wish to kill him." answered Martin.

"So I supposed," said Rowton ; " and that being the case, it is absurd to place vourself in the way of being the victim. The thing can be easily managed another way."

"Man !" exclaimed Martin, sternly, "tempt me not! I shall not tarnish my honour by a deed so foul as that you would name."

"I only meant to make a suggestion," answered Rowton. "But, to the object of our interview. You tell me what I knew before : to wit, that all Carolina is rine for rebellion: we can crush these vipers at a blow. There are, as you know, three elements in the population of this country : there are the Highlanders, who have recently emigrated; there are the native whites, and the blacks."

"Would you stir up a servile war?" asked Martin.

"Hear me out," replied Rowton.

"I ask you again," continued Martin. "would you have me incite the negroes to insurrection ?"

"Are not your subjects ready to rise on you ?" asked Rowton.

" Yes."

"Have they not insulted, and would they not depose and slav you ?"

"It's too true "

" Is not self-defence the first law of nature? If you're driven out of the province, will you not be disgraced? If you subdue it by one sudden and bold stroke of policy, will you not defeat a rebellion organized throughout the whole country, save one of the brightest jewels of the crown, and become one of the greatest and most honoured friends of the monarch ?"

"Proceed with your plan," said Martin, pacing the room.

"If you will please to be seated," replied Rowton, "I wish you to fix your eyes on this map. The Edonton coun-

text, may be regarded as history; and the author refers to " Martin's History," to " Jones's Defence of North Carolina," and to all the historical records of the State. The scheme was well laid. Lord Dunmore, who conducted the invasion from Virginia, was checked and driven back, and the other parts of the plan were defeated, as subse-

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. try, as you observe, borders on Virginia.

and trades principally with Norfolk. It pretext for them." is also filled with slaves. Now. Lord Dunmore, or some other gallant officer, for active and open operations will not be with a few regulars, might advance from | long in coming. There is a spirit abroad the north, along this route, by the great bridge in Nansemond; before he would get to Edonton, the whole negro population would be in arms. In the west, I know from good authority, are great numbers of persons who would delight in sovereign at this trying crisis; to-morrow civil war; desperate and greedy wolves. who, on a concerted signal, and with your | now, what say you to a night cup and excellency's approbation, would cut the bed ?" throats of all the decent portion of the population. These will answer in the west, for negroes: they will fight and murder for plunder, and in this way they can serve our ends. They con, simultaneously, rise all over the country; kill each one his neighbour, embody themselves, and march down to the south as auxiliaries of the gallant Highlanders about Cross Creek. all of whom are loyal and brave. They came here on account of the lingering distrust of the king, who still remembers their attachment to the Stuarts ; you and your predecessors, Tryon, have made this attachment a pretext for exactions-excuse me-and thus they will be ready. when occasion offers, to show their lovalty to the house of Hanover, and their true Scottish dourage and devotion in the hour of trial. Well, this Highland army, increased by its western auxiliaries, will start northward as the Virginia army starts south : at the same time, Sir Henry Clinton, or Sir Peter Parker will arrive in the Cape Fear, just between these two divisions, cutting off the retreat of the rebels from both directions, and helping, by one grand swoop, to crush for ever rebellion in Carolina, and perhaps over the whole country."

"The plan seems good," said Martin; "but it is vastly complicated."

"But not impossible," replied Rowton; " all that you will have to do you can do easily and quickly. You must open a correspondence with Sir Henry Clinton in New York, and freely unfold to him all your plans; you must also give me commissions of generals, colonels, and captains, in blank, and a general power to employ such agents in the royal cause as I may think proper."

"I'll prepare the papers to morrow," replied Martin ; " but when shall all these

operations commence ? There is now no

"Let every thing be ready; the time which will soon engender a civil war all over the country; do you, therefore, be ready to play a great and glorious part.

"I'll not be wanting in my duty to my I'll prepare the papers you wish. And

"The cup-that is, the wine-shall be welcome ; but if your excellency can bear with a little longer, I would remind you that one of the causes or objects of this interview has not yet been touched upon. I wish now to say a word concerning my own matters."

"Certainly; proceed; I am ready to listen, advise, and aid."

"I thank your excellency; I must have Alice Bladen."

"She will never marry you," replied Martin.

"She shall be mine," said Rowton.

"As a matter of curiosity," said Martin. "I should like to know how you can love a woman, a vain, giddy, pert woman, who hates you and insults you."

"Perhaps I do not," replied Rowton ; "perhaps-but I need not say why I wish to get her. I must not be thwarted in this-I'm sure your excellency will aid, as far as you can, a subject so good. a friend so true, and a lover so constant." "With all my heart; please tell me

how."

"First, you must know that I ask nothing that you cannot conscientiously grant. The lady's guardian and her best friends desire to match her with me, and you are requested, by the highest authority in this matter, to aid me. I will not ask you to act the tyrant; you have but to prevent the lady in question from rambling over the country. It is her purpose, I understand, to accompany the lady Carolina Susannah to Wilmington-"

"Say no more," interrupted his excellency; no loyal subject, whose actions I can control shall go near that den of traitors. You shall have your wish."

"It will not be so easily accomplished," said Rowton ; " the girl is wilful and wayward, and if your excellency

does not keep strict watch, she will give | you the slip."

88

"Not she," replied Martin ; "she shall form part of my household, and I'll be surety for her appearance in this place at any given time."

"Will your excellency see that she has no secret interviews with one Tucker, a noted fiddler, whom your excellency must remember to have seen ?"

"I have seen him, but I supposed he had left the city,"

" He still lingers here-for what object I know not," said Rowton; "he is, to my certain knowledge, a dangerous character, and cannot be too closely watched. I am of opinion that he knows more about the murder of Ricketts than he cares to tell."

"And if you think so, why have you not taken steps to have him arrested ?" asked Martin.

"The fact is," replied Rowton, smiling, "I dislike to harbour suspicions, and I never meddle with matters that do not concern me. I was so shocked at the tragedy on the beach, that for a while I took a lively interest in the matter; my investigations, however, led me to suspect respectable people, and so I washed my hands of the whole matter. The foolish man who attends me-he who calls himself Doctor Riboso, and who is so devoted to-my interest-knows facts which implicate Tucker, and I refer your excellency to him. Pardon me for making one more request; watch the interviews of the girl Utopia, with Miss Bladen; she will be used by Tucker and this wilful lady as a messenger."

"You would have me become a spy in my own palace," said Martin, laughing; "but nevertheless I'll do as you wish. Let us be true to each other, and we'll both triumph."

"So I believe," replied Rowton; "I'm sure you shall, if the brain of one faithful friend can save you."

CHAPTER XXXI.

OLD DAN TUCKER AND HIS VIOLIN IN A NEW PLACE.

NEXT day there came to the "Carolina Inn," an officer, who inquired for trate, sternly, "take your seat, sir, or I'll Mr. Daniel Tucker, alias Pocosin Dan. | order you to jail instantly."

This latter, who was reading a newspaper at the time, happened to be the person thus accosted; and with a pleasant smile, he replied, "I am Mr. Tucker, at your service, sir."

"By virtue of this warrant, you are my prisoner, sir," said the officer, holding a paper in one hand, and seizing with the other the collar of Old Dan's coat.

"Your prisoner !" cried Dan, his countenance collapsing; "what do you mean, fellow ?"

The altercation brought out Coon and the host of the "Carolina Inn," and all of them were greatly amazed when they saw that process, on a criminal charge, had actually issued against Dan. They now began alternately to abuse and entreat the officer. Dan himself assuring that functionary that he was as innocent of the charge brought, as a child unborn. He was totally ignorant of law, and in his simplicity undertook to argue with the constable. The latter, however, like all constables, was a man of few words, and immediately conveyed his prisoner to the courthouse, there to answer before a justice of the peace. Coon and a great multitude of people followed, the former in a towering passion: and when he saw the accusing witness he eyed him from head to foot, with a manner that made even Dr. Ribs quail and hang his head. In fact, the huge fiddler seemed greatly interested in the Doctor's appearance, walking round him, staring him in the face, and scanning his dress and his limbs with the interest of a virtuoso; and when the witness was called as J. McDonald de Riboso, Coon turned from him with a contemptuous expression, giving vent to his feelings in a deep-drawn emphatic sound which cannot be expressed by letters. As for Dan, the observed of all, he sat quietly and keenly watching his accuser, his countenance wearing a thousand different expressions as the witness told his story; he answered briefly the questions nut to himself, and then desired to be heard in his own defence.

"I am making out your mittimus, Mr. Tucker."

" My mittimus!" cried Coon, in a voice of thunder; "is this what you call law in Carolina ! is this-"

" Take your seat, sir !" said the magis-

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

Old Z|p seemed little disposed to obey | scene, and going over, in his mind; the it was accompanied; but Dan, and others slowly extending his clenched hand towhose symplithids seemed to be with the | wards the city, muttered, "To think there prisoner, entreated, and the Virginian took | should be such a moon and such a river his seat scowling at the magistrate. The | in Carolina, and such a fiddler too !" and mittimus was made out, or rather the prisoner was required to give bail, with two sureties, in the sum of ten thousand pounds, and being unable to do this, was committell. His friend Coon, who was refused admittance into the jail, accompanied him to the door of the prison ; and there the two old fiddlers, with tears in their eyes, took an affectionate leave of each other. A single clear drop glittered | that there is a large swamp to the west in the eyes of Dan, as he extended his of New Berne, and that it is traversed by hand, and raised his face to heaven. Zip | a solitary road. This is Swamp Dover, cried like a child, sobbing most violently | some six miles long; and even to this as the ponderous doors of the prison were | day it is famous as the rendezvous of robclosed, and the huge bolts turned on Pocosin Dar. The latter was allowed to have his iddle, his money, and all his clothes; and that night his friend sat beneath his window until the dawn of the morning. Day after day Zip remained in the city, still lingering about the prison, and at last, at the urgent solicitation of Dan, he prepared to leave. Late in the night of his departure, he tuned his violin for a final concert with his friend; and then, with no listeners but themselves, the lonely widow Ricketts, and her daughter, they discoursed together a harmony that floated with a melancholy sweetness through the silent city. Brisk airs they also played; and at last, after a mournful tune, they parted. Zip, with his pack, then started on his journey, but ever and anon he would stop to listen to the violin of Dan, and touch his own in awhile, but his lips soon became rigid; answer; and thus he continued till he reached a spot where he could barely hear the softened strains of the imprisoned Dan. There he halted, and executed a martial air with his utmost skill began to hoot and shout with the whole and vigour; the answering notes of Tucker's wolin swelled full, rich, and denly an apparition glided into the road melodious on the air, and Zip, shaking | before him. He was overwhelmed for his head as he concluded no guilty man an instant, dropping his pack and mecould play so nobly, resumed his solitary journey. Arrived at the suburbs of the town, he halted again ; the moon was just rising from the silver waters of the bay beyond, gilding the steeple tops, and tinging with colours light and dreamy, the misty robe of night. | With folded arms | as he came to. the tall Virginian stood contemplating the

the injunction, or heed the threat by which | history of the last few months; then then plunged into the woods.

CHAPTER XXXII.

ZIP COON HAS AN ADVENTURE.

IT is known, to the Carolinians at least, bers and runaway slaves. This is the road which the ancient fiddler, Zip Coon pursued; and familiar as he had become with the stories of tragic incidents and strange adventures in the regions through which he passed, be began to feel somewhat uncomfortable. Brave, cheerful, and egotistical he certainly was; he was, also, well armed, and in excellent health; but still the dark gleaming waters around Kim, the sombre forests with their myriads of strange minstrels, and the dead and spectral looking pines with their uncouth limbs and phosphorescent trunks, filled him with a mysterious sort of awe.

Then he began to recollect stories of witches, and ghosts, and dreadful apparitions; the wind moaned dismally among the trees, and the owls screamed and laughed among the bushes. Zip whistled then he sang, but his voice echoed fearfully through the woods, and hushing the birds, and frogs, and insects, and followed by an oppressive silence. Finally, he force of his lungs, and as he did so, sudchanically raising his gun; the apparition, swelling to an amazing size, advanced with a terrific scream, and the appalled traveller fell fainting and muttering his prayers "In the name of all that is blessed and holy above, who are you ?" said he,

"I am the little Pocosin," answered

90

LIFE IN THE SOUTH: A COMPANION TO

Walter Tucker, sprinkling with water the | gant fnrniture, and one of the rooms was face of his terrified friend.

"Was it only you ?" asked Zip, greatly relieved; "I'm sure I saw the devil, and he was as high as the tallest trees."

"People's imaginations always add to. or subtract from, the reality," said philosopher Walter; "if you will excuse me for saying so, it was your fear that made me so large."

" It all comes from being in this plaguy Carolina," replied Zip, now fully recovered : " if I had been in Old Virginny I should not have been expecting to see the devil. We have no witches therenor swamps either."

"Now you're subtracting," said Walter, laughing; "but I have no time now to quarrel about our respective States: I have important news to tell you."

"Walter," spoke Zip, "I hardly believe now it's you; you have changed amazingly since I saw you: let me feel you boy," and he handled him as if he half expected to touch an unearthly substance.

"never change; they are books of a single page. Others change constantly and | of the evening they had music and dancing, rapidly; that is, they become developed; and, finally, a table was spread with the occasions call out their real naturesbring to light their faculties. I am what | this time, Rowton, covered with mud. I always was; late events have only developed me."

man," returned Zip; "but tell me, what greatest attention. They had wines and has made you great so soon ? and what | liquors at supper, and in the course of the on earth are you doing here ?"

her, did she not?" answered Walter. "Well, I plunged into the forest, determined again to find Wild Bill-I could not; but by going in the direction from which Utopia came, I found the house to which she was carried from the beach. It is surrounded on two sides by a swamp; on the other two is a river, or sheet of water, which makes two parts of a square. I came in sight of this place in day time, but I did not wish then to approach; to make Martin a great man, and himself however, I kept prowling about until I his chief counsellor. 'Yes.' said he. became thoroughly satisfied that no one | rising, and much excited, 'yes, ladies was at home, and then I crept slyly up. The house is a low, dingy-looking one outside; but never did I dream of any | shall triumph; we'll add to our number, thing so fine as the inside. It was ar- and have thirteen to our holy brotherranged in the most convenient manner; | hood; and as for The Voice of the Thirthe parlour was filled with the most ele- teen States, as one of their bombastic

more like the chamber of a fairy, than of a human being. However, I'm a poor hand at description, and therefore I'll not attempt one of this place : it is a real palace: and while I was roaming about from room to room, I heard a loud laugh, and looking out at the window, saw a boat, a beautiful little boat, coming up, filled with people. I thought I was lost; but looking about, I found a great clock in the corner of the parlour, and I crept into that. putting the key in my pocket, and keeping my eve at the key-hole. Would you believe me? Among the company who came in, was Polly Dawson, the belle of Arabia, a girl I used to know on the beach; she was elegantly dressed, and with her were several fine gentlemen, and very handsome ladies. They all made wonderfully free with each other, talking, laughing, and romping; and I could gather that Polly lived there; that the place belonged to Chester Rowton, and that he was expected there that night. It was nearly sundown when I went into the "Some people," answered Walter, clock, and determined to see what was to be done, I waited till dark. In the course most splendid banquet I ever saw. About rode up: Polly Dawson ran out and kissed him in the most affectionate man-"I always thought you'd be a great ner, and the whole company paid him the night they became very merry, and even "Utopia told you when and how I left drunk. Then it was that they let out their secrets; then it was that I heard things that will be of interest to the whole country. They talked very freely of crushing the rebellion in this country; they laugned immoderately at our meetings, and speeches, and resolutions, and declared that every leading rebel should be hung. Rowton laid open what he called his grand scheme for the subjugation of North Carolina; said he intended and gentlemen, the good cause of King George and of his Paladins of the swamp,

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

manufestors has it that shall be hushed for ever. Here's success to the merry Paladins of the swamp, and damnation to the Thirteen States ¹⁷ I could hold in no longer, and as they were drinking the toast, I took the key of the clock from my pocket and struck on the bell thirteen times * I struck slowly and distinctly, till they all became silent; and when I hit the thirteenth lick, the women screamed, and the men started from their seats, uttening the most terrible oaths. I saw that no time was to be lost, and cried out. ' hurrah for Liberty and the Thirteen States !' jumping out of the clock as I did so, flinging it on the table, and knocking it, men, and women over, with a tremendous crash. The next instant I was through the window into the swamp, safe and sound I found my arms where I had hid them, and here I am on my way to see you and father."

"Boy," said old Zip, " I'm sorry, I'm truly sorry-but-but-how shall I tell him ?"

* The author has heard a story something similar to Walter's anecdote with the clock.

It is said, that during the Revolution, a party of British officers were dining and making merry at the house of the father of Judge Toomer, in Wilmington by vicinity i the owner, who was a distinguished Whig, being absent. When full of wine, some one proposed a toast reflecting on the Thirteen States; and as it was drunk, the old eight-day clock in the corner struck thirteen times. The officers might have been deceived : but certain it is, they fell upon the clock with their swords, and cut it to pieces. The venerable timepiece, with the "scars" still upon it, is now in the possession of Judge Toomer-at least so the author has heard.

"As to the "Paladins of the Swamp," they had their originals in real life. In remote times. there were many strange and some romantic adventurers in the eastern Carolinas: some of them were of noble families, and led lives whose history would be stranger than fiction. The old histories are full of accounts of "gentlemen pirates," who, as is said elsewhere in the text, "braved and bribed" the public authorities; they levied a sort of black-mail on those along the coast, and in some respectable families they were received as guests. Of course, these entertainers shared in the plunder of their non-descript visiters.

One of the most celebrated of these-Edward Teach, commonly called Blackheard-was famous for his carousals on land, and his exploits on water; and for a long time escaped with impunity. He was at length taken and killed, off the coast of North Carolina, and after a desperate engagement, by a Lieutenant Maynard, who commanded two sloops of war, manned in Virginia.---He married thirteen times !

"What do you mean ?" said Walter: "haven't you recovered yet from your fright ?"

"I'm not thinking about that now," replied Zip : " that's a very small matter. It's true, I was a little scared, but it was because I was not in my right mind. No. no, young man; I've travelled at night before, and it has often been said of me. that Old Nick himself couldn't make me run. But I never was in such a state of mind before; I have been crying for a week or more, and my heart's all melted away. It's a child's heart now : I couldn't face a pop-gun, boy, I'm so nervous from sorrow.

"What on earth is the matter with you. uncle Zip?" asked Walter; "have you been in love, and been refused ?"

"I be in love in this infernal Carolina !" exclaimed Zip; "I love any thing in these low grounds of sorrow and I from old Virginny, too ! No, sir, no, sir, it's not love; boy, I'm more nor your uncle now; I'm your father."

Zip uttered this in a subdued tone, and Walter, dropping his arms, and his whole manner changing, cried, "Is he dead ? Is father dead !'

"Not dead," said Zip, "not dead, out in purgatory; he's in jail."

"Where ?" asked Walter, fiercely; "who put him in? What did they do it for ? The base dogs, they shall die !"

"Moderate your anger," said Zip, "and I'll tell you about it;" and so he did, but with such a vast number of parentheses, apostrophes, exclamations, and episodes, that we cannot afford to give his language.

"That base villain !" exclaimed Walter, gathering up his arrows and bow, " that fiend ! I suspected him before. I'll break my vow; I'll go to New Berne this night. Will you go with me, old gentleman ?"

"Old gentleman, eh?" cried Zip; 'the boy's still improving? Who's a villain, young gentleman? Who's a fiend ?"

"Chester Rowton," said Walter: "will ou go with me ?"

"Let's consider on that," answered Zip ; "let's consider first what's best to be done."

"I'm off," said Walter; "will you go ?"

"What's that ?" cried Zip with a trembling voice, and pointing down the road.

plied Walter.

"Listen, listen !" cried Zip, becoming still more agitated; "don't you hear something in the woods?"

"I do," said Walter, "and look, there's a horse! and, as I live, two persons on it!"

"Hulloo, there !" exclaimed Coon, recovering, and becoming bold; "who the devil are you? Approach, or I'll shoot," continued he, raising his gun.

"Is not that Mr. Coon," asked a soft and boyish voice.

" That's my name," replied Zip; " who are you ?"

"A friend, who has seen you in New Berne," answered the voice, and the horse, with its burden, now approached.

The new-comers were a negro man, extremely aged, and a white boy, who dismounted in the woods, and came running up to Coon as if much delighted to see him. Suddenly seeing Walter, however, the lad paused and looked alarmed, when Zip said, " he's not an Injun, boy; don't be afraid. It's only Walter Tucker, another friend. Who are you, and where are you going at this time of night?"

"I'm a student," said the boy, " and my name is Frank Hooper. I'm on my way to Wilmington, where I live."

"You've taken a strange time for travelling," said Zip; "and if it were not for your confoundedly handsome face, I should feel disposed to fear some dark deed. But I see it all now. You've run away: yes, that's it: you didn't want to be whipp'd. I don't blame you, boy: you needn't be afraid of me: these schoolmasters and I were never sworn friends. and in old Virginny the whole race of them stand in mortal terror of me. So just make a clean breast of it, and tell me all about it.---What an eternal nice boy he is!"

"I haven't run away from my teacher," said Frank Hooper; "he is a very clever man, and never treated me amiss. But I have run away from New Berne, or rather left secretly; and the cause is one in which this young man, Mr. Tucker, is | for the present I'm master of my own partly interested. I am sent by the Patriots on secret and urgent business to the | course of conduct for me. Come, Mas-Patriots of Wilmington; and to keep from | ter Frank, it is time for us to part." exciting the suspicions of the governor, they have put out rumours that I have run Frank. off from school. The teacher is in the

"I see nothing but an old stump," re- | secret, and he's as strong a liberty man as any in the whole country."

> "That's a redeeming quality in him." returned Coon, "and I'm surprised at it; for the preachers and teachers, in old Virginny at least, always side with the king." "How am I interested in this matter?" asked Walter.

"I have letters from your father, who is in prison, to a great friend of his in

Wilmington," said the boy. "Will you let me see them ?" inquired

Walter.

"You are suspicious," answered the boy; "but you'll see I tell the truth. Here they are," continued he, taking a packet from his pocket; "these two are from your father to Mr. Harnett, and you can see by the direction whether or not they are in your father's hand-writing."

"This is his hand," said Walter; "I could tell it by a darker moon. Do you knew what he wants with Mr. Harnett? and can you tell me if one Chester Row-ton is in New Berne?"

"Your father, has written about himself, and about the troubles that are brewing in the country; he has great confidence in Mr. Harnett, and wants him to defend his case; and also, as he expresses it, to defend the case of the country. I can't tell you any more now of my business, which is urgent and secret. What do you know of Mr. Rowton ?"

"I know him to be a villain," answered Walter; "but we've no time to talk longer. I wish you a safe and speedy journey, Master Hooper, and hope Mr. Harnett will come up to father's expectations. Shall I help you on your horse ?"

"I want Mr. Coon and you to go with me," replied the boy; "I'm very young, and hardly know the road."

"Mr. Coon can go if he wishes," said Walter; "my road lies in a different direction."

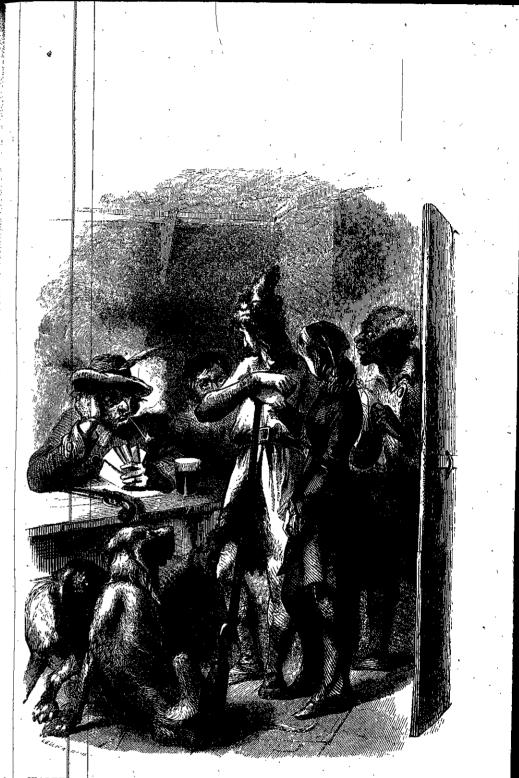
"Yes, but you must go with me," returned the wilful boy.

"And shall go," put in Zip.

"Must and shall are words which no one but my father can use towards me: actions, and allow no one to dictate a

"Won't you go with me?" asked

"No," replied Walter.



WALTER TUCKER, FRANK HOOPER, AND UNCLE JOB, AT THE SWAMP INN.

TINCLE TOM'S CABIN.

"Please do," said the boy, in a tone soft and tender; "I'm afraid to go, with laughing. no one with me but uncle Job, there. He's very old and decrepit."

with him," replied Walter. "If you are | walk with you." "I'm fleet of foot," afraid, you can easily go back with me replied Walter, "and it will be impossito New Berne."

boy, beginning to weep. "If I go back I'm lost, and cannot travel in the dark by myself. I thought I would have found a house before now, and ----"

must go with the lad, and I'll return to | way !" Coon was now nearly out of your father. You cannot serve him better | sight on his way to New Berne; but for than by going to his friends, and interest- some time afterwards, Walter Tucker ing them in his case."

you," said Frank Hooper, "and told me to instruct you what to say to the people at Wilmington. He wished, several times, that I might meet with you. I have a purse of gold, sir, and if ----"

"Wom do you take me for, boy?" interrupted Walter, sternly. "You belong to fine people, and like them, you think if you can't command me, you can bribe me. I'm not a slave, nor the son of one I do not serve from fear, nor for money, young man."

"You'll serve for love, though, won't you ?" asked the boy, approaching Walter, with the frank and tender manner of a child.

"Perhaps so," replied Walter.

"Then I'll love you all my life, if you'll go with me," said the student. "I'll love you, and all those that like me shall and will treat you as they treat tia. In the west, the mountains, the me."

child and in danger," returned Walter-"Mr. Goon," continued he, "go back immediately to New Berne-never let any one but father know that you have seen me, and tell no one but him-what I have old you. You must be cautious and wise, and tell father to be so; let him know where I am, give him my love, and tell him that I will reap a rich harvest of vengeance for this indignity which has been put upon him."

"God Almighty bless you, my boy," replied Zip; "here's my hand, and my everlasting friendship! And here's the same to you my prefty boy !"

" Take care of ghosts," said Walter,

" "Come Master Frank, let me mount you behind uncle Job." " I've become "Then you ought not to have started | cold," answered Frank, " and had rather ble for you to keep up with me." "I "Oh, what shall I do ! exclaimed the | walk a great deal, too," said the student, "and I'm willing to try a match with you for a while at least."

"As you will," answered Walter; "but you must not blame me if you are 🛦 "I can't stand this," said Coon, inter-rupting the boy. "Walter, my son, you Come, uncle Job, wake up and lead the and Frank Hooper could hear his stento-"He said you might go, if I found | rian voice, loud ringing through the woods.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

HISTORICAL AND GEOGRAPHICAL.

THOSE who will look upon the map of North Carolina, will find that Wilmington is in a south-westerly direction from New Berne, and about eighty miles distant; but they must know that in North Carolina, roads do not run straight from one place to another. The barriers of nature, not yet overcome, have caused the State to be divided into a number of distinct communities, and these communities differ as widely from each other, in manners, habits, and feelings, as do the inhabitants of Florida and Nova Scograndest and highest in the Union, divide "So you think now, while you're a neighbourhoods as far from each other as are Charleston and New York; and in the east are rivers that spread out into shallow seas, and immense swamps that are yet the abodes of sayage beasts, and of still more savage men.

> Different races, too, have peopled these comparatively obscure regions; New Englanders and Virginians, with many aristocratic and some noble English families, founded the settlements on the Cape Fear River and Albermarle Sound : the Baron de Graffenriedt, of Berne, in Switzerland, was the founder of New Berne, on the Neuse River, and near the head of Pamlico Sound; Highlanders who "were

to those who were, formed a settlement at Cross Creek, now Fayetteville, in the southern part of the State; the Moravians, a peculiar religious sect from Germany, settled a colony in the central part of the State, and in the west, were emigrants and adventurers from different places. These races, or settlements, separated from each other by the barriers to which we have alluded, long preserved their distinct national characteristics ; and in adjoining counties might be found people speaking different languages, and differing widely in religion, dress, and modes of living. About the frontiers of these settlements were adventurers from all nations, religious fanatics, desperadoes and robbers; in the swamps were runaway slaves and fugitives from justice, while the sounds and rivers along the coast were infested by a peculiar class of pirates known as bucaniers, some of whom were of high descent, lived in splendour while on land, and braved and bribed the public authorities. In such a country the authority of the mother country, always feeble, was virtually at an end, before the Revolution had properly commenced; and in various sections there were meetings and formal declarations of independence, similar to that of Mecklenburg, and prior, in point of time, to that national one of the fourth of July, 1776. The people, growing up in the woods, were essentially free thinkers; and many of them, unfortunately, were at all times free actors. The celebrated insurrection of the Regulators, in 1771, was an indication of the spirit of the people before the Revolution; they were all Regulators, and some of them partly from causes mentioned, and partly from the unsettled state of things, regulated themselves according to their own notions, submitting to no law but that of their own will. During the period of which we now write, the whole State or Province was in commotion, the elements of revolution where every where at work, and though they were all approximating towards one grand result, yet these elements, in different places and among different races, assumed different aspects and operated in different ways.

Such was the condition of things at the time Frank Hooper, accompanied by Walter Tucker and an old servant, undertook a journey from New Berne to Wil- | material, and fastened round the waist by

out in the affair of '45," or were related | mington ; and these two youths, between whom a warm friendship began to grow, were types of two of the races of which we have been writing. In one we find the stern, sad, philosophical plebeian, educated, it is true, and of fine sensibilities and vaulting ambition ; but he was a tenant of the woods and a follower of the chase, and nature was his teacher. Accustomed to meditation and a solitary life, his thoughts were slightly tinged with gloom; his sentences were brief, sententious, and full of imagery borrowed from the wild solitudes o'er which he roamed; and, though gentle in nature and not uncouth in manuers, his polish and his gentleness were those of a young and fearless son of Nimrod.

This was the Regulator; and with him was a scion of one of those noble houses who early espoused the cause of . freedom in North Carolina. The name, Hooper, is one illustrious in the annals of the State; and the men of that name, like many of their compeers, had every thing to loose and nothing to gain by a revolution. They lived in splendour not surpassed in any part of the American colonies: they were educated, refined, and surrounded by all the luxuries and elegancies of life, and, though of aristocratic blood, respected by the people, Frank Hooper had, for one of his age, read much, and thought much too; but, though a lover of freedom, and deeply imbued with the philosophy of the times, his air and bearing, his dress and language, were altogether different from those of his companion. | His loose velvet pantaloons were gathered tightly round a slender waist, and were not too long to hide a delicate ankle, and still more delicate foot, cased in morocco shoes, with shining silver buckles. His blue jerkin was fringed with lace; ruffles, white as snow, adorned his wrists. and his wide, open collar, was of the finest cambric linen. His cap, which was adorned with tassels and a scarlet band, was pulled low over his head and cheeks, to protect them from the dews of the night, and was carefully fastened under the chin with fillets of velvet; but it did not conceal entirely a face extremely fair, and eyes that sparkled with intelligence and sensibility. Walter, it is true, wore a green hunting-shirt of fine

feet and apkles were in red moccasins, and his cap, though becoming, and, indeed, picturesque, was not of cloth, but of the undressed skin of the wild raccoon. At first, therefore, he felt somewhat ashamed of his own costume, especially as young Hooper would compel him to view him as a friend : he was often glancing at his own dress and that of his companion, while the other never seemed to take the slightest notice of any but his own babiliments. He was, too, so genule in his manner, and so frank in his conversation—so full of harmless wit and entertaining gossip—that Walter became insensibly lively and confidential, often giving utterance to sallies and Hooper; "I mean that Utopia is too sentiments that caused his friend to stretch his eves with wonder. The subject of greatest interest to both were the intrigues and character of the intriguers about the Governor's court. Concerning these Walter had many questions to ask, and Frank Hooper was ever ready to answer.

"But the strangest person I have yet seen," said Hooper, in the course of the conversation, "is your friend, Utopia." "Why do you call her my friend ?" asked Walter, quickly. "We have been thrown together by accident, and I felt bound-

"Make no apologies," replied Frank Hooper Her acquaintance, I assure you, will not disgrace any one. As I've told you, my connexions enabled me to be a gleat deal about the palace, and throughout the whole household that little girl has been, for weeks, the chief subject of conversation. I say little girl; but she cannot now be called exactly a girl, though it would, perhaps, be equally improper to say she is a woman. I am told, that, a few months ago, she seemed much smaller and more girlish than she is now; in fact, it is astonishing how she has grown since I first saw her; though, perhaps, a change of dress may be one cause of the difference in her appearance." "How has she changed her dress ?"

asked Walter.

"Your father and Miss Alice Bladen have bolight her a fine wardrobe," said Hooper, "and it is surprising to see how gracefully a rustic like her wears her neat dresses, and how sweetly and discretely she donducts herself. Her mind,

a broad belt of polished leather; but his too, they say, has improved amazing-

"Has she learned to write yet ?" asked Walter.

" Learned to write !" exclaimed Hooper, 4 why she is now taking lessons in drawing and music. Knowledge of books and sciences seems to come to her by intuition, and in six months she will be a lady, and the most intelligent one in all the country. No, I'm wrong in saying she'll be a lady; it don't seem natural to call her so."

"You fine folks, I suppose, think no one is a lady or gentleman, that is not high born," said Walter.

"That's not what I mean," replied good, too celestial to be called a lady. The word lady suggests notions of a mere finely dressed woman, with, a woman's whims, vanities and frailties; Utopia is not such. She is not like other people; she don't seem to be a mere animated machine of clay. She should be called nothing but Utopia; there is nothing like her in the world. And would you believe me? She spends all her nights in jail with her mother; yes, she comes out of that horrid place looking asinnocent, as cheerful, and as sweet as if. she were just from a bed of down, in a royal palace. She carries her purity and her goodness every where; and she is the same Utopia in jail, in a hovel, in, the woods and in the fine houses of the rich and gay. Her heart is a heaven, and her divine soul does not borrow its worth, while it takes no stain or taint from the places in which she moves."

"Truly," said Walter, "you are eloquent in her praises; but this is all because she is a sort of curiosity in New-Berne. It will be fashionable with the fine people, there to pet her for a while, just as they would a monkey from Africa, or a parrot from the Indies; but their monkeys and parrots will retain their popularity longer than Utopia. I see that Miss Bladen has taken a great fancyfor her; it'll not last long, as the poor girl will find to her sorrow."

"You never lose an opportunity of giving a fling at Miss Bladen," said Frank, laughing; "you must have a spite against her."

"I don't harbour spite against women," returned Walter.

"Then you dislike her," said Frank. "I don't like her ways," replied Walter.

98

"Did she ever offend you ?" asked Frank, kindly.

"It's no matter," said Walter ; " perhaps I've already said too much."

" Very well," replied Frank, pettishly; "If you don't choose to trust me with your secrets I have no right to complain."

CHAPTER XXXIV.

BOYISH CONVERSATION.

FRANK HOOPER, the student, though too proud to acknowledge it, began before the dawn of morning to manifest symptoms of fatigue; still he stoutly refused to take a seat with Job, on the horse which the latter rode. At last he confessed that he would like to ride, but declared his dislike of being seen behind the old negro; and finally, that all parties might be mounted, it was agreed to borrow, hire, or purchase a gig, and to hitch Job's animal to it, Morning came, but Frank found it no easy matter to get a vehicle to suit his purpose. The first house at which he inquired was a rude log hut, in a small patch of cleared ground, and surrounded by a wide waste of sand; the wall of the hut was covered outside with the skins of squirrels, raccoons, and wild cats, and inside were found a woman and some half a dozen of half naked children, all of a sickly, ashy hue, and one of them, a girl of some thirteen, sitting in the sun shivering with an ague. The good woman hardly knew what a gig was, but proffered her cart to the laughing youngsters; and in answer to a question about the health of the neighborhood remarked, that they had very little sickness in those parts, though she had heard it said there was a good deal higher up on the river.

"There's an instance of the benevolence of Providence," said the student, as they left the hut, on the sandy desert ; "the human system will adapt itself to any condition of life, and become comparatively happy in it. I almost believe that there is no difference in the happiness of different ranks."

"I don't," said Walter; "ain't you tired ?" continued he : " well, wouldn't you be more happy now if you were in a gig? Just so I would be if I were elevated to that circle in which I ought to move."

"It's well enough to propose to ourselves some worthy aim," replied the student; "and the higher our aim the better we'll be. This is the reason why, in my opinion, Utopia will be so perfect; her heart is naturally good, and she was born and raised up in that state of society where she had no humane examples to copy after. The instincts of her nature tell her that those are depraved people among whom she lives, or has lived; she, therefore, will shun whatever they do, and copy after some exalted model she has formed in her pure imagination. Girls born in good society, are not always trying to be better; they are satisfied when they come up to the usual standard, and will without compunction, practise follies that are canonized. You have, I understand, had an opportunity of knowing Utopia more intimately than we generally know girls; and if Miss Bladen speaks the truth of her, you must have witnessed a delicacy and propriety in all her conduct, a serenity of temper, and a purity, and sweetness of sentiment which women do not find in each other, nor husbands in their wives. Still you imagine 'that the higher ranks are better and more refined-you'll be sadly disappointed when you marry among them."

"Who told you I wanted to marry among them !" asked Walter; "you must think I am in love with Alice Bladen."

"I'm obliged to think she has made an impression of some sort on your mind," answered the student; "you are constantly alluding to her."

"And you won't talk about her," replied Walter, "but are eternally harping on Utopia. I see how it is, you love Miss Alice and you want to keep me from suspecting you."

"I love Miss Alice Bladen !" cried the student, bursting into a merry laugh; "what strange suspicions get into your head. Pray tell me why you think so, and I'll tell you with equal candour whether or not I do love the English Beauty." "You seem to know her very well," said Walter.

"Well, so I do."

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

"You say, also," continued Walter, " that you are very intimate at the palace."

"Thue, again," exclaimed the student ; " now now does it follow that I'm in love with Alice Bladen? You know Utopia very well, and you once lived in the same house with her-

"I don't love Utopia," said Walter, dryly.

"Aild I'm not a suitor or lover of Alice Bladen," said the student, pettishly.

"I never tell stories about these things," returned Walter.

"Nor do I," answered the student. "Some people try so much to make every thing a joke, that you never know what they mean," spoke Walter, and began to whistle a melancholy air.

"And some can't bear to be joked about such things, without getting into a furious rage," said the student, who answered Walter's tune with a very lively I'm a fool you must forgive the oddities of a country bumpkin."

"You'rd a strange compound," replied the student, "but I like you all the better for it-I'm eccentric myself; but I a wide, shallow stream, whose waters make it a fule not to look cross at a near friend, nor to use harsh language towards him: these things cut more deeply than we are aware."

"And that's the case with your words now," said Walter, "but the reproof is wholesome. But, tell me, how can you, on such a short acquaintance, profess to be a near friend to me ?"

"Haven't you bought my friendship at a heavy price ?" asked the student; " besides, I have often heard of you, and I find you such as you were described."

"I'm an awkward hand at kind professions," said Walter, "but Master Frank, you'll never find me wanting in action."

The truth is, Walter Tucker, who had never before conversed with an equal of his own age, was from the first, and despite his strong dislike of the aristocracy, greatly taken with Frank Hooper. The latter, from his size, seemed to be several years his junior; but Walter soon discovered in him traces of a thinking, well educated mind. Then the youth was so full of charming vivacity, so delicate, so gentle in manner, and so refined in feel-

ing, so perfectly well bred, and yet so wayward, frank, and simple, that Walter was entirely fascinated with him; and when he seemed to throw himself on Walter's protection, and to claim the assistance of his superior strength and activity, the latter felt proud of his privilege. Indeed, he often gazed at his slender companion with a serious, thoughtful countenance, and could the latter then have read his heart, he would have found him wishing that he had just such a one for his little brother. Walter could not keep this wish out of his mind, and he was going to give utterance to it, when the friends found themselves coming suddenly in view of a human habitation. The sun was now some distance above the horizon, and while both the friends were hungry, the younger was nearly exhausted by fatigue, and therefore, though the house was a gloomy looking one, they song. Walter turned to his companion, determined to try the hospitality of its whose voice began to charm him, and tenants. The building was a long, low, extending his hand, said, "Master Frank, dark looking one, with a rotten porch in front; in the small windows was not a pane of glass, nor was there any barn, kitchen, or other outhouse on the premises The house stood close by the edge of were of a pitchy colour, and was in a dark grove of pines, and near a wide and sombre looking pond, filled with a luxuriant growth of black gum and cypress. There was no bridge across the stream ; and as the student looked wistfully at his glistening shoes and fine silk stockings, Walter proffered to take him in his arms. The student, however, resisted, declaring that his feet were hot and blistered, and would be the better of a cold bath; and so doffing his shoes and hose. Walter the while gazing admiringly at his small and snow white feet, he plunged into the stream. Walter, who could not but wonder why the youth seemed so diffident of showing his feet, took him gently by the hand and led him across; but hardly had they touched the bank when the youth began to tremble violently. Walter feared he had been chilled; but the student, doubtless, felt uneasy as he approached the house before him, and from which were now issuing oaths, songs, and boisterous laughter, commingled together. With the assistance of the old negro, he dried his feet and dressed them, while Walter reconnoitered the premises; the

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO 100

latter, after an observation, hastily whispering to his protege, and advising him to mount with the old negro, and leave as expeditiously as possible, while he made further note of what was going on within. The student would not listen to such a proposition, but urged Walter to leave with him; but Walter was too fond of wild adventures, to heed such counsel.

"If you will go in with me," whispered he to the student. " take care of your letters-perhaps you had better give them to me."

" They are in my stocking," said the youtn,

"Good !" replied Walter, tapping him gently on the chin; "I'll make a soldier of you yet. Halloo there! Who's within ?" cried he, rattling at the door.

"You seem very anxious to know," said one, partially opening the door; "one, two, three," continued he, " and only one armed—all right, come in," and with this he flung open the door revealing some eight or ten fierce looking men, with swarthy faces, and sitting round rude tables, by a blazing log fire, near which was a stack of arms. There was a jug and glasses on each table, a pack of cards and several pistols; and strewn about the room, on broken stools and crazy tables, were the remains of a feast. A number of fox hounds were stretching themselves on the floor, and at the end of the hall farthest from the fire were several small and very dirty looking beds.

It took Walter but an instant to make an accurate survey of the whole room and of all its contents, animate and inanimate; but the student manifested his curiosity more openly and for a longer time, some of the inmates staring at him in silence, and others listlessly stacking the cards on the table, or draining the contents of their glasses.

"We are hungry, gentlemen," said Walter, "cold, fatigued and hungry; can we rest ourselves for a moment, and procure a little plain refreshments?"

"You can rest vourselves, of course," said one of those handling the cards, and without taking his eyes off the table; "but as for vittles," continued he slowly and carclessly, "I guess you'll find them dry pickin'.'

"Young man, won't you have a seat?" said one of those standing, at the same and has seed a heap of scatterments and

time jerking the stool from under one of his companions : " sit down, sir, and I'll see what can be got for you."

"I'm willing," spoke the student, who at that instant nudged by Walter, while the latter said; "You can see who we are. One is a negro, one is a runaway school boy, and the other a hunter from a child; any sort of fare will therefore do for us.'

"I'm willing," said Hooper, quickly catching the cue, "I'm willing, for my part, to take a piece of bread and meat."

"And if you wasn't willin' you couldn't git no more," spoke one of the men, laughing; "You're a runaway school boy, eh? Howsever we'll let you feed first and then we'll try you. Come, lads, here's some refreshments in these jugs that'll soon make you think you've been flyin' instead of walkin'. Come, you must drink some," continued he, forcing the glass to the mouth of the student; "take a sip, honey, and if it don't make you naterally crave for more, you need'nt drink any more. Halloo, old sinner !" shouted he to the negro, who was still sitting on his horse at the door; "why the devil don't you 'light and come in ?"

"Thank you, master," answered he, "my horse is monstrous scary, and won't stand when I'm gone."

"He's a very sorry looking crittur to be so wild," replied the white, examining the horse's head and mouth. "He's monstrous little, but he's loud." returned the negro, bursting into a merry laugh.

"I'll see that he don't run away," said the other, pulling at the negro; "hitch him to the door old man, and you can keep your eye on him."

As the negro came in, Frank Hooper in vain kept his eyes on his wrinkled face; the old slave never looked towards him, while the latter was wondering, with no easy feeling, what had become of his valise.

"Give us a toast, old man," said one of the company, winking at the others, and handing the white headed Job a brimming glass: "Give us a patriotic sentiment."

"Gentlemen masters," answered the old man, bowing lowly, with his hat in one hand and his glass in the other; "Gentlemen masters, I'se an old nigger,

of sacrificin' time, and ford the Jordan of destructive equinoxes, while fiery billows | covered over with straw and moss? I roll beneath !"

"Whoorah!" cried one of the men, closely eyeing old Job as he drank his liquor at a gulp : "where did you get all that from, old patriarch ?"

"Whar !" cried the negro, gazing at his questioner with a drunken and studid stare ; " whar did I git all dat from? Jest show me the bottom of another glass, and I golly ! I'll make a more obfuscated catalogue nor dat !"

"So I think ;" said Walter, slapping him on the shoulder and taking the glass from his hand; 'you old fool! take your station in that corner, and behave yourself."

"Oh, in course," answered the negro bowing lowly and hiccoughing; "I'll do just adzacily as you say, master John," and he flung himself against the chimney jamb, and in five minutes was snoring furiously. While Walter and Frank were making a hasty meal, one of the inmates of the house, lounging up to one of the beds, began to kick it, exclaiming, "Bones! Bones!! eh, Bones, you snorin' bison, get up here-I say, do you hear me, you bag o' rocks ?"

"Eh," yawned a man, half awake; " is it you, your celestial highness?"

"No !" cried the man, "it's me, you infernal squat! I say there, git up, we want you right away."

"Away, eh ?" yawned the man; "is there robbers on the road! Umph!" cried he, as he received a violent kick, "what's the matter, what's the matter? Are we attact ?"

All this while Walter and the student were eying the bed, and the latter, young, tender and inexperienced as he | a hair of its head injured; George the was, could scarcely conceal the emotions with which he was agitated, as he beheld, emerging from under the dingy bed clothes, a grisly head and a face covered with a huge and portentous beard.

Slowly he gathered himself up in bed, veritable and unmistakable Dr. Ribs.

"Well," said the latter, rubbing his eyes, "this is a nice dress for a court gentleman to be in ! What would the | quickly, "I'm Uncle Job; and dese are

tonsyturvies : here's hoping dat you all | Queen-I mean her imperial highness may swim smoofly along the briny wayes | the Queen's sister-think if she saw her beloved de Riboso, in this court suit. say Jack, Jim, or whoever else is landlord of this distillery," continued he, stroking his whiskers, "have you got a mirror? Hah! the Little Pocosin, as I live! Here, where's my sword, pistols ?" "I'm not on a hostile mission," put in Walter, advancing; "how do you do, Dr. Ribs." This being considered a sally, was applauded, when the doctor, with a frown, cried, "Base-born son of the swamps, call me not Doctor, nor that other infernal name !" Walter's eyes flashed and he felt for his dagger, when Hooper caught his arm, whispering, "he's beneath your contempt; for my sake let him alone." "I will," said Walter, aloud. "You will what, swamp Jack, feel for my-eh-my heart, eh? Attempt it if thou darest! Know, boy. presumptive boy, that I have been made a Spanish Amazon, and should not be surprised if her ecclesiastical highness has me appointed a full Armada ! Yes, tremble, thou pale face," he continued, pointing his finger at Hooper, who was standing behind Walter, and shaking violently; "tremble, smooth-chin, and puff out your jaws, you can't look fierce enough to alarm T. McDonald de Riboso, the accepted lover of her royal highness' donna, or I should say, prima donna, Carolina Susannah Matilda, sister to the Queen and heir apparent to the throne of Great Britain;" and with this he performed several new ballet steps on the floor, to the imminent peril of his own shins and of those about him. "Yes, Great Britain; I love thee still, though oceans roll between us! The integrity of the empire shall be preserved, and not Third will be my brother, and I his fortification of defence in this rebellious land. Varlet," turning to Walter, "what brought thee hither? Who is that lad with thee, and who is this old ebony," said he, prying open the jaws of the gaped, and straightening himself, jumped | slumbering Job, and alarming him out of on the floor, while Walter, with a start, | his senses. "Murder ! murder ! rape !" discovered in the bony apparition the cried Job. "Silence, coward !" continued the Doctor, still shaking him;

> "who are you all ?" "I'm Uncle Job," answered the negro

-let me see dis is young master Hooper, who's been to school in New Berne, and I'm takin' him home, cause | in whose cheeks the red blood seemed as as how his mother's very sick. Dis todder gentleman is Mr. Tucker's son"---

"I know him very well," interrupted the Doctor: "you are your own Uncle, are you? who was your father ?"

"Old master Adam," answered Job. "Nonsense, man !" exclaimed one of the men, pettishly; "tell us at once who these lads are, and what you'll have done with them," said the most intelligent looking of the rowdies. "Cease your rant, and tell us, if you know the youth, who he is, where he is from, and what is his present business ?"

"Will you let me speak a word with you in private ?" asked Hooper of Dector Ribs; "I'm not armed, sir," continued he smiling. "Oh, pshaw !" cried Ribs, "I care nothing for that-I'd walk with you if you were armed like a knight," continued he ; "but mind, we must not go out of view. Come here to here ?" the end of the saloon, and sit on this couch. Heavens, how sweet his breath smells-I know you are from the court," continued he ; v yes, you look and smell like the very rosebud of the court."

"Do you know Rowton, Chester Rowton ?" asked Hooper. "I have the honour of being his particular friend," answered Ribs; "when I marry her highness, I'll make him a knight." "He sent a message by me to you; he told me, if I saw you, at just such a place as this, to slip these ten gold pieces into your hand for your fidelity, and to request you to speed me on my course. You must not let these rowdies see your money, or they'll make you divide." "Never mind me," spoke Ribs; "I'm close and honourable. And you say," spoke he in a louder tone, and rising from the bed, "you say Master Cooper -I forget your name-you say Colonel Rowton wished me to hurry you on as fast as possible ?"

"He did," answered Hooper, "and I'll tell you what I want: I started with Uncle Job and that horse, and overtook Walter Tucker a few miles from town. He's desperately in love with Miss Alice Bladen, an inmate of the palace, and you may judge what sort of understanding exists between him and his Excellency, who wants brave and prudent officers."

"I see into it all," scid Ribs. "I don't though," thought Walter, if it would burst through the skin. But he tried in vain to catch Hooper's eye, and the latter, to his great amazement, continued: "this youth has tendered his services to go with me; but we've walked till we have broken down, and we wish to get a gig, to which we can hitch our horse, letting Uncle Job ride behind."

"A capital idea !" cried Ribs; " and I'll tell you where you can get a gig just such as you want. About five miles from here is a great camp meeting now going on-it is right on the road to Kingston,* and there you will find every sort of conveyance."

"Will we meet some of our secret friends at Kingston," asked the student. "Abundance of them, and by the way, I must give you something to them for fear you might need their aid. I say. John, have you paper, ink, and sand

"Here's paper and a pencil," spoke Hooper, offering them.

"Never mind," returned Ribs, "I'll send some more honourable and knightly token. Confound it, that dear witch, her highness, has got all my rings; however. by the Powers, I'll send a lock of my whiskers, the very thing-they all know them. Cut them boy, and don't spoil them."

"That would be a sin," answered the student; there is a great deal of gossip about them in the palace."

" I suspected that, lad + you're a sweet boy, and would do for my page. What do they say of me?"

 Kingston is a little town in Lenoir County. on the Neuse River. It was in the time of the Revolution infested with tories; and since the Revolution, the republican sentiments of the people induced them to change the name. Accordingly, the G was struck out, and to this day, the town is called Kinston; a name which puzzles the traveller no little.

The Camp Meeting. The author must not be understood as endeavouring to cast redicule on the proceedings of any denomination of Christians; his object is simply to give a faithful picture of the characters and manners of the times. Those who think that religious revivals or excitements are here introduced at a period too early, are referred, for an interesting account of a singular sect of religious fanatics, to William Husatt's account of the "Rise and Progress of the | Colonies of South Carolina and Georgia,'

said her highness sighs very much when she misses you; won't you go with us to Edenton, or at least to the camp meeting."

"To Edenton !" thought Walter, with indignation ; " I'm overreached, and that by this boy !"

"Bless your soul, I must hurry back to my fond lady love; come," (Walter breathed more freely,) " and as for these men, a camp meeting is the last place they wish to be seen at." (Walter felt still better.) "Very good, we'll go alone; and as we are in a great hurry, we'll dispense with ceremony. Come, Mr. Tucker, let's be off ; adieu, de Ribosoadieu, kind sirs, we teel grateful to you all." Walter was still less ceremonious, heeding no one's remarks, and the two friends started off, when Dr. Ribs, running after them cried, " one word, Master Hooper; did they speak of the colour of my whiskers?"

"They did," replied Frank ; "adjeu, again !"

"Bonos noctes!" cried Ribs; "that's a sweet boy," continued he, as he returned into the house.

CHAPTER XXXV.

THE CAMP MEETING.

"FRANK HOOPER, you are my brother for life," said Walter Tucker, as the two yound friends left Swamp Lodge, the name by which the house was known where they had breakfasted. "You are smarter than I am," he continued, "for my poor wit never would have got us off so safely."

"I thought you very smart at such things," answered the student; "such at least is your reputation."

"You are mistaken," returned Wal-ter; "you have misunderstood me. I am fond of tracking wild beasts, and of watching the stratagems of an enemy; I like adventures and all that sort of thing, but I have not a conning tongue. I'm a rough-hewn rustic; your're a deplomatist."

"In other words," said the student, laughing, "you're a soldier, wise, quick, and stratagetic; I'm a lawyer, ready only and then when you are a distinguished

"A great deal that is five, and it is | with my tongue. Is that the distinction you mean?'

"You do yourself too much injustice," said Walter; "but tell me, what put it into your head to say I was in love with Alice Bladen ?"

"And are you not?" asked Frank.

"I, a poor, friendless, awkward child of the forest, in love with such a fine lady !"

"Why not?" asked Frank; "you say you aspire to move in such society as she moves in; besides, the romance, the romance of the thing would be delicious! She's very romantic, I know, and if it wouldn't get you into trouble, I almost wish-you did love her."

· "It would get me into trouble, though," said Walter; "and that you may see it would, I'll tell you some things, in confidence, and you must never breathe them to a living soul. Do you promise?"

"I am so curious about such things, that I'm bound to promise all you ask," replied the student; "but it's a dangerous thing to make many confidants; I hint this to you because you have not seen as many intrigues about court as I have; a lover, a politician, or a suitor, at court, is generally ruined whenever he places himself in the hands of confidants."

"That I believe," said Walter, "but I tell you I will make no confidant but you."

"Will you promise me never to make any other but me in this matter !" asked Frank.

"Certainly I will, and I'll be as good as my word."

""Then you shall find me a true and faithful confidant," said Frank; "I'll talk of your secrets to no one but you, and I'll take a great interest in them too."

"I expect you to act precisely as you say," quoth Walter; "and now I'll tell you of the whole intercourse between Alice and myself."

And so he did and in very few words, and when he finished there was a pause in the conversation for several minutes.

"Do you really hate her as an enemy," at last asked the student.

"I told you once, women are not my enemies," answered Walter.

"Then why treat her so?"

"Because she treated me badly." "But why didn't you laugh it off? You say you intend to do something great,

and honoured character, you will approach her; will you do this to mortify her? If so, you regard her as an enemy."

" I thought her a very sweet lady once," said Walter, "and I would have been willing to have died for her; but she scorned me."

" And then you hated her ?"

"No; and then I resolved to be at once what I always thought about."

" And that is to get knighted, is it ?"

"Pshaw! pshaw!" exclaimed Walter --- "you don't comprehend my thoughts at all, Frank. I've had visions, boy; visions when wide awake. When I was smaller than you. I used to puzzle father by asking him questions about government; I couldn't understand why whole nations of men, if they were men, should bow themselves down before a man like themselves, and call him sire, master, gracious majesty, and all that, as if he had come down from the sun or moon. I wanted to be equal to the highest—but as father said, and I knew, I'd have to rise by getting favour at court, I determined to live a freeman in the woods. I never could kneel to man even to be knighted. I never could pronounce to an old simpleton, those words I have quoted. I thought a great deal about student; "and by the way, Miss Bladen these things-my nature revolted at the is going to Mr. Harnett's, where I'll not whole system of civilized government as ridiculous and degrading-it all looked like child's play, mere tomfoolery to me. I couldn't understand it-the Indians. or the savages as we call them, seemed to me to act more like men, and I became very anxious to go among them. Father watched my feelings closely, and fearing I might turn savage—he undertook to get me in business." I knew nothing in the world about 'trade-I hated trade, traders and pedlers, and father knew this. To try me a while, and give me a little insight into business, where no one that he or I cared about could laugh at me, he placed me with old Rickets on the beach. I was to take a few lessons there, and then he intended to carry me to some of the towns. All that arrangement was knocked in the head-and so will that Indian one of my own, I'm thinking. There will be--there must be a revolution -the king can't reign longer here. I'm going to take a part in this fight-it will be glorious sport! I've always wished in a dreadful strait, feeling that he was

and when it is for liberty! I tell you. I can hardly hold myself!"

"It's a generous impulse, and thousands of noble hearts share it with you," said Hooper; "I almost wish I was in a coadition to be a soldier myself."

"You are too young and tender," answered Walter; "You must stay at home, and when I'm marching through swamps, or careering in battle, I'll think of you. my little brother, and of how I'll entertain you with accounts of my adventures. But you'll forget me-there'll be nobody to remember me but my lonely father."

"I'll never forget you, Walter, indeed I won't," said the student tenderly : "I'll always take the liveliest interest in your history, and in proof of my friendship I beg you to accept this token," saying which the student took from his pocketbook a beautiful and costly ring and put it on the little finger of Walter's left hand. "Wear that in memory of me, and whenever you are in distress inclose it to me. to the care of Cornelius Harnett, and you shall promptly find what my promises are worth."

"Is your father dead ?" asked Walter, feasting his eves on the gem that glittered on his finger. "He is," answered the fail to speak a good word for you."

"When is she going ?" inquired Walter; "I thought she was captivated with New Berne.³⁹

"Not she-she longs to get away, but they say the Governor has forbid her going and she is now in honourable imprisonment." Walter stopped. "Did you say she is confined ?" asked he. "It was said she and the Governor had high words, and that a strict watch was put on her, and that Rowton was at the bottom of it."

"Frank," | said Walter - " couldn't you and Uncle Job, now go alone the rest of the journey ?" " Mercy on us !" cried the student, "" where is Uncle Job?" That was a question neither could answer; both had forgotten him. and neither recollected to have seen him since they started. The student was greatly agitated, indeed was almost ready to cry, but he would not listen to Walter's proposition to return. He was be engaged in such stirring scenes- | responsible for the negro's safety ; and

grief, and caused him such distress of and were uttering feeble cries, and some mind, that Walter's heart was sensibly sitting in the woods quietly eating and touched. He readily agreed to do as his young friend wished; and this was to hurry on to the camp meeting, and there endeavour to get some good men to return on horseback with them. So they hurried on, each one blaming himself for his carelessness, until they began to hear in the distance, a confused sound of many voices blended into a melancholy sort of wail or chant. They instantly stopped to listen, but could not decide whether it was a song, or moan, or shout: sometimes it seemed to be one and sometimes another, and sometimes a tree, rolling over and writhing their all together as it swelled and died fitfully on the breeze. The face of the student grew a little pale, but Walter took him kindly by the hand, and hurried him on, the noise becoming louder and more mysterious; and very soon they were able to distinguish voices, though even Walter was totally at a loss to make out what kind of cries they uttered. The sound now became a roar, the roar of a great multitude, now sounding like the shouts of a victorious army, now like the wail of the wounded on a vast and bloody field, while ever and anon the tumult would be lost in the notes of a triumphal song that swelled rich and harmonious above the cries and groans of the furious combatants. Louder, more fearful, more awe-inspiring became the uproar of, as it seemed, ten thousand human voices; some groaning piteously, some, as it seemed, sweeping onward, with a terrible shout, and others, heard high above the general din and clatter, urging on the combatants with lungs of brass, and hurling, in tones of thunder, defiance at their foes. And yet not a gun was heard, nor the clash of a sword; the woods were still around, and not even a riderless horse came rushing from the dreadful fray.

To both the young men it seemed strange, and solemn, and they almost held their breaths as they journeyed on. until sights, stranger still than the sounds they had heard, began to attract their attention. At first they observed an occasional straggler wandering through the woods; then they began to pass groups of both sexes, some chatting and laughing loudly and gaily, some surrounding | want it for a week at least; and the

then the loss of his clothes added to his | persons who looked sick and ghastly, drinking. These groups became more numerous at every step, while occasionally they would pass a woman with her bonnet off and her hair streaming in the wind, hurrying from place to place, clapping her hands, shouting, crying and laughing by turns; sometimes they would meet a man led off by his friends. uttering as he went subdued means, and falling from side to side against his supporters, as if he had lost the entire use of himself, and often they would see others, stretched, by themselves, beneath bodies with convulsive twists and contortions, pulling their hair and flourishing their hands, like maniacs, through the air. At last they came in view of a vast multitude, who were seated in the woods on seats made of rough boards or logs of wood, while in their midst, on an elevated platform, with a back of common planks, and a covering made of the tender branches of pine and oak, sat a row of grave and venerable looking men, one of whom was just rising to dismiss the people for "intermission." as it was called, as Walter and Frank came in view. These latter, knowing from the vast number of white tents and little cabins scattered through the woods. that they were at the camp meeting alluded to by Doctor Ribs, and not caring, from what they saw, to remain long, ad, dressed every respectable looking man they met on the subject of their wants. They were recommended to go from one to another; and thinking their best chance among the cabins and tents, they directed their course accordingly. About these latter there was quite a cheerful appearance; fires were burning, pots and dishes rattling, hens cackling, and all those other cheerful sounds indicating the approach of dinner. As good luck would have it, the two boys found an open hospitality at the first place they visited; their story was listened to with some interest, and they found themselves guests at the first table, at the head of which sat a venerable minister. This latter, simple hearted and unsuspicious, at once offered his gig and ordered it to be got ready, saying that he would not

long been strangers to, acquitted them- by the preacher. He now lashed himselves on the good things before them in | s If into a tary; he flung himself backa manner that seemed to please their at- | wards and forth, stamped with his feet, tentive hostess. They had not yet finish- | and pounded | the board before him until ed, when a trumpet sounded from the pulpit or platform we have described, stragglers in the woods paused to listen, and quickly there set in towards it. hundreds of streams of human beings. The benches were soon all filled, and still the crowd pressed in, and soon a vast area was covered with one compact mass of human beings, some sitting, some lying and kneeling, and some standing, some crying as they came up, some laughing gally, and some even making a mockery of what was going on. Our young travellers, impatient to get ready to be off, were mortified at of his stupidity, and his fondness for arfinding the Parson's orders neglected; and as that gentleman's horse and gig were at a house some half a mile off, they thought it useless to go for them themselves, without an order from him. When they applied for it, he said--" My young friends, tarry with us a day or so, and it may do you good. There is just now a great out pouring." "But," interrupted Walter, "our servant may be murdered. We must return for him, and then may be we'll stop a day or so." "You speak well," said the old man; "here is the order, if you find any one at home, and if not, take the horse and gig." After giving them particular directions, the old man dismissed them with his blessing, and the young friends, full of cheerful spirits, hurried off to get the gig, intending first to secure that and then look for a few attendants. They had been gone for the horse and

106

gig about three quarters of an hour, and when they returned one of the reverend gentlemen in the pulpit was holding forth in a manner that had fixed the attention of the whole of his crowded auditory. He was a low, thick man, with a short neck, a full face, and a pair of fierce gray eyes; but he had a voice like thunder, and was never at a loss for words; nor were his words without effcet. There was soon a low, tremulous moaning sound heard among the crowd: it grew louder and louder as he advanced, and when Walter and Frank returned, there was a loud wailing, swelling from the midst of the agitated mass, the confused symphony of commingled groans rising a key note | something by your knowledge."

young friends with a feeling they had higher at every terrible sentence uttered even the outsiders began to tremble, the and the gay watering parties came hurrying in.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

WHICH IS THE DUPE?

UNCLE JOB, it will be recollected, made a plain manifestation at \$wamp Lodge, dent spirits. These traits were not unobserved by his entertainers and by Dr. Ribs: the former resolved to probe the old negro for further information, and the latter for plunder. Accordingly, as Walter and Frank left, a sign was made to Job, which he well understood; and making a feint of leaving with his young masters, he gradually fell back, and then hastily returned to the lodge where a brimming glass awaited him.

" Now, for another toast, old friend," said one of his seducers; "give us a smasher."

"Ke-heah-heah-hah !" laughed, or rather bellowed the old fool; "anoder toast, masters? Let me look at ye good." and he held up his glass, turning it round, and eyeing it with reverence; "he's sweet and sour, cold and hot-hot, hot. Whuh! how his eyes shine. Well. here's to de old dog what treed de raccoon, de raccoon what bit de fox, de fox he caught de mink, de mink he stole de chicken-cuckoo! Whuh !" Saying which, with extreme rapidity, and with a sort of chant, he swallowed his whisky smacked his lips, and began a rigmarole of stuff which greatly tickled his auditors.

"Come, old man," said one of them at length, " here, take another drinknow tell, don't you know something about these patriots +eh? Don't be afraid; we'll protect you; and besides, no body shall know what you told us."

"I does know something," said the old negro.

"Very good, now's your time to make

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

continued he, sitting with his hands on | Doctor, I can't let go my crittur." The his knees, and speaking low and seriously, | Doctor, who had kindly intended to take the dark tenants of the lodge squatting | only the horse, now resolved to have close around him. "You all knows de horse and baggage both, and to drop the little Pocosin, down on de Trent, just dis | negro far in the swamp below. "Well, side of Master Hasel's big field-well, if you can't trust me, get up behind me," todder night I was hunting de raccoon | said the Doctor ; and old Job, after some in dat swamp by my lone self, only Bose | hesitation and blubbering, obeyed. "I'll and Driver, my dogs, was wid me- carry the bundle," continued the Doctor, we hunted, and hunted, and hunted,- and to this Job also assented. When "booh !" says Bose, arter a while. "Sick mounted, the horse, to the infinite amuse up, pup !" says I—"boo oo-o !" says ment of the bystanders, began to kick up Driver. "Sick him, pup !" says I behind, and to turn round in the most again. "Boo-oo, booh, cooh, boo, oo- ludicrous manner imaginable. Old Job, oo !" says bofe togedder, purty brisk .----"Find him out, my puppies !" says I. | culties by pressing his legs under the "Boo-oo, booh, booh, boo-oo-o, booh, horse's flanks, and hugging the Doctor booh, booh !" cried bofe monstrous fast | tightly in his arms. Ribs, no ways loth and quick-"hold on to him, darlins, to show his gallantry and his horsemanhold him fast," I hollered, tinking they ship, became also fond of the sport; and had treed a coon, and off I went, through | for some time he and the old negro were de mud, gosh, how it flew ! I flew, too, and by and by, Bose and Driver barkin' like mad, I run up to an open, dry place, and bless a nigger, Masses !" exclaimed he, raising his hands, and stretching his eyes; "gosh, Masses, what you reckon I seed! A great big patriot half as big as my hoss, a sittin' back dar on his hind legs, wid his fore paws reared up, and a grinnin' and growlin', sayin', ' Come on, my darky, if you want a wrastle."

"Oh, dear," exclaimed the crowd: "why you old fool, that was a bear !"

"To be sure he was, Masses," said the negro in a fine voice ; " and aint dem what you call patriots in high larnin' ?"

"Let him off, let him off," said the crowd, and old Job, wondering why his story took so badly, took another glass and prepared to leave.

"Massa," said he to Ribs, "come, gib me up my bundle. I seed you when you picked it up from behind dat log, where I hid 'm. Come Massa." .

"Give it to him, give it to him, and let the old fool off," cried several.

"Well, here it is," said the Doctor, producing the vallise; "Come, old man, I'll help you on."

"However; old man," continued he, "I must try your horse-if he's a good one I'll give you a trade. Mine's in the shed at the back of the house here. Hold on here, till I pace him a little and try his mettle." "Oh no, no, no," cried the negro, seizing the bridle, while | by, and spectators by the road, saw them

107"I may sit down, I s'pose ? Wall," | the Doctor mounted ; "no, no, massa

greatly alarmed, only increased the difficarried through a variety of evolutions, no less fatiguing to them than to the horse. At last the animal trotted off, and the Doctor rode him up and down the road, the tenants of the lodge still enjoying the fun; and as the hats of both riders were off, and there was such a disparity between the length of their legs, and such a difference in the colour of their bushy heads and bearded faces, they did present a show picturesque as well as entertaining. At length, the Doctor winking at his companions, struck up the road to Kingston, at a brisk canter, the negro bellowing in vain for his hat, as the horse's speed increased. The horse, now hot and chafing, still kept increasing his speed, and soon he was in a furious gallop, the Doctor and old Job both screaming in concert, while the fiery animal sped like an arrow beyond the view of the lookers on behind. "Wo, wo, wo; oh, I'm lost !" screamed the Doctor, at the top of his voice, letting go the bridle in his fright, jerking his feet out of the stirrups, and endeavouring to fling himself off. In vain he flourished his arms and legs through the air-in vain he screamed at the horse and at Job -the latter now held the reins, and held, too, his writhing victim with the grip of a vice. On, on they sped, like the wind -over creeks and ponds, ditches and bridges. Trees and houses flashed but an instant in the Doctor's view-passers-

with wonder and amazement but a but on the whole, he was happy to have moment, and the dreadful apparition escaped on any terms. vanished like a shadow. When they

passed any one, old Job as well as the Doctor, screamed for help; but this did not deceive the latter, who now firmly believed himself in the hands of the Evil One. On they went-the ride of John Gilpin was nothing to theirs-the whole country was alarmed, and even brutes ran frightened from the road.

It was just as Walter Tucker and Frank Hooper were returning to the camp ground with their gig and horse, and as the preacher for the day was fulminating at the zenith of his powers, that this frightful apparition came in view. "Wo, wo, to you, hell bound sinners !" exclaimed the preacher; "wo, wo, wo," was answered back, and the speaker paused. "Wo, wo, wo, oh, oh !" swelled louder and more terribly through the affrighted congregation; they rose simultaneously and the preacher shouted, "Lo, he cometh, he cometh, like a roaring lion seeking whom he may devour ! Oh God, deliver us ! let us pray." But it was too late for prayers; the furious riders were now roaring and bellowing in the skirts of the camp, causing the most awful consternation. Women fainted, men clung by their elders and preachers, children screamed, and all ran to and fro, wailing and wringing their hands; many fell swooning and were trampled on by others, who made for the woods as fast as their heels could carry them, "Wo, wo, wo!" and the terrible riders swept through the camp, and in an instant vanished. leaving the multitude in speechless awe, to speculate upon their character and mission. As for Walter Tucker and Frank Hooper, they saw at a glance, and with unmixed delight, though with no little amazement, that Ribs had been taken captive by the venerable seeming Job; and without waiting to make an explanation to any one, they dashed after at the full speed of the parson's horse. Their absence was some time afterwards observed; and it was a subject of thankfulness with the whole prowd, that only these two graceless youths had been carried off by the great lers turned back affrighted, and thus enemy of men who that day appeared sometimes there would be a long cavalamong them. The parson thought he cade, all charging furiously down the might have spared his horse and gig- road, and these in their turn, turning

CHAPTER XXXVII.

THE CHASE.

WHEN Walter and his friend Frank left the camp ground, they were in sight of the flying Job and his terrified captive: but these latter, though two on a horse. were mounted, while their pursuers were on wheels and could not consequently put their horse to his utmost speed. Still the parson's animal showed that he must have come in for a share of his master's popularity; he was mettlesome, and sure of foot, while the lads behind him, full of life, fun and frolic, were no timid drivers. Walter held the reins and Frank applied the whip, and off they shot, exhibitated by the rapid motion and delighted with the chase ; while just before them was the brave white head of old Job, glittering in the sunbeams, in strong contrast with the sandy locks of the Doctor. It was amusing, too, to witness the different positions in which each rider sat; the venerable Job looked like a man of steel, sitting straight and firm in his seat, while the half demented Doctor, seemed as if he would fall to pieces, his long, bony legs flying out in every direction, his head thrown forwards and falling from side to side, and his arms dangling about as if loosely hung to a lifeless corpse.

Thus they dashed onward, the Doctor still hoarsely bellowing for aid, and old Job uttering an occasional howl or scream. that startled every tenant of the woods ; while Walter catching the wild enthusiasm of the strange being before him, added to the terrors of every beholder, by uttering at frequent intervals, the wild war whoop of the Indian. Wagons, casts. gigs, and carriages, that were met or overtaken, were suddenly upset, their horses taking fright, and dashing off through the woods; foot passengers fled in terror, some in their confusion climbing trees with the nimbleness of squirrels; travel-



UNCLE JOB CARRYING OFF DR. RIBS.

others back and helping to increase the gig; still Walter drove on, though exconfusion, and spread far and wide the | pecting every moment to find himself panic. Thus, the terrible Black Rider, afloat, The course of the stream was so as he was afterwards called, passed unquestioned by any one; gradually, too, he gained on his pursuers, until, at a sudden turn of the road, he passed out of ... view. They were now in what is the county of Duplin; the sun was far down among the trees, and the young men found themselves at a river, the name of which they did not know, but which turned out to be the North-east Fork of the Cape Fear. Their road passed right across, but they did not know the depth or direction of the ford; and while they hesitated, what to do, they were hailed by a voice down the stream, and turning, saw old Job beckoning to them to follow. The negro had abated his speed, and as there was a sort of road along the banks of the stream, the young men followed on, though they were not allowed to come in speaking distance of the fugitive and his captive. Presently the sun went down; but old Job, at a brisk gate, still held on his course, which was now on a "blind road," through a dark and heavy wood; and this forest still continued until the young men, the next moment, were the moon rose, and was in fact far up in the heavens. They then came on what seemed in impenetrable swamp; and there Job was seen to take the strange precaution of bandaging the eyes of the semi-animate Ribs. Considering the time, the events of the day, and the black and dismal looking scene before them, this act of Job's created some strange feelings even in Walter and his companion : and when the old negro beckoned to them to be silent, and to follow, Frank at least felt something like a shudder come over him. The negro pointed towards the swamp; but his followers strained their eyes in vain for a passage, even the slightest aperture, or thread of dry ground into the dark abyss, whither they tended. Still they saw old Job had entered, for he disappeared from their view; and when they arrived, they found he had taken a creek, and that they must also follow it. The student now began to shiver in earnest; but Walter spoke kindly and cheerily to him, and being now sole driver, they plunged fearlessly into the water. At the first plunge, the an impetuous man,) has set his house in horse was up to his flank in water, and | order for a civil war; and this, in the it even reached to the foot board of the | last emergency, is to be his fastness.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

extremely crooked that the party in the gig were seldom in sight of Job and his companion; but the old negro now guided them by his voice, while the of groans the Doctor would also serve to distinguish their position. The stream was of one uniform depth, and barely wide enough for a gig to pass in it; but as stated, it was extremely crooked, and as Walter began to think, without beginning or end. Hours on hours they remained in it, until finally it lost itself in a broader one, straight across which old Job, to the great joy of his followers, was seen to pass. They ascended from the water upon a dry, sloping ridge, and this again terminated in a high, rocky, and precipitous bluff. There was here the roar of a waterfall, and there were, too, huge cedars and mighty oaks, covered with pendent moss; but Walter and his companions had little time to speculate on the scenery about them. In answer to a shrill whistle from the negro, light came glancing from out the jutting rocks; and ushered through a low, narrow door in the rock, as it seemed to them, into a handsome chamber, well, but not luxuriously furnished, and warmed with a cheerful fire. In a few minutes more, to the great surprise of both, and recognized by both, Cornelius Harnett made his appearance; he kindly welcomed the young men to Rock Castle, and the next instant was in the midst of a letter handed him by Frank Hooper. Having read it, he looked still more kindly at the carrier; and then, in a most playful and affectionate manner, made many inquiries of the student, in regard to his adventures on the road.

"Our accommodations are but rough here," he said, "for we have but one servant, and he has just returned with the strangest bag of game I have ever seen. You must know, Mr. Tucker," continued he, raising his voice, "that this is a place which my friend Colonel Ashe has fitted up for retirement and study. In other words, we anticipate troublous times; the Colonel especially, (who is

111

112

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO

The jutting rock that hangs over us on was a single one, and the one which Mr. the west, shields the place from the view | Harnett had occupied; that Ashe had of those beyond the river, which river is none, and that the two intended to lie on the North Branch of our brave old Cape Fear. On all the other sides of us is a | impossible to put their strange guest into swamp which it is impossible even for a | a pleasant humour; he stoutly refused all footman to penetrate; indeed, could he | sleeping accommodations, and they, tired make his way through the briers, bamboos, canes, gall berries, and vines that are woven into a solid net work, he would be swallowed up in the mirv depths of the oozy and spongy soil beneath. The creek, which the uninitiated would never think of following, is the only road through the swamp; and that creek, joined by a larger one, tumbles down a precipice into the river just above us. In the morning, however, you and Frank can gratify your curiosity to the fullest; at present we will find you something to eat, and a bed for this poor boy, who looks not a little worn by his travels."

So saying, the speaker left the room and soon after returned with the tall and military form of Colonel Ashe, the latter of whom apologized briefly for his late appearance to do the honours of his house, and then again retired. In a short time he returned, bringing in coffee, biscuit, and cold meats; and when the young people had sufficiently filled their stomachs, Frank Hooper was carried to the only vacant bed in the house, while Walter was requested to keep himself awake, as they wished to talk with him further before the morning.

His cheek flushed as he saw that he was not treated as the equal of Frank Hooper; and his proud heart swelled and throbbed against his bosom as if determined to force its way from its prison, and confound its enemies with a view of its bleeding sensibilities. In vain did Mr. Harnett use his most soothing language; in vain did Colonel Ashe profess his esteem and friendship, and beg the young hunter to become one of his military family.

"You might kneel and kiss my hand." thought Walter, "but not even this would be sufficient, as long as you treat another and my equal as if I were only his dog or his slave."

cause of Walter's gloom, and apologized | horting the common people, arguing with for their conduct, by assuring him that the leaders and preparing himself for a they had but one bed to spare, and that controversy of arms. Old Peter was his

blankets before the fire. They found it of his whims recommended themselves to sleep. "May I be cursed if ever I sleep upon the bed or break the bread of a house where I'm regarded as an inferior," said the young hero to himself as he noiselessly ppened the door and walked out, for what purpose he hardly knew, except that of escaping from the roof of one of those aristocrats whom he so much disliked. The night air was cool and cutting; and yet the youth would have trusted himself in it had he not met an acquaintance, who was anxious to see Walter as Walter was to see him. This was no other than the venerable Job, whose locks had suddenly grown wonderfully black, and who appeared to have lost at least one half his years; and as he had conceived an admiration for Walter, he was delighted when that youth readily consented to accompany him to his humble quarters. There he had a rousing fire, and something besides, to warm the heart: and there he and Walter sat gossiping till the gray peep of dawn. The latter gathered from him his own and his master's history; and now for the first time knew what Job, or rather Peter, (which was his real name) had been doing in New Berne. His master, as the reader will recollect, had been rudely banished from the court; and being of a fiery, impetuous nature, he instantly had resolved to prepare for arms. The leading patriots all over the country had become thoroughly convinced that a collision was inevitable, a long and bloody civil war; and they had been making their calculations accordingly, and cautiously watching the progress of events. As for Colonel Ashe, he was one of those bold, John Adams sort of men, who was for bringing on and meeting the crisis at once; and hence his conduct to the Governor, and his immediate flight to his residence on the Cape Fear. Among the people of that region, his own immediate neighbours, His entertainers were aware of the he went as a firebrand, passionately cx-

faithful friend, companion and confidant; and he had been sent disguised by him on an important mission to the patriots of New Berne. It was by these, who knew his fidelity and his discretion, that the boy Frank Hooper had been committed to his care; the result the reader already knows. He now informed Walter that Doctor Ribs was safely lodged, and was to be questioned in the morning; and it was with unfeigned sorrow that he heard of the young hunter's determination not to tarry at the castle till the rising of the sun. The latter procured, by means of his companion, pen, ink and paper; and with these he prepared two letters. one to Mr. Harnett, giving him a full account of the plans of Rowton and, the Governor, and one to his friend Frank Hooper. In the latter he was brief and more than usually tender ; he thanked the lad for his kindness, declared his own friendship, and his regret at parting. "But," continued he, "if we would be friends we must part without another meeting-we would not meet, in fact, as we met in the wild woods before. You are among your people now, your proud, aristocratic people; they look on me as not your equal, and so too might you-I'll remember you, dear Frank, in my rambles and wanderings, I'll remember you sweetly, and wish you were my little brother ; . and won't you sometimes bestow a kind thought on Walter?"

Walter was now ready to leave, having deposited in the letter to Harnett, a small sum for Colonel Ashe for his supper, and carefully sealed it up; and having dried his moccasins, prepared his quiver, and tried the priming of his pistols. In vain the negro begged, pursuaded, threatened and even cried; the young hunter sternly demanded to be shown across the river. and finally started alone with the determination of fording it. Of course Job could not consent to this; and so he carried the little Pocosin to a canoe hid among the reeds and bushes by the river's edge, and in a few minutes landed his charge on the other side. Here he tried to force money and provisions on him; but Walter would take nothing, briefly, but affectionately bidding farewell to the weeping and generous hearted slave, and then fearlessly plunging into the dark forest of pines before him.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

THE CLUB.

WHEN the morning came, great was the astonishment at Rock Castle, when it was found that Walter Tucker was gone. Greater still was the surprise caused by his letter to Mr. Harnett, though the whole company burst into a loud laugh at the postscript : a laugh in which Colonel Ashe himself heartily joined, though it was at his expense.

"The boy is worth his weight in gold," he said, " and freely do I forgive the cut dictated by a proud heart, smarting with a supposed indignity." "His soul is of the pure stuff," spoke Harnett, " and I would not, for a thousand pounds. have wounded its sensibilities. I hope we will yet meet him, and then he shall be dearly welcome, and that as the equal of the noblest of us all !"

As for Frank Hooper, he retired to read his letter alone; and as he ran his eyes over it, he burst into tears and even sobbed aloud. He became sad and taciturn, and kept his chamber during the day; nor could even the appearance in public of Dr. Ribs, draw him from his retirement.

The Doctor, who had been well cared for during the night, was now to undergo an examination before a tribunal, which, had he known its character, he might well have dreaded. Many of the leading gentlemen of Wilmington and the Cape Fear country were then at Rock Castle, having been invited there by Colonel Ashe, on a sort of country frolic; and in those days, as well as now, man was not a growth that dwindled on the Cape Fear.*

The author must be excused for the terms in which he mentions the people of the Cape Fear. From the earliest settlement of the State they have been remarkable for their liberality and public spirit-for the feudal splendour of the rich planters, and the elegance and refinement of society. These characteristics they still rotainand it would be criminal not to add, that on the banks of the Cape Fear, may be found some of the fairest and the sweetest living blossoms that adorn and shed a fragrance over this cold, bleak earth. Wilmington, the largest city on the river, is now a place of considerable trade, and there are many in every section of the Union, who will read these pages and feel, in their hearts, a response to the author's sentiments. From Wilmington to its mouth, some twenty miles, the

114

LIFE IN THE SOUTH; A COMPANION TO

Here, at all times, have lived some of the brightest ornaments of the State; and in the Revolution there were men there who would have been giants any where. Cornelius Harnett, who was one of the guests of Colonel Ashe, cut a distinguished figure in the councils of North Carolina, during the war of the Revolution. He was a gentleman of fortune and education, fitted by nature and study to shine in any society; and yet, fond of retirement, modest and unceremonious, he was not conspicuous except in troublous times, and then he was the master spirit. He may be said to have been the head of the patriot cause, on the Cape Fear; and associated with him as co-labourers were the Ashes, the Hoopers, the McRees, the Howes, the Quinces, Hills, Lillingtons, Moores, Waddells, Nixons, Maclaines, Swanns, Joneses, Walkers, Toomers, Blythes, Bloodworths, and a host of others whose names are still esteemed in North Carolina. Several of these persons were now, with Ashe, at Rock | knew, concerning the secret movements Castle; and it was before them in council, that the strange adventurer from New Berne, or rather from the beach, had to appear. He had, as yet, seen none of his judges, as he supposed them to be; but he had had long conversations with thought the prisoner had angered his his captor, and from him had learned many terrible particulars of the men of | life. He was to be led out blindfolded, Cape Fear. Old Peter had in this the object really being to prevent him matter acted entirely on his own authority; and he had, during the night, practised extensively on the fears and credulity of poor Riboso. He related many surprising exploits of the patriots; more than insinuated that they had marked the

river is very wide, justifying its ancient appellation of "Brave-Stream;" and at its mouth, on a small peninsula, is Fort Caswell, formerly Fort Johnston, and one of the most pleasant places for sea bathing in the Union. The banks of the river up to Fayetteville, one hundred miles above Wilmington, have been the scenes of many romances: and a volume of entertaining legends might be founded on its still wild and lonely looking shores. It is proper to state, that Fayetteville is the modern name of the Cross-Creek, mentioned in the text; the ancient name being derived from the supposed crossing of two creeks in the vicinity. The author has seen the place where these creeks meet at right angles; and he was assured by an intelligent gentleman of the place, that even yet the waters sometimes cross. The descendants of the loyal Highlanders, mentioned in the text, are among the best citizens of the State.

name of de Riboso with red ink, and would have found him in the farthest ends of the earth. The captive tory heard also of the relentless cruelty and severe justice of those who had, as he believed, sen, special agents after him; and at last he began to tremble in every joint, to cry and lament his unhappy destiny. Peter was moved both to pity and to laughter as his prisoner began a doleful soliloquy, one while apostrophizing, in the most ludicrously tender terms, her Imperial Highness, the lady Susannah, to whom he conjured Peter to send a lock of his whiskers, in case of his being beheaded; and at another, cursing Rowton, the Governor, and his sacred Majesty George the Third. Peter at last volunteered to be his friend; promised to intercede for him, and declared his belief of being able to save the Doctor's life, on easy conditions. The conditions were these, to wit: that the Doctor should make a clean breast of all he of the royalists, and also concerning the murder of old Ricketts. The Doctor promised a faithful compliance; and it was stipulated that Peter was to stand by his side and touch him whenever he judges, or was in imminent peril of his from learning the way to Rock Castle; but this object was concealed from him, while Peter, of course, gave a different and more alarming reason for the proceeding. The council was held in the woods; and at the rising of the sun, Peter led out his captive, the latter stepping as if he walked on hot embers, and trembling so violently that Peter feared he would fall to pieces. Cornelius Harnett spoke as he advanced, "Your name, sir, I understand is----"

"T. McDonald de Riboso," answered the Doctor.

exclaimed Harnett, "I " Sirrah !" want no foolery here. What is your name, sir - the name your father gave you ?"

Peter nudged the Doctor, and he replied: "I never had a father, excellent sir; I was born a frontier wolf."

"What name did your mother give you ?"

"She called me, sir, she called me

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

nest spoke sternly-

"T? what does T. stand for? What's your Christian name, man ?"

"I never was a Christian," returned Ribs ; "I never was a Christian, but I will be one, sir; I'll join immediately if you'll let me off."

"Fool!" cried Ashe, losing all patience, "who are you, and where did you come from ?"

Peter whispered in his ear, the Doctor shook violently and said, "Tim, sir, my name is 'Tim'"-

"'Tim what ?" asked Harnett.

" Tim Ribs, sir; that is, sir, they nicknamed me Ribs, but my real name was Tim, sir."

"Very good, sir," said Harnett; "now, Mr. Timothy Ribs, we wish to question you a little concerning some important matters, and it will be well for you if you will at once tell the truth- much. And now, the first thing to be the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. Will you do so ?- Speak quickly."

Peter gave the Doctor a violent pinch, and he cried, "Yes, I'll tell," with a choking voice, and began, as requested, with the transactions on the beach, and did a tale unfold of crime, hypocrisy, and ambition, that held his listeners in rapt and silent attention. He unravelled the whole plan of the murder of old Ricketts, declaring that it was planned by Rowton, and executed by him and his few confidants, he having in view a double object: to spirit away both Alice Bladen and Utopia, and to get at the great treasures which he supposed the deceased to possess.

He declared also, that the same Rowton was in correspondence with a band of robbers all over the country; and that these men, when the war broke out, under pretence of aiding the royal cause, were to rob and plunder the patriots, and to divide their gains with Rowton. He unfolded, too, the whole scheme of attack on the part of the Governor and the 'royalists; and in this confirmed the statement of Walter Tucker and repeated what the reader already knows. The patriot chiefs who listened to this story were amazed at what they heard; and when the Doctor was withdrawn, they gazed at each other for a while in silence. | of rebellion on the Cape Fear, here take

T." Peter nudged the Doctor, and Har- | length ; " there is no hope of escape. The Scotch, the negroes and the tories all over the country will be in arms, will drive us from our homes, murder our families and burn our villages; and in the midst of these horrid scenes an English armanent will appear in the Cape Fear to mish the work of destruction begun by their infernal allies.

"I think you are too desponding," spoke Colonel Ashe, "let us arm and prepare; and for one, I'm ready to meet the storm "

"Gentlemen," said Harnett, "the crisis is great and it is now on us; nothing but the Providence of God and the utmost wisdom, energy and courage on our part can save us and our cause from utter and total shipwreck. Here, on the Cape Fear, the contest is to be decided; here, on this brave old stream we and our ancestors have loved so done is to see our own household; to try it and purify it. There must be a test oath; and every male inhabitant of the whole Cape Fear region, must be required to take it and subscribe to it. There must be a committee of vigilance in every neighbourhood; and every man's name must be recorded, and every man's motions watched. Our wives and our daughters too, must be prepared to endure hardships and to encourage and assist the cause in every way that women can; and the sentiments of our servants must be probed, while the first law of nature, the law of self-defence, will justify us in hanging instantly every rebellious slave."

These sentiments met with general approbation; and they were immediately embodied into constitutions for associations, resolutions for public meetings, and instructions for committees and agents.

A gentleman who had not hitherto spoken, now rose and said : " Mr. President and Gentlemen, I have been, up to this time, a silent spectator of and participator in the interesting scenes that have, within the last ten hours, made this a spot, one that will hereafter be consecrated in the minds of the people-I propose to make it still more famous; I propose that we, who are the leaders and instigators "The country is lost," said one at a step, enter into a compact that will fix

us irrevocably to the cause to which we are now inciting the people."

"And how would you propose to do this, Colonel Lillington ?" asked one. "I would suggest," said the Colonel,

modestly, "that we here form ourselves into a society or club, to be called the Cape Fear Republicans."

" The Cape Fear Republicans, Colonel Lillington ?" said one of the company.

"Ay, sir," said the Colonel, warmly, "the Cape Fear Republicans. Here, sir, on this high hill that overlooks those fair plains below, the happiest, the best and dearest country on earth-that overlooks a proud old river, whose bosom bears the teeming products of a bounteous land, and of one where the human | of his regard was an idol, at whose shrine heart puts forth its sweetest and its fair- he made no selfish offerings. He was est bloom-here, in view of our fields born to love-and to love as men in the and our homes, and beneath the shadow of these druid oaks, in this fair temple | fervent devotion, a singleness of heart, of nature where the foot of the tyrant has | and an entire forgetfulness of self. With never been,-I propose, that under the name of Cape Fear Republicans, we make a solemn dedication of ourselves and our fortunes to the sacred cause of liberty !"

"Agreed," cried Colonel Ashe, rising ; "with all my heart and soul I enter into the proposition of Colonel Lillington, and I further move that this club continue its meetings and its labours until North Carolina is a sovereign State."

"Say until America is a free and sovereign Republic," said Mr. Harnett-" until the hope of the philanthropist and the dream of the wise is fulfilled, until the glorious days of Greece is restored, and her institutions and her children, her arts and her literature, and god-like men shall people these western wilds, where it is more than poetry to say

'Time's noblest offspring is the last !' "

The club was established-the solemn vow was made and hands were clasped upon it—and it was further agreed that each one should, before the anniversary of that day should roll round, strike some important and some memorable blow for liberty. A president, secretary, etc., were elected, and after the transaction of some farther business, the club adjourned.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

WALTER ENTERS NEW BERNE IN A NEW CHARACTER, AND FINDS A NEW CHA-RACTER IN AN OLD ACQUAINTANCE.

IT was late in the winter when Walter Tucker found himself once more in the vicinity of New Berne. What were his feelings it is needless to say; indeed, no one can describe them. Tender he was by nature, full of affection and tender sensibilities-and he was also generous, just and brave. He had a heart formed by nature to love and confide; and his education had been such, that the object days of Saturn was wont to love-with a such feelings did his nature yearn towards Alice Bladen-they were scorned and turned to bitterness. Still he had to love on, it was a part of his being-until he saw the boy Frank Hooper, and then he lavished the affections of his heart on him. This some will call platonic affection-Walter knew no name for it, but he knew that the boy had twined himself about the tenderest chords of his heart, and resolved that he would,

"Hating no one, love but him."

His proud heart would not permit him to form intimacies with those in his father's sphere of life; nor would it permit him to desire or accept the friendship of those who considered themselves in any respect his superiors. His feelings, his education and his aspirations were above the rank in which he was born; and thus he stood insolated, alone, without society. companions br associates. Such he had seemed likely to pass through the world. a generous, refined and tender being, unloved and unloving, unknown and unknowing; a link cut from the chain that binds his species together, and all his gentle affections withering away with him. But he had found, at last, a friend, a companion and intimate, and one in every way worthy of him; his heart had found a prop on which to lean, and its tender foliage was again beginning to put forth, in this the first spring time of his being.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

It had been always winter to him before; but clouds and darkness and wintry cold no longer reigned within his breast-he became cheerful and conversational, and above all he became animated with a desire to shine with those accomplishments which so graced his adopted brother. He therefore no longer dreaded to enter New Berne-its gay people and its poor people were nothing to him; he had a world of his own, and that world was Frank Hooper, and the thoughts, fancies and feelings of which he was the cause. Such was Walter Tucker when he now entered New Berne for the second time ; I'll except one-one who loves you." and this joyful mood was enhanced when, on going to the Carolina Inn, he there found his father. The old man and his Alice---" friend Coon, came near going into fits when they met "their mutual son," as they called him; they hugged him by turns, Zip, with the vigour of a bear, but the others are stark mad after furreners, Dan, more tenderly, and with a more she likes only those she knows-and yearning and lingering embrace. The trio were, for one night at least, as happy as mortals can well be; at least Dan and his friend were, the latter of whom signalized his joy by getting drunk, kicking over all the tables in the house, knocking down Monsieur Defrong some half a dozen of times, and disturbing every one at the Inn.

Dan, from the interest which he had excited among the leading patriots, had been bailed out of prison; and among his sureties was Robert Bladen. What cause had induced the young Englishman to take this step was not known; but Dan had his suspicions, and those he would not breathe to any one.

That very night Bladen called on Walter, and greeted him very cordially, it's as transparent as that window, and and spoke in the most contemptuous as pure as the light of heaven. She has manner of the Governor. Of his sister a soul, boy, an immortal soul-there is he said nothing, not knowing, perhaps, no doubt in the world about it, although that Walter felt interested in her fate; I do not know five other persons that and Walter, who never unbosomed him- have. She has a soul, and its thoughts self, except to the student Hooper, made | will grow brighter and brighter through no inquiries concerning one whose name l he eagerly listened to hear.

Even his father, when they were alone together, made no mention of her painted it there. As Milton said of Eve name; in fact, the old man seemed to about Adam, she sees God through you, have forgotten every thing except Utopia, the political controversies of the times, | You are her Adam-sit still, and listen and his own difficulties. Walter at | --- and if you were no more, this world length ventured to ask for Alice, and in would be to her like a paradise would answer to his question, old Dan spoke have been to Eve without Adam. The

"She's gone," he rather evasively. said, "from here-some say she's hid in the town, and some that Rowton has carried her off, and forcibly married her. My son, my son, sit down. I see it, I see it ! I suspected you loved that lady -don't say a word. I suspected, and now I know that you have been guilty of a foolish thing. She's beautiful, it's true-ay, and she's good, or was so-but haven't I told you that all women are alike? Thy sainted mother was the only woman that ever lived, who was a woman as a woman ought to be. No,

"Loves me," exclaimed Walter, " who can love me? I know no woman but

"You ought to be ashamed to say so," said Dan; "and yet she was not a woman when you left her. While all she never will like any other but you. Don't you remember Utopia, my child ?" "Certainly I do," replied Walter, much confused. "You laugh," said the old man; "well, well, if you despise her you'll sorely rue it some day, that's all. You'll never find her like out of heaven."

"Indeed, I do not despise her," rejoined Walter. I know how good and beautiful she is ; but father, she is but a child, and I have regarder? her only as my little sister."

"She's not a child, nor so small either," answered Dan. "She's old enough to love, and she does love. My son, sit down and listen to me attentive-'ly. I've seen through this girl's heartall eternity; and one of its eternal images is the picture which she has painted on it of you. No, God has and you, in her eyes, are his image.

117

may still adore God, and see his great of Utopia. For an instant he felt vexed works; but she will not see Him. She and disappointed, but it was only for an will be mateless, solitary, alone, a instant: she who now stood by him was stranger here; thus she would be if you no longer the silent, bashful girl of the were to die. But if you were to love and marry another-God only knows | that she was just budding into womanwhat would happen ! Her heart would wither within her—her soul, disgusted with this world, would leave it. But oh, in a neat and closely fitting habit, that f you would but marry her! if you would try the experiment, you'd not being which it enveloped, so tasteful, so come under the curse ! The angel that guards the gates of Eden, would let you had grown some; it was not a girl's pass with her, for she's allowed to enter! Now, think_of/this, my son: ah, I see how it is ! I've thought on it a human being. It was not pale or a long time, and I've lately found it out; bleached, or unusually white, and yet the flaming sword that keeps us out of | there was a softness, a transparency, an paradise, is the devil who stands in our hearts. We do not want, we would not go to heaven if we could; we would be miserable there with old Satan in our hearts. You prefer this worldly woman -you have set your heart upon her, and may be, when you find her, she may be the gay, happy mistress of a villain she once hated ! Mind, boy, I do not say she is-she may be run off, or hid, to avoid Rowton-but there ain't two women in the world who would not hate to-day and love to-morrow."

That night was a troubled night to Walter-who can describe his thoughts, as he lay meditating on his father's words ?

CHAPTER XL.

UTOPIA-EXCELSIOR.

On the next morning after Walter's arrival in New Berne, he was called on by another old acquaintance. He had retired to his chamber after breakfast to write a letter to his friend Frank Hooper; and while he was thus engaged, Mons. Dufrong informed him that there was a lady in the parlour who wished to see him.

The memory of Alice Bladen flashed through his mind, and with a rather palpitating heart he hurried down the stairs.

"Have you forgot me, Mr. Tucker ?" said a soft voice by him, as he looked | softened sound of distant melody. eagerly through the room; and turning,

angels may still whisper to her-she he beheld close by him, the radiant face beach. Her gently founded form showed hood, and that form, moulded by the plastic hands of nature only, was clad looked also as if it were part of the quiet natural did it seem. And her face, too, face nor a woman's, nor as it seemed while Walter gazed at it, was it that of ethereal tint, a purity gleaming in it that made it look as if it contained not the gross materials, the flesh and blood and bones of mortals; and her eyes shone with a clear, soft, tender lustre, in which there was not a ray of passion or of sensual feeling. And yet there was feeling beaming in those hazel eves: there was feeling in the tremulous touch of her small white hand, and feeling as well as melody in the subdued tones of her voice. She met Walter with a cordial greeting, a hectic glow burning in her cheek ; and she stood, too, permitting him to hold her hand, and meekly returned his glances. But her manner had become more timorous, though not more cold; and there was a sweet propriety, a gentle dignity, a modest veiling of her thoughts, which struck Walter as much as did the improvement in her appearance and size. The longer he staved in her company and the more he conversed with her the less did he feel at his ease; and at last he was awkward and constrained, like one who feels the presence of a superior being. "Mother would like to see you very much," said Utopia in the course of the conversation -" that is," she continued, smiling, "if you are not afraid to visit her in her parlour."

"Her parlour," exclaimed Walter, "-where is that? Has she got a house ?" "She seceives company in the jail," said the graphing—a laugh that rung in Walter's ears like the subdued and

"I'll visit her," replied Walter, "just

as soon as I can; in fact I'll call this afternoon. But tell me, do you stay there ?"

"I spend my nights and most of my days with mother," said the girl; "I used to come out to take lessons, but now I can study very well by myself."

"What do you study " asked Walter.

"I read part of my time and part I spend in drawing," answered the girl; "there is some of my work. I don't show it because it's handsome or well done, but I brought it to you to remind you of old times. Do you see any thing there you know ?"

It was a history of which she spoke; the history of her acquaintance with Walter, up to the time they parted at New Berne. This was executed in a series of spirited, life-like and beautiful sketches; and there was not one in the book which Walter did not instantly recognize the moment he saw it. There was a view of the beach, the naked, desolate beach, and of the ocean-of the old house of Ricketts, and indeed of every place which the girl had seen, and of every event which had happened to her, and in all of these the most prominent object was Walter himself. In return, she now modesily hinted that she would like to hear of Walter's late travels; and he told them over, with perhaps more embellishments and a much greater relish than he was conscious of. Indeed, he felt now more than ever a desire to be the hero of Utopia's fancy; and he was but in the middle of his narrative when Robert Bladen, to his great mortification, made one of their party. The presence of this young man made Walter cut his story short; and in fact, it seemed also to have an unpleasant effect on Utopia, for she now prepared to leave.

"Well, Utopia, I've caught you at last," said Bladen, when Walter finished; "I've caught you, my prude young Miss."

the girl.

"I've caught you visiting your beaux," replied Bladen, taking the eigar out of his mouth, and tapping the cheeks of Utopia.

"Good morning, sir," said she, rising - "good morning, Mr. Tucker, you mustn't forget to call and see mother."

CHAPTER XLI.

DETERIOR - WHILE THE PURE BECOMES PURER FROM HER TRIALS, THE TEMP-TER FALLS.

WALTER TUCKER now began to see what he had not observed before, to wit: that Robert Bladen had changed as much as Utopia. The cheeks and eyes of the young man bore plain indications of an attachment to strong drink; he was dressed more gaudily, conducted himself more jauntily, and puffed his cigar in a more careless and listless manner.

"I say, Tucker," drawled he as Utopia left, "she's a devilish pretty girl, isn't she ?"

"I think she's extremely handsome," said Walter; "and that is not all, she is as good and pure as she is beautiful."

"Chaste as an icicle," replied Bladen: "I know it, for I've joked her occasionally. Still, I believe she is virtuous, and will always remain so."

"Wo be to him who tempts her!" exclaimed Walter, who now left the room, and shook off his companion. In the afternoon he visited the jail, and there it was that he was more than ever impressed with the worth and character of Utopia. Her mother's room she had decorated until it did, in fact, resemble a parlour; and there, in that receptacle of the infamous and the wicked, of thieves and murderers, sat Utopia diligently engaged with her drawings, and as happy, apparently, as if in the most sumptuous boudoir. The old woman was as glad to see Walter as if he had been her son; indeed, he and her child Utopia, were the only persons that shed a light on her desolate lieart, or connected her with the human family. She had for him a vast number of presents, the handiwork of herself and child; and from their number, variety, and beauty, it seemed as if they had been engaged on these "I don't know what you mean," said during the whole of their imprisonment. It was here, too, that Walter learned all the news of the town; that Alice Bladen and the Lady Susannah had lately left it, and that the former, it was supposed, had been carried off by Rowton, with the knowledge of the Governor, and even of the queen's sister. At all events, she had disappeared in a mysterious manner;

who was extremely intimate with the diswere afterwards confirmed by Walter's the esteem of the good people about New Berne. . "The fact is," said the philosophic old man, "if I was a painter I could make some moral picturs out of that young man's history. He had, by nature, a good heart, and he was edicated in correct principles-but he was taught some false notions. Like the other nobility, and big folks, he was taught to consider virtue as belongin' only to their class-he would be ashamed to tempt a lady, while he would think it no sin to make a fool of any poor girl thrown in his way. Utopia was thrown in his way; he was kind and gentle to her-and this should be the first pictur', headed, 'First a necessary accomplishment in every Meeting of Humble Beauty and Gay gentleman. He had been shocked-Gentility.' But he thought Utopia had more shocked than he could have exnot, or ought not to have any virtue, and | pected to be by the strange surmises in so he began to make hints to her, and to take little liberties with her when she of Utopia, and the recollections of Frank was dependent on him and obliged to Hooper, occupied, for the present, his visit him, and this should be headed in a paintin', 'The Tempter and the Tempted.' She resisted him, timidly and good-naturedly, and this made him take greater liberties; then she got shy of him, and this set his passions to work, and made she was held in bondage, at the palace, him follow her up more plainly. This would be the pictur' of 'The Tempter's of being, some day, her deliverer and -Progress.' But it was a progress to his benefactor. own ruin; Utopia only got better and better, and Bladen grew worse. He had taken several steps down, stepping down and fencing master; and with Coon he shyly, and cautiously, and looking anxiously back as his conscience checked him; then he got bolder and bolder, and his passion became stronger and stronger, until it is his equal; and this I would make into a paintin', and call it beautiful; and young Bladen, whom he 'Temptation Conquering,' After a while closely watched, was at that turning passion will be the master of the un-point, that last station between respectahappy youth, and as Utopia rises, he bility and rowdyism. Rowton, he could will fall, and this will make the pictur' not see, nor could he hear from him, of, 'Conquered at Last.' These are the though it seemed that he still exerted a notions of a foolish old man, who's been fatal influence over the Governor. This speculatin' about such things; but I latter was now continually embroiling hope the affair won't turn out as I look | himself in disputes with the citizens of for. He really loves Utopia, but it is New Berne-his popularity was daily love mixed with passion-he has set his diminishing, and all over the country desires on her until they have made a were heard the notes of preparation for a

and nothing could be got from her brother, half madman of him, and he has even offered to marry her, or promised to do solute English gentleman. These facts it. Rowton saw his failings, and played on them-he has led him on by degrees, father, who informed him that young and although Bladen pretends not to be Bladen had been led astray, and was a royalist, he is completely in the hands gradually losing his own self-respect, and of this dangerous Englishman. These facts I have picked up by keeping my ears and eyes open; do you do the same, my boy, but keep your tongue still."

CHAPTER XLII.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF CHARACTER.

To the great surprise, but not regret of his father, Walter Tucker began to cultivate those arts, to be skilled in which, in those times, was considered as regard to Alice Bladen; but the society more tender feelings, while his mind was absorbed by a new train of ambitious views. To tell the truth, he did not believe that Alice was lost, and so he wrote to Hooper-in fact, he was certain that and he pleased himself with fond dreams

Mons. Dufrong was forthwith installed into the double office of dancing master daily went out to practise with the rifle, while he also endeavoured to make himself an accomplished horseman.

Utopia he saw every day, and she was happy, and growing better and more UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

conflict of arms. John Harvey, a highly respectable and patriotic citizen, and one of substance and influence, had been publicly abused by his Excellency, and expelled from the privy council on account of his liberal principles and conduct; and this had thrown the people of New Berne, and the surrounding country, into a violent ferment. Secret organizations were formed, and tests prescribed; committees were appointed, and the militia armed, and prepared for action. The patriotic authorities, at this crisis, cast their eyes on Walter Tucker; and after an examination, he was thought to be eminently worthy of an important trust, and one which exactly suited his inclinations. He was, therefore, duly commissioned as captain of a company of mounted rangers intended for secret and active service; but after a week's labour he found himself at the head of Coon, his first lieutenant, and of Mons. Dufrong, his only private. With these, however, and attended by old Dan, as a sort of supernumerary, he scoured the country, and made himself extremely useful, by picking up information, and keeping the patriots aware of all the movements over the country.

It was while engaged in the active discharge of these duties, that the jail at New Berne was broken open in the night and the prisoners released. It was late when the affair happened; and so noiselessly was it done, that the event was not known until the jailer paid his morning visit to the prison. To his surprise and horror, he found his boarders gone; and in the room occupied by Utopia was a note with the words, "This is the hand of Wild Bill; he sets his name to his deeds."

The absence of Utopia, and her mysterious fate left a gloom in the city, where she had become known to every one; and the dreaded name of "Wild Bill," lent an additional horror to the strange transaction. Criminations and recriminations took place between the Governor and the citizens, each charging the other with being privy to the matter; and the whole country was alarmed with dreadful rumours of plots, and counterplots, of murders and insurrections. As for Walter Tucker, he had but one notion in regard to the matter-he saw in the whole affair, the hand, not of Wild Bill, but of others; and the reasons are obvious.

Rowton and Bladen, and of this opinion was his father. Lieutenaut Coon, of course, believed with his captain; and Mons. Dufrong had too high a regard for Coon to differ with him in any thing. An expedition was, therefore, immediately planned; and in a few days the landlord of the Carolina Inn disappeared, and with him Walter Tucker, his father, and his father's friend. He was thus engaged for at least a month; and then turning his face southwards, he hastened towards the swamps of Tyrrel. He reproached himself for not having gone sooner to the rescue of Utopia; but private interest had to give way to the exigencies of the public, and Walter considered himself as one of the trusted servants of the latter.

CHAPTER XLIII.

PROGRESS OF A UTOPIAN.

WALTER TUCKER left New Berne for the purpose of visiting the cottage of the Paladins of the swamp; but being intrusted by the patriots with a mission to the whigs of Halifax* and Bertie; he felt himself bound to discharge it.

Never having been so high up before as the county of Bertie, the young soldier once or twice lost his reckoning; and though his journey was not a long one, he was some time in accomplishing it.

* Some of the most prominent and active Whigs resided in this region, and several Provincial Assemblies, &c., were held at Halifax, the Courthouse of Halifax county. To this day, this section of country is remarkable for the many excellent people which therein abound; and when any of our readers sees a man who hails from Bertie, he may at once trust him as a gentleman. The people of Halifax are not so well known to the uthor; but doubtless this whole region of the "Roanoke" is a pleasant one. Roanoke, by the way, is generally supposed to be a Virginia name; it is not, however, but helongs to North Carolina. The Dan and Staunton which forms this river, are streams of Virginia; but the old river with the euphonious name, is in North Carolina. The very name calls up images pleasing and romantic; a sojourner along the Roanoke, will find his fancy has not deceived

The author has observed that the people near large rivers are generally more enterprising, liberal and comprehensive in their views than

sheet of water called Lake Phelps; and as he was now near his destination, he halted to instruct his followers, and to wait for the shades of night, under cover of which he could best execute his plans. He was now on one of the little ridges of sand, or islands, common in the swamps, a space of dry ground, thinly covered with leaves and grass, and affording a residence for the dwellers of the wilderness. 'The day was far advanced, and the evening gloaming coming on; but there was a full moon rising in the clear east, and the tall trees were already beginning to display their elfin shadows in her rays.

Walter, thinking it advisable not to approach the cottage of Rowton until towards the middle of the night, had a fire kindled, and prepared to make himself and his companions comfortable. He himself superintended the culinary department; and as he did so, assisted by his father, Lieutenant Coon and Mons. Dufrong were sent out to look for clear | figure before him. It was that of a tall water.

They had not been gone long, when the sonorous voice of old Zip rang loud 1 floated from the back of her head over and terrific through the woods; and in a | her shoulders, and her long, loose tresses minute afterwards the water party came tearing back in a state of great trepidation, the Virginian uttering an occasional and waist; and as she stood with her face yell as he ran, and the Frenchman clinging to the skirts of the former's coat, and spectral whiteness, while the glare of her mingling oaths and prayers in all the modern languages.

"Another swamp devil !" cried old Zip, in a deep bass, as he approached the fire.

"Le Diable seconde? Ze dam fantom swoompay !" exclaimed Mons. Dufrong, in a squeaking tenor.

"Another Carolina witch !" continued Zip in a higher key.

"L'esprit mauvais du Nord! Vitch du Caroline ! 'Dieu me preserve !'' chimed in the Frenchman.

"What, what, what !" cried old Dan, losing all patience, "are you bewitched, or are you fooling ?"

"I'm bewitched !" exclaimed Zip : "I've seen a dreadful ghost, Walter, a real ghost; as high as one of those pines, and with eyes like a saucer !"

"You've seen a rotten pine stump, a deer, or cow," said Walter, laughing;

At length he passed the beautiful httle "but I'll soon try its mettle. Which way was it?"

> "I'll show you," said Zip; "come on and see if I'm not right this time. Come on, Monseer, and friend Dan, let's all go together and stand by each other."

And so they did go all together, and each with his weapons; Walter a little in advance, with Zip holding his arm, and old Dan pulling along the terrified Frenchman. "Look ! look !" cried Zip, halting, and placing himself in the rear of Walter.

"Look where?" asked the latter.

"Look there !" shouted Zip, pointing over his shoulder towards the swamp-"look there ! oh, dear, it moves !"

There was a slight crackle in the brushwood, and the next instant, Walter's hair rose on his head as a vision glided from a clump of trees, and stood confronting him. The whole company stood silent for a minute. Coon and the Faenchman shook violently, and a cold chill ran over even Walter, as he looked at the strange female, dressed in flowing drapery of the purest white; a veil of the same colour glittered with gems. Garlands of wild flowers hung in festoons about her neck to the moon, her features shone with a eyes and the sparkle of the jewels in her dress, gave her the appearance of a female Argus.

"Woman, who are you ?" cried old Tucker, advancing to the head of his companions: "Will you not speak ? You need not think to fright an old hunter," he continued, "with all your ghostly paraphernalia. Tell me who you are, or by the Eternal I'll shoot you !"

To all this the apparition returned only a silent stare; and Dan, with a slight trembling in his limbs, moved slowly forward.

"In the name of truth who are you ?" asked Dan, again halting.

There was no answer, and the fiddler advanced still farther, creeping rather than walking, using his gun as a staff, and ever and anon stooping to gaze up into the face of the spectre. At last he stood close by the vision; and as he again stooped to UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

look into its face, it waved him back and spoke-

"Who am I?" cried the mysterious woman ; " am I not the Moon, the Queen of the night, and the stars my maids of honour? Where is he, my beloved, the sun that shall scatter the darkness from my soul? He is gone! he is gone !" she continued in a wilder tone : "he's a traitor-he's the foul fiend and villain !" she fairly screamed : you are one of his imps and shall follow him to hell !"

As she spoke, a dagger gleamed in her jewelled hand, and she darted at old Dan with the ferocity of a tigress. The old hunter was, however, on his guard, and seizing the hand raised to stab him, a sharp scuffle ensued ; and then his strange opponent, falling on her knees as he still held her by the wrists, besought him in the most piteous manner to spare her life. Dan lifted her gently up; but the moment she was on her feet, she uttered a wild shriek and darted into the swamp. She was soon retaken; and Walter, to his surprise and horror, recognized in her the belle of Utopia, and mistress of Rowton ! During the intervals of her delirium her captors learned, that her lover had become fired of her charms, and that she, in one of her jealous moods, had threatened to expose him by giving information of the manner in which old Ricketts had been slain. Of that dark deed of blood, Rowton, according to her, was the author. aided by a band of pirates and outlaws; and he, fearing that she might execute her threat, had determined to put her to death. Knowing his designs, she had escaped into the swamps, and for days and nights she had been hunted through them by the bloodhounds on her track. Her reason gave way, and in one of her paroxysms she had approached her lover's cottage and found only old Heatty at home, and she fast asleep. Arraying herself in the dress which she had worn at the carousals of Rowton, when he was wont to call her the Queen of the Night, and taking all the jewels in the house, she set fire to it, and left it in flames, the negress in it, and still asleep.

Walter and his companions found that her words were true; and they arrived just as the house fell into a heap of smouldering ruins, the unhappy woman who | throng, elbowing his way through it, until had once been its pride and glory, scream-

pyre of old Heatty, and wildly dancing round what she called the blazing den of the field.

CHAPTER XLIV.

THE END OF A UTOPIAN DREAMER.

THE poor maniac belle of Utopia was intrusted to the care of old Tucker, and the host of the Carolina Inn, who now started back to New Berne, intending to visit on the way, the residence of old Dan, on Roanoke Island. It was thought that, with care and kind treatment, the fair victim of love might easily be restored to her reason; and in that case she was to be a witness for Tucker, and against his enemy Rowton. As for Walter and his lieutenant, they continued to scour the country in search of Utopia. Polly Dawson knowing nothing of her; and in this vocation they were engaged for weeks. In the course of their explorations they discovered the plan of an insurection among the negroes in the counties along Tar River, and near the Virginia line; and they were mainly instrumental in causing it to be nipped in the bud. This plot was of wide extension; but its premature exposure, and its immediate and total discomfiture was a grand blow for the Whigs, while it fatally weakened the course of Martin and his adherents. One important link in the chain of his intended operations was thus broken; and the whole system now seemed likely to prove a failure-at least so he feared; but the republicans were greatly alarmed, and the whole country was now thoroughly aroused.

It was during the excitement consequent upon this outbreak, that as Walter and his faithful lieutenant rode into a small country village, they saw great crowds running to and fro, all in the highest state of agitation. As they neared the multitude, they could distinguish the name of "Wild Bill" often repeated, and in such a way as seemed to indicate that that noted personage had been taken at last. Walter's heart misgave him; but hastily dismounting, he rushed into the he found himself near the spot whence ing with delight as she beheld the funeral the clamour proceeded; and there, sure

enough, the young hunter instantly re- by her first fatal, false step, she lost her cognized the wild man whom he had met own self-respect, and was plunged into a in the woods months before. He had been | career which kept sinking her lower and taken and identified, and was now on the lower in the social scale. So far down way to his execution, to explate by his | in this respect had she fallen, and so much death the many crimes of which he had had poverty and thals humbled her pride, been guilty. As he was led by the spot where Walter and Coon were standing, the good-natured, good-for-nothing Ike he recognized them, and turning, unper- | Harvey, the Banker; and Ike, as is known ceived, to Walter, handed him a small bundle, saying, "Take that: it is the history of my life. Utopia," added he, in an under tone, heard by no one else, "Utopia is safe. In the midst of the Great Dismal Swamp is a lake. On its banks you will find her."

Walter would have questioned the negro further, but he could not. The crowd, with the criminal, hastened on towards soned; forcibly rescued by a negro and the place of execution, and that was the last that the travellers ever saw of Wild | living in the middle of an unknown Bill.

CHAPTER XLV.

THE GREAT DISMAL SWAMP AND ITS TENANT.

WITH sad hearts Walter and his lieutenant left the village, and directed their steps northward. It was now in the hot month of July; and when they had reached the woods they dismounted, and rolling themselves on the grass in the shade, they, or rather Walter, eagerly opened the manuscript of Bill the runaway. It was a long and tedious history, containing a minute account of the writer's adventures during his predatory life. From this manuscript, however, Walter learned to his surprise that the negro had belonged originally to the Tucker estate, and that having been sold while young to a master who had treated him harshly, he had subsequently run away. In the course of his wanderings, he found Mrs. Ricketts, then living with her second husband, Ike Harvey; and in this woman he recognized the long-lost sister of his former young master, Walter's father. He made himself known to her, and | midway in the swamp, and just within hence the interest he ever after took in her and her child.

Mrs. Ricketts had not become absolutely depraved; indeed, she still con- | Swamp; but in former days there was

that for her second husband she espoused a terwards, driven by his passion for drink, sold her to old Ricketts. Thus had her experience been a strange, eventful one; married first to an adventurer without a name, and dragged by him from place to place, and left in poverty and want by his death; then a Banker's wife; by him traded off like a chattel; then accused of the murder of the purchaser; impriher second and kindest husband, and now swamp. Yet through all her chequered career, she had preserved certain cardinal virtues: and above all, she never forgot how she had fallen, and endeavoured so to raise her child, that the latter might be worthy of claiming kindred with her mother's family. If Walter was shocked at finding himself the nephew of this wretched outcast and wanderer, he could not but admire her extreme delicacy in keeping from him and his father, and even from her own child, the secret of her birth; and he was, too, not altogether sorry to find a cousin in the gentle Utopia. Indeed, he was in a whirl of feeling, hardly knowing whether he preferred to love the fair sweet child of the desert as a cousin, or as something nearer; or whether, in fact, he loved her at all or not. Certain it is, he took a very great interest in her fate; and so, attended by Coon, he hurried off in the direction of Virginia.

The Dismal Swamp, or as it is properly known, the Great Dismal Swamp, is even now a Terra Incognita; even as vet it is the domain of the wildcat, the rattlesnake, and the panther. There is a canal and a road now running through it, linking the commerce of Virginia and Carolina; and on this road, the Carolina line, there is a tavern house. The keeper of this is now the sole civilized occupant of the Great Dismal ducted herself as a moral woman, though | not this road or | canal, and nothing

known but by tradition and rumour of this dreary and obscure region. Then, lake. While Walter and his companion too, above its thick mattrass of shrubbery, vines, and briers, loomed a dark forest of cypress and juniper; and bold was the adventurer who would undertake to explore its solitudes, where at noonday there was the gloom of midnight.

Lieutenant Coon was not foud of this kind of sport; and though he was now near the borders of his own state, and though the swamp was partly in it, he was not, for that reason, in a very pleasant state of feeling, while at a house on the outskirts of the wilderness, he prepared to follow his reckless captain on foot, through this obscure waste. The truth is, old Zip was superstitious, and it is said, that during the whole of his perilous journey through the bog, especially while crawling on his hands and knees, he was devoutly whispering his prayers; though as a bamboo would rake his thighs, even through their buff covering, or a twig slap him in the face, he would often suddenly terminate his devotions with an expression any thing else than pious. To his immense satisfaction, however, and after his clothes and his flesh had been torn in a hundred places, and after wading, and plashing, and crawling through miles and miles of bog, he found his journey at an end and even he, bleeding and panting as he was, and rude as he was by nature, felt now a thrill of pleasure such as he had never before experienced; while Walter, fond of the varied face of nature, stood entranced in an ecstasy of delight.

A circular sheet of water, of a shining black, and as smooth as glass, now lay placidly at their feet, and though six or seven miles in diameter, was so perfectly still that not even a ripple disturbed its surface; and throughout the whole extent, there was not a tree, a shrub, or rock, to mar its beauty. It was almost the trunks of immense trees that stood in serried ranks upon its shores; while the dark mirror of waters was fringed all round with a hedge of living green, hung with gay festoons of flowers of ten thousand hues. Birds of every size, and ministrelsy; and wild geese, ducks, and but as the mysterious death of old

stately swans, were lazily floating on the stood still in silent admiration, they saw, far up the lake, a flock of white geese glide smoothly from the banks, in a direction towards them; and close behind them, and apparently drawn by them, was a tiny canoe, with a girl dressed in white. At the distance at which they stood, the whole seemed like a fairy vision; the geese looked as small as sparrows; the boat appeared little larger than a shoe, while its occupant. with her broomstraw paddle, might have been taken for the Elfin tenant of some palace of shells beneath the waters. The two friends, doubting whether they saw Utopia, or a tiny spirit of the lake, taking an airing, scrambled towards the apparition as fast as they could.

In a short time they were opposite and in hailing distance; and then it was that they were able to distinguish the child of the desert, now, as it seemed to both, in her pure white dress and garlands of wild flowers, infinitely more beautiful than they had ever seen her before. She was startled a little when she first heard their shouts; but quickly recognizing the voice of Walter, and having her geese under excellent control, she neared the shore, and greeted with a smile that shone through their hearts, her old acquaintances. Indeed the unexpected meeting lit up her countenance with an indescribable glow of pleasure; and as she sailed slowly along, near the shore, she and Walter talked over the past and present with a feeling which neither had ever experienced before. Almost before he knew it Walter had stumbled on her mother's cabin; but Utopia, quickly leaping ashore, took him by the hand, saying, "Welcome, Walter, to the dove-cote - and you, too, Mr. Coon, I welcome you both to our cottage in the woods."

. " God Almighty bless you, my beauuperfectly round, and was walled in by ful angel!" said old Zip, seizing her proffered left hand with both of his, and covering it with kisses ; "I could die ten thousand deaths for you ! ay, and wade through all the swamps in this accursed Carolina into the bargain !".

, Walter was not long now in ascernote, and colour, were flitting about, and taining from Mrs. Ricketts that she was filling the woods with the sweetest then living with her second husband;

Ricketts had not yet been explained, and she was still supposed to be in some way connected with it, he did not make known his knowledge of his relationship to her. Nor did he tell her of the death of Wild Bill, knowing that it would be a cruel blow to her; and knowing, too, that she might not, perhaps, in years find it out. He had not been long seated, when Utopia brought out her scrap book; and Walter saw that she was still improving in her art, and had continued down to the present time the history of their acquaintance. "Our adventure to-day will be capital," she said; "and then, Mr. Coon, in his great bell-crowned hat and all covered over with mud, will look so funny !" "You may draw me as you will, my blessed little angel: draw me as you will, I'll be delighted to be in your company in any fix."

Thus they spent the day in gathering wild flowers, and taking views of the lake; Mrs. Ricketts in the mean time anxiously looking for the return of herhusband from his hunting excursion.

Walter, Utopia, and the Virginian, wandered some distance from the dovecote, when suddenly two pistols were fired at the same instant, one ball whizing through the face of Zip, and the other deeply grazing the left-shoulder of Walter. The next instant two men sprang like tigers from the bushes; but the one who assaulted Walter, fell the next moment with the knife of that brave | flung their bodies in the lake; and as youth through his heart. To withdraw his weapon and give his foe another deadly stab, was the work of a few seconds only; and then turning to his friend, who was closely grappled with his antagonist, he endeavoured to assist him. The Virginian, though a brave and a powerful man, had found his match; he was engaged, in a contest for life, with one not so tall, but stouter even than himself, his immense black whiskers and his bushy head, giving him, to Walter, more the appearance of a wild bison than that of a man. Over bushes | den false; that he had, himself, fixed his and briers they rolled, crackling the brushwood, tearing down even small trees and plashing in the water; whirling so suddenly, and moving with such quick and rapid motions, that the young man could not strike or shoot, for fear of hitting his friend. Up, however, he | fact, insinuated himself into Ike's confi-

rushed, dagger in hand, and as he did so. the hairy enemy seized him with his left hand, slamming him violently against Coon; and then by an immense exertion of strength, lifted both in his arms and endeavoured to fling them into the pond. Zip went in, but Walter caught upon a tree and seriously injured his arm; and as the submerged Coor arose, his enemy, rushed at him with a pistol in each hand. In an instant the Virginfan's head would have been riddled; but before his ferocious looking foe could cock his pistols, his own breast was pierced by a ball from Walter. He staggered sullenly towards a tree; and as he fell against it, Coon with a club, dashed out his brains. The survivers now proceeded to examine the dead; and in the first they were surprised to find a well dressed and genteel looking stranger. It was impossible to bring him to; he was already cold, though his countenance still, wore the smooth placid look of life. Of the other also, they knew nothing, and were curiously examining him, when Utopia, who had fled screaming to the house, now returned with her mother and her mother's husband, Ike Harvey. This latter immediately recognized the unknown monster; and it was with a thrill of horror they heard that they had been grappling in mortal combat with Dick Cruder, a notorious pirate, and the terror of the coast. Having stripped them of their papers and their valuables, they they did so, old Coon remarked, "Be thankful, there are two villains less! Strange," continued he, turning to Walter, "this Utopia makes a heaven wherever she goes; and yet the devils will follow her !"

From letters found on Cruder, and which were determined to be those of Rowton, though not signed, it appeared that the pirate had been the participator of all his secrets, his most trusted agent in all his plans of iniquity. It appeared, too, that he was determined to play Bladesire on Utopia, and had resolved that both she and Alice Bladen should, in time, make part of his harem. Through him this very Cruder had assisted--for what reason Ike and Wild Bill knew not, in the escape of Mrs. Rickets; he had, in

WALTER TUCKER AND ZIP COON ATTACKED BY PIRATES

dence, and now he had come to murder him and his wife, and assist in carrying off Utopia.

From these letters of Rowton, Walter also learned important particulars in regard to the movements of the royalists; and as he was too badly injured to travel immediately, he despatched Coon in haste to the Whigs on the Cape Fear. The old fiddler was exceedingly averse to such an undertaking, after his experience of the swamps of Carolina; but visions of glory floated before his imagination, beckoning him onward; and so, after many instructions and a very affectionate embrace of Utopia, he took his leave.

CHAPTER XLVI.

UTOPIA AGAIN-EXCELSIOR.

IMPATIENT as he was by nature, and anxious, in the circumstances of the times, to be acting his part in the great drama going on, it may be supposed that Walter Tucker bore his confinement in the midst of the Great Dismal Swamp, with but little serenity of temper. Indeed, every thing considered, it would almost have been a miracle had he been satisfied with his position; and yet never did a man bear confinement, or the painful cause of it, with more eqanimity than was manifested by Walter Tucker, while lying disabled at the dove-cote on Lake Drummond. Though unable to ramble far through the woods, he was not too feeble to accompany Utopia in excursions on the lake; and it was during these that he often had occasion to admire the inexpressible sweetness and gentleness of her nature, the purity of her heart, and the intelligence of her mind. Her heart threw its golden sunlight over all the objects of the material and moral world; and every beautiful sight and sound of nature touched in her breast a chord responsive.

Did she love? She loved the harmony that, to her mind, pervaded all created things; and the living embodiment of that harmony, the glory of the universe, was, in her eyes, the companion with whom she now wandered about the shores of

7

Lake Drummond. Love was a part of her being; she was a worshipper of that ideal beauty which, in the poet's imagination, clothes all the objects of the earth, dwells in all hearts, and breathes its spell in the changing seasons, the sun, and moon, and stars, the winds and waves. the flowers of spring, and the fading leaves of autumn. To make a barbarous pun, she was a Utopian, and kindred in soul with the Utopians who had lived before her: the fair universe with its spangled firmament, seemed, to her, to be made for the abode of immortals. To eat. to drink. and sleep, and die, seemed not to her the chief business, the destiny of her race. She fancied that it was born for higher and nobler purposes. Her longings were eternal, for her passions were the passions of an eternal mind; and the food of that mind, its highest and its only happiness, was love; that love, boundless and immortal, which can spring only from an immortal source.-In all her intercourse with Walter there was a total forgetfulness of self, and a devotion to him, that showed, or would have shown to an impartial observer, that she was not by nature made to be alone; and even he, selfabasing as he was, and little as he thought of love, in connection with Utopia, began at last to wonder at her conduct. She lived, not in herself, but in him; and this was so natural to her, and so completely, and for so long a time, affected all her actions, that she absolutely became necessary to him. He did not reason on the matter, or think much about it-Utopia had become his other self, and he could not be a moment without her.

The parting time came at last; and when it did come she had a thousand things to say to him that she had forgotten before. They talked over and over again every little incident connected with their intercourse; and then, with a hope of meeting soon, they parted. There were no silly weeping and sobbing on the part of Utopia; there were no idle speeches about remembering each other-about sentiment, affection, and such like. There was a promise on his part to return soon ; on hers, an undoubting faith in all he said-a wish expressed that he might safely return, and a simple "good-bye," which fell from her lips like the parting

130

LIFE IN THE SOUTH: A COMPANION TO

CHAPTER XLVII.

HISTORICAL.

EASTERN Carolina was in a state of intense excitement and alarm. Each of the antagonist parties had now thrown off all disguise; and the Demon of War stood, with torch in hand, ready to light the country in a blaze of ruin. The intrigues of Governor Martin, with numberless additions, were beginning to be brought to light; and those who knew most of these intrigues, believed that they had succeeded in surrounding the infant cause of liberty with a force that power, they steruly prepared for a descould not be resisted. Communication | perate conflict. | Matrons and maidens, between different parts of the State was and children of tender years, caught the slow and difficult; and thus the patriots of different sections were left to rely on themselves, without the co-operation of their friends, and acting without reference to any general and concerted plan of resistance. On the other hand the plans of the royalists were wide in their scope and had been well matured; and they hoped, by a combined attack, by one grand swoop to crush rebellion in the Carolinas and Georgia. Depots of British arms had been formed in Florida; and from thence to the Virginia line the country was settled by tribes of Indians, all in the pay of the British Government, and ready to clutch the tomahawk and scalping knife on a moment's warning. Great fears were apprehended of negro insurrections, especially after the discovery of the plot of which mention has been made; some of the State forces had been marched towards Norfolk to ly advanced towards the intended theatre head Lord Dunmore, who was making a | of his first operations. demonstration on the north-east frontier ; and the Scotch about Cross-Creek were head of a regiment of militia, raised arming for the combat. These people, about Wilmington, hastily proposed to who lived in the southern portion of the march towards McDonald; and while State, were a brave and warlike race, he was getting ready for the field he refrom the Highlands of Scotland; and ceived important intelligence. The mesamong them were chiefs and clans with senger was no less a personage than whose renown in arms, Scottish story Lieutenant Coon; a gentleman who and Scottish song have made the world grew ten years younger the instant that familiar. They were the fierce men of Culloden; and among them were the McDonalds, the McLeods, and the Campbells. General Donald McDonald was their leader; and unfurling the royal standard, the shrill sound of the

quickly drew together an eager and martial host. These, it was expected, would march upon Wilmington, while Sir Henry Clinton was hourly expected to make his appearance in the Cape Fear ; and thus the patriots of that section, the most obnoxious to the British, had reason to regard themselves as in a perilous strait. The devoted band was, apparently, surrounded by a mighty cordon of enemies; they were cut off from their neighbours in other provinces, and beyond the reach of aid from their friends in Carolina. With an unfaltering resolution, however, they faced the danger before them; and taxing their energies to their utmost enthusiasm of the times; and the letters written in that day, and private memoirs, as well as tradition, tell of deeds of heroism, and of hardships, and privations, voluntarily endured by the females. that endear the region of the Old Cape Fear to every gallant heart. While every family was thus "setting its house in order," and preparing to fight, as the Spanish Christians fought against the Moors; the first Continental regiment raised in the State, and under the command of the brave and skilful Colonel Moore, was marched to the west of the Cape Fear, to watch the movements of the Scots. It was not the policy of McDonald to encounter a fire in that region, desiring first to strike a blow at Wilmington, and open a communication with the British and so he eluded a meeting with Colonel Moore, and stealthi-

Colonel Alexander Lillington, at the he heard Lillington give order for immediate preparation for the field. The Virginian's heart throbbed still more proudly when he found himself in a homely uniform with a few strips of tinsel on it; and as he drew the great cleaver by his pibroch echoed among the pines, and side, he mentally resolved to baptize it in

the first engagement, in the blood of at | fever of agitation by the everlasting least twenty Englishmen, for the honour of old Virginny and of James' River.

CHAPTER XLVIII.

AN UNPUBLISHED LEAF OF HISTORY.

MILITARY ardour is contagious; and thus even the philosophic heart of old Dan Tucker was fired with the spirit of the times. He had carried the faded victim of Rowton to New Berne, and there, while she enjoyed a lucid interval, he had her deposition taken, intending, if she should die, to ask to use it in his defence. She, poor girl, for a while improved under his attentions and those of their kind host, Mons. Dufrong ; but while her mind seemed to recover from its fitful delirium, her spirits drooped, and her health decayed. She became sad, taciturn, and fond of solitude: and one night disappeared, and was seen no more in New Berne. Old Dan, having this care off his mind, resolved to become a hero; and so he at once bestirred himself to raise a company. Colonel Richard Caswell, who commanded the minute men of New Berne, promised to receive the old fiddler and his men as volunteers: and Dan, taking it on himself to commission his own lieutenants, conferred the first honour on his friend and admirer. Mons. Dufrong. The Carolina Inn was forthwith converted into a recruiting rendezvous; and the "groceries" of the proprietor, as well as the fiddle of Dan, were freely used to attract the adventurous. The old philosopher of Roanoke wore his starched dignity with an ill grace; but his first lieutenant would, in that capacity, have done honour to any service. War is the Frenchman's pastime; he takes to it naturally, and thus Mons. Dufrong was now in his proper element. He was all enthusiasm, he couldn't sit, or stand, or walk; and his senior, Dan, was fifty times a day, made painfully aware of his junior's skill in cutting, pushing, and thrusting. Captain Tucker had desired his second in command to initiate him into some of the mysteries of the sword exercise; and after this, at the oddest times, day and

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

prenez garde, and the glitter of the Frenchman's sword pointed at his throat. In time he learned how to cut down. without hurting himself, an unresisting foe; but the ranks of his company remained sadly thin. After a long effort, himself, his first and second lieutenants, and a fifer boy, constituted his whole command; and, to add to his mortification, he heard that Caswell, in consequence of important information, had suddenly taken up his line of march towards Wilmington. The cause of this movement was not generally known, though it was expected a battle would be fought; and to miss that battle would have broken old Tucker's heart, and have caused the Frenchman to commit instant suicide.

They determined, therefore, to follow after; and preparing themselves for a long campaign, they took the field. Small as was his command, Captain Tucker, as far as he knew them, observed all the rules of war: though he allowed himself the license of a fiddle, which was strapped on his back, and whose voice was every night heard in camp. This forlorn hope followed in the wake of Colonel Caswell; but so rapid were that officer's movements, that Dan's usual luck attended him. He was often nearly in sight of the flying regiment; but each morning as he would pass its still burning camp-fires, a sad voice would whisper in his ear, "You're always too late, Mr. Tucker." But this voice did not chill his courage or restrain this ardour; and with cheerful energy he, like many a greater soldier, still pushed on his arduous march, even though the efforts of each day were crowned at night with the melancholy words, " too late."

CHAPTER XLIX.

A GLIMPSE OF HUMAN LIFE.

GENERAL McDonald, with an array of four thousand gallant Scots, was marching towards Wilmington, having crossed the Cape Fear, and eluded the vigilance of Moore, when he heard of an obstruction in his path. On the farther side of a night, he was constantly thrown into a creek called Moore's Creek, there lay en-

camped, as his scouts told him, a handful of militia under Colonel Lillington; and the general, after a short council, resolved to surprise and cut to pieces the daring patriots. He learned that Lillington had with him only five hundred men, but that Colonel Caswell was rapidly marching towards him with about five hundred more; and to prevent this junction, and to destroy the two regiments in detail, was the object of the Scotchman. He therefore marched suddenly and expeditiously towards Lillington, who came near being taken by surprise. His camp he had before fortified; and now the planks were taken from the bridge over the creek, the sleepers greased and fortified by a tete-de-pont; and then going familiarly among his men, the Colonel prepared them for a bloody and desperate struggle. "Victory or death," was to be the motto; and on the iron heart of every soldier in the patriot camp was it engraven. Coolly and strernly they awited the onset; while in the Scottish army not a soul doubted the result, unless it was the general himself, who was so sick that McLeod, the second in command, had to take his place. At break of day, the Scotch, in beautiful array, with shouts and martial clangor, were seen marching along the creek; but there was not a word nor a whisper heard among the men of Lillington. Suddenly a broad sheet of flame burst along the ranks of these, and the head of the Scottish column staggered backwards, as many a gallant soldier fell from its ranks. Again they were rallied by McLeod, who, with his sword waving over his head, actually crossed the bridge; but another and more deadly fire swept off the entire head of the column, McLeod himself falling mortally wounded. In this second and destructive volley, the men of Caswell* joined; and as Campbell, the third in command among the Scots, formed their ranks, a third discharge killed him, with nearly one fourth of his remaining

There are different opinions in regard to the honour of the achievement at Moore's Creek: some giving it to Caswell, some to Lillington, and others to both. The Carolinians generally give it to Lillington. This officer, by the rules of the service, was entitled to the command; and it is even said by some authorities, that Caswell arrived after the battle was nearly over. The current of authorities, however, represents him as having co-operated with his brother hero, Alexander Lillington.

men. Lillington now gave the word to charge; the planks were instantly thrown down, and the clash of swords and bayonets indicated the last deadly struggle. Every where the Scotch were beaten; but there was among them, one whose gallant bearing attracted the attention of friend and foe.

Cool, stern and wary, he still refused to surrender, and with a few devoted followers, hewed his way from point to point in the patriot ranks; and after all hope of victory had fled, and he was alone without a follower, he still opened a path before him, his sword dripping with blood and his uniform cut to pieces. As he was thus slowly making his way towards a body of still resolute Scots, he was suddenly confronted by a young officer, who hailed him.

"Who among these patriot dogs knows my name," said Chester Rowton, throwing back the elotted hair from his face. " I, the avenger of innocence," cried Walter Tucker; "and I thank God for this hour which I have so long prayed for !" " It will end your troubles, vain boy," replied Rowton, as he took his guard and coolly parried the strokes which Walter furiously showered upon him. "You the avenger of innocence !" cried he with a scornful laugh, as he shivered Walter's sword: "You the avenger of innocence ! I'll send you to the other world before me," and his brandished sword glittered near the head of his defenceless antagonist.

But here a third actor intervened. "I'm the avenger," cried he with wild and terrible energy, and as he spoke, plunged a dagger to the Englishman's heart ; "I'm the avenger," he continued, leaping into the air and brandishing his dagger. "Ha, ha! the day of retribution has come at last! Vengeance is sweet, sweet, oh, how sweet !" and he again plunged the dagger to the heart of his dying victim. "He's dead," said the youth as the pallor of the last foe overspread the countenance of the Englishman : "he's dead ! and he's forgiven. Chester, Chester, my dear lord, take me with you !" and failing on his neck, the maniac youth and his victim expired together. Such was the end of Chester Rowton and of Polly Dawson, the beautiful, and until she saw/him, the happy belle of Utopia.

The struggle was over, and the whole Scotch army was killed or taken captive. Among the former were McLeod and Campbell, the second and third in command; and among the latter General McDonald.

This was one of the most decisive and important victories achieved during the Revolution ; for with this ended the royal Caswell. sway in North Carolina. The armament in the Cape Fear, with Sir Henry Clinton and Lord Cornwallis, soon left the whole country owes him a debt. without doing any damage; the Scotch settlements were broken up, the negroes kept in subjection, and the Indians beaten and overawed. The tories were every where intimidated, and the whigs made confident; 'the Governor was driven off in disgrace, and North Carolina was, from this day, a free and independent State. Such were the effects of the battle of Moore's Creek, fought by eleven or twelve hundred militia, in 1776, against four thousand Highland Scotchmen; and yet who out of North Carolina has heard of Moore's Creek, or of its heroes Lillington and Caswell? In honour of the latter, the State has named a county; will it do nothing to perpetuate by a singular incident. I observed him the name of the former? Carolinians! it is not great men you want; but some | lowers, just at the termination of the enone to hold up the hands of these.

You will go abroad and boast, as you ought to boast of your native State; and yet while you defend her from the aspersions of others, you will, in fact, prove the justice of their taunts, by showing your ignorance of the very name of Moore's Creek and of the name of its hero. Carolinians ! permit your son and brother to say again, it is your shame, not to lack great men, but that your great men lack friends. | Remember, this is said to you; not to your enemies.

The brave, and great, and good, are born every where ; in some places they neglect them, in others they crucify and stone them, and in others heap rubbish on their heads and suffer them to starve. In some very few places these evidences of man's immortality are humanely treated by the natures they ennoble. Some may object to these reflections in such a place; but who can recount the deeds of men, their eternal fights and feuds without feeling disposed to moralize on the melancholy tale of blood and of violins mingled with the shouts and crime ?

CHAPTER L.

SCENES AFTER THE BATTLE.

On the night after the engagement at Moore's Creek, Walter Tucker was introduced to Colonel Lillington, by Richard

"To this young man I am greatly indebted," said Caswell ; "and, indeed, From him I got the information which caused my rapid movements in this direction; and I have been surprised at his military tact and skill."

"I am happy to make your acquaintance," answered Lillington, speaking to Walter ; "I have heard of you before ; your visit to Rock Castle was, perhaps, one of the causes of my being here tonight. By the way, have you not a relation in the camp, a noted fiddler?"

"I have a father who plays on the violin," said Walter, colouring; "but surely he cannot be here."

"There is one here of the name of Tucker-my attention was called to him coming up with some three or four folgagement; and so eager did they seem that one of them, a furious little Frenchman, flung the scabbard of his sword away, as he ran over the bridge crying, "Begar, ve vill be in at de suppaire !"

"This must be the old gentleman of New Berne, who requested permission to join my regiment with a company, and whom I left diligently recruiting. They called him Old Dan-and I heard that he was a famous fiddler."

"That is my father," said Walter; "I must endeavour to hunt him up."

"With your permission we will walk with you," spoke Lillington, "for I would be delighted to form the old gentleman's acquaintance."

"Certainly," answered Walter, though his heart misgave him that he would be covered with shame by the old plebeian's manners.

They had not walked far before a merry group about a blazing log fire attracted their attention; and as they neared it they could plainly distinguish the sound laughter of the soldiers. The officers

Walter's heart sank within him as he be- | shall not disgrade you," he gave himself held his father bareheaded, on a camp stool, gazing upwards at the stars, his head squeezed down into his shoulders. and whirling himself round in his seat. while his bow moved as if it went by steam. Not far from him was old Coon, mounted astride of one of the logs on the fire, his hat pulled over his eyes, and his head flung forward, while he swayed himself to and fro, droning in tune with his violin, and occasionally uttering a wild yell, as if pierced with ecstacy by the sounds which he was evoking. The two friends, it seems, had met for the first time in many weeks; and from a dispute about the relative merits of Caswell and Lillington, had fallen into a more pleasant rivalry, and were now making a display of their musical skill, each playing a different tune, while Mons. Dufrong was endeavouring to dance to both. The crowd. hugely delighted, were divided in opinion. and with "Old Virginny Never Tire !" "Go it, Old Too Late !" and such like sentences, cheered on their respective friends. Walter Tucker, mortified beyond expression, instantly formed his determination; he bade Alice Bladen and aristocratic society a mental farewell for ever, and resolved, with Utopia, to bury himself from the world. Having thus determined to cast away his pride, and forego his cherished aspirations, he felt as if a burden had been taken off him; though he could not refrain from an expression of regret at his father's unusual and unseemly conduct.

"Tut, man, if I was a fiddler, I'd be playing myself," said Lillington; " and won't we caper wildly when we get to Wilmington !"

"My father seems strangely affected," continued Walter; "he is not such a man as you would take him for from this display."

"No doubt of it, no doubt of it," replied Caswell; "any one would be justified in playing the child on this occasion."

At this moment the officers were recognized; and Dan, certainly disguised with a spirit stronger than that of mere enthusiasm, rushed to embrace his commander, when he discovered Walter. For that these reports would be exaggerated, a few minutes his manner changed as he | while his own air of gentle breeding would

came up unperceived, and as they did so, ver mind, Walter, never mind, boy ; I up to the most extravagant demonstrations of joy.

> The young man, although remarkable for filial piety, could not but wish his father in New Berne, or on his island of Roanoke ; but as for Dan, to use his own emphatic language, he didn't care a green persimmon for any body or any thing." Old Zip kept along with him in this race of folly; and Mons. Dufrong, out of friendship for his former guests, was particularly drunk all the time, and would have required at least half a dozen of interpreters to make himself understood. The senior Tucker looked on the war as now at an end; the ken of the philosophic islander extended far into the future, and the vision of a pure democracy was already floating before his intoxicated fancy. In a day or two, however, he and his friends. Coon and the Frenchman, left the camp; and although Walter had now abandoned all hopes of aristocratic promotion, he could not but feel relieved by the absence of his plebeian relations.

CHAPTER LI.

SECOND AND LAST MEETING OF WALTER AND FRANK HOOPER.

Some weeks after the battle of Moore's Creek, Walter Tucker, led by an irresistible feeling, found himself on the road to Wilmington. He had heard much of the hospitality of the citizens of that town and the surrounding country; of the beauty and grace of the women, and the gallantry and generosity of the men. Indeed, it was pictured to him as a sort of paradise, so extravagant were the praises of those who had been there ; and he had a desire to test the truth of this description. Colonel Lillington and many others had given him cordial invitations to come to their houses, and make them his home; and above all, he had a passionate desire to see once more his young friend Hooper. He was aware that reports of his father's conduct would precede him; and he knew greeted his son, tenderly, but not rudely but make him a mark for the shafts of or boisterously; and then saying, "Ne- envy and malice." He expected to be

but he determined to pocket his pride for | and to this very intelligent young man he a while, knowing that his fate was fixed, and that his season of mortification would be brief. He had become one of the most polished, and certainly the handsomest man in the country; but fashionable life was now nothing to him, for the vain hopes of his youth had given place to more manly desires, and more stern resolves.

Every where on the road his manners and appearance attracted attention, and won respect; while he, attributing to the people what perhaps was, in a measure, due to his dress and bearing, began really to love the Cape Fear country. He thought he saw in the looks of every one something to admire; and when he arrived in Wilmington he was fully porsuaded that there was no such place in the world. He had, for his companion, Griffith John McRee,* a gallant and ac-

* Griffith John McRee was a distinguished patriot and brave officer of the Revolution. His son, the late Major McRee, of the United States army, was a hero of the last war, and one of the most brilliant officers this country has produced. His modesty was equal to his worth, and though offered the post, he firmly refused to be placed at the head of the engineer department, as this promotion would have been at the expense of his seniors in rank. The author has seen manuscript letters from Mr. Calhoun and General Scott, each making mention of the above fact, and each declaring Major McRee to have been, in genius and moral worth, one of the first men he ever knew. The brother of Major McRee, Dr. McRee, is the owner of Hillton, the former residence of Cornelius Harnett, a beautiful villa in the vicinity of Wilmington. Dr. McRee, inheriting the genius and the modesty of his race, is a physician of eminent skill, and one of the best florists in Ame rica; and yet, cultivating science for amusement his great endowments are known and appreciated only among his correspondents and his intimate friends.

To his son, Griffith John McRee, Esq., a distinguished young lawyer of Wilmington, I desire to express my public acknowledgments for the aid which he has voluntarily rendered me in this undertaking. I know I shall put him to the blush by this note; but I cannot refrain from offering this slight tribute of friendship for one whose pub lic spirit, just state pride, liberal views, and literary endowments, have endeared him to those who properly appreciate the true glory of our State. I take this occasion also to offer my acknowledgments to another young friend, who, though unknown to fame, is one of those whose hearts are liberally endowed with the better qualities of our nature, and who, unambitious of notoriety, and destined to a private walk in life, constitute the true wealth and greatness of a State.

talked about and stared at as a curiosity, complished officer and hearty patriot: related his adventure with Hooper, and spoke of his desire to see him. In fact, he formed an attachment for McRee; and in the society of that genial gentleman, the frost-work about his heart was melted away, and he began to feel himself a man. From his friend he received a letter of introduction to Mr. Harnett, who lived just beyond the limits of the town, at his seat called Hillton; and Walter, sending out the letter of McRee, inclosed in it one for Hooper, desiring to know when and where he could see him. His young friend despatched an immediate answer. informing him that Mr. Harnett was not at home, but that he Frank Hooper, would next day look for his quondam fellow traveller.

The student had wound himself about the tenderest chords of Walter's nature; and when he started to see him, it was with the feelings of one approaching the only object on earth dear to his heart.

When, therefore, he met his adopted little brother, the fountains of his breast overflowed at his eyes, and seizing the tender youth in his arms, he embraced him fervently, and even kissed him. The student wept too, and trembled like an aspen, and when Walter released him and stood gazing affectionately at him, he hung his head, while his tears still continued to flow. He seemed now less froward and pert than formerly, his manner being mild, subdued and tender; but he was dressed exactly as he was when Walter first beheld him, and as it seemed, in the very same clothes, although they seemed not the least soilea by use. They had much to tell each other-especially had Frank Hooper a great deal to say, for he had not often written. He informed Walter of the fate of the Lady Susannah and of Dr. Ribsthat the former had gone to Charleston, and had there been discovered to be an arrant impostor, was exposed and disgraced.* Her admirer, the Doctor, had

I allude to Henderson C. Lucas, Esq., of New Berne, a gentleman who, in my estimation, is, like Mr. McRee, worth a whole menagerie of "distinguished political lions."

* "In the course of the winter, a female adventurer passed through the Province and attracted great notice. She had assumed the name of Lady Susannah Carolina Matilda, sister of the Queen of Great Britain, and had travelled through

found means to escape and join her there-had shared her infamy, and been suppose she made herself merry at the treated by the boys of Charleston to a coat of tar and feathers, had had the honour of a ride on a rail over the city. having become desperately enamoured has heard often, often of you, and always of him: and he, it was thought, would something good and honourable; and I have married her, in the belief that she believe she thinks a great deal of you. was the sister of the Queen. But she She is not far from here, and if you say was exposed before her plans had ripen- so, you and I will call on her to-mor ed, and forced to marry her suitor De row? Riboso, the ceremony having been performed while he was wearing his suit of tar and feathers. This was a bitter dose to the fair figurante, for she was really sprightly, intelligent and beautiful; but application for me, and so indeed has the boys were inexorable, and in fact, she made a light escape, considering her many daring crimes and follies. And thus she and the Beau of Utopia were married; and in a cart, to the music of the Rogue's March, and of a great variety of pans and kettles, were marched out of town and started on a bridal tour.

"I lately saw Alice Bladen, continued Frank, "and she spoke of you."

the Province of Virginia, from one gentleman's house to another, under these pretensions. She made astonishing impressions in many places, affecting the manners of royalty so inimitably. that many had the honour of kissing her hand. To some she promised governments, to others regiments, or promotions of different kinds in the Treasury, Army and Navy; in short she acted her part so adroitly as to levy heavy contributions on some persons of the highest rank. She received the marked attention of Governor Martin and his lady, whilst in New Berne, and proceeded thence to Wilmington, where she was also received with great marks of distinction. At last, after remaining some days in Charleston, she was detected and apprehended. Her real name was Sarah Wilson; having been taken into the service of one of the maids of honour to the Queen, she found access to one of the royal apartments, and breaking open a cabinet, rifled it of many valuable jewels, for which she was apprehended, tried and condemned to die; but through the interposition of her mistress, her sentence was softened to that of transportation. She had accordingly been landed, in the preceding fall, in Maryland, where she was purchased by a Mr. W. Duval, of Bush Creek, Frederick county. After a short residence there, she effected her escape into Virginia, and when at a prudent distance, assumed the name and character of the Queen's sister, having brought with her, from England, clothes that served to favour the deception, and a part of the jewels, together with her majesty's picture, which had proved so fatal to her."-Martin's Hist. N. C. Vol. 2. pp. 292, 293.

"Of me ?" said Walter, blushing ; "I expense of her rustic lover."

"Indeed, she did not," replied Frank ; "she spoke of you in the kindest man-She, herself, had intrigued for Rowton, | ner, and would like to see you. She

"To-morrow I will be engaged," said Walter ; "I am then to be introduced to the Republican Club of Cape Fear. My friend Major McRee has already made Colonel Lillington; and to-morrow I am to be initiated and made one of the Cape Fear brotherhood."

"It is a great honour," answered Frank, "and I congratulate you on it. It is composed of the best men in all the country; and your initiation will at once introduce you into the society and affections of our people,"

"I care little for these things now," spoke Walter; "Frank, I have changed my whole plan of life. I have given over all my youthful aspirations .--- I have now higher and greater aims. I am lowly born and lowly connected--"

"Nonsense !" cried Frank; " you have already taken your stand. You know you told me you intended to do like the hero in the play at New Berne -to perform three great achievements and then-"

"Yes, but play heroes are but poor models," interrupted Walter --- "It is folly to try to do in real life as they do in plays; adventures are made on purpose for them, while no such opportunities of distinction are offered to us."

"Yes, but you have done three, yes, four great things," replied Frank--- "You put yourself to a great deal of trouble to befriend a lost and orphan boy, and to do so had to neglect an opportunity of taking revenge on an enemy; you saved the life of Utopia, and you have been of great service to the country. Besides this, Alice Bladen often speaks of the service you did her on the beach; and I'm sure she will no longer laugh at the name of Tucker."

"She shall not have a chance in iny presence," said Walter, proudly;

"Frank, you must not tempt me with that haughty woman; my resolution is fixed and it will be best to carry it out. I shall marry Utopia."

"What'l your cousin ?" cried Frank in surprise. "I know she is worthy of you-she's an angel," continued he with a tremulous voice.

"Perhaps you love her," spoke Walter, smiling; "if so, you shall have my claims if she will love you, and I'll go back to Roanoke Island."

" Perhaps-you might break my heart by marying her," replied Frank, much confused; "and if—if Alice really loves you, could you not forgive her ?"

"She don't love me," said Walter; "she may pretend so, but she'll only love my fame, when I become famous."

"She will, she does love you," cried Frank "vou, Walter Tucker, and she | But I saw what had happened-I knew has loved you from the beginning. I know it that is, I've seen it in a thousand ways, and if you will go with me, your own eyes shall tell you so. Mercy who are all these coming up the avenue?"

"Do not be alarmed," said Walter, seizing the student as he was about to "see, there are several of my run ; acquaintances among them. But what has brought such a crowd; and see what a strange figure hobbles in their midst."

CHAPTER LII.

TIME'S REVELATIONS.

Notwithstanding the assurances of Walter, Frank Hooper still trembled violently as Cornelius Harnett, followed by a number of gentlemen, led into his house the apparition alluded to in the last chapter. It was a gaunt figure, stooped with age, its limbs clad in ragged garments, formed of patches of paper, a close fitting mask, giving it the appearance of having a head perfectly bald, while a solitary lock of long white hairs fell from the forehead, and mingled with the snowy beard that streamed over its breast. It was painted all over with emplems of decay; the wrecks of ships, falling houses, broken columns, bleaching bones and grinning skeletons. In its right hand it held a staff, and in the left | The abashed lady, with a loosened hair

the hand of a girl closely veiled, shronded in white, with a wreath of evergreens and amaranth upon her head; and having taken its stand in the middle of the room, with Colonel Lillington, and Major McRee on opposite sides, it spoke as follows:

"I am Time, listen to my story: You have all heard how that the first white Colony settled in North Carolina, was planted on that green gem of Albemarle Sound, Roanoke Island. It was sent out by Sir Walter Raleigh, the pride and glory of England, and it was brought by his relation, Sir Richard Grenville. You have also heard that that white Colony vanished as the snows vanish from the valleys in Spring : and when the English came back again, there was not a soul found to tell the story of their friends. it all, and now I will reveal it. All perished but one, and that one was a natural son of Sir Walter Raleigh, and a brave and sprightly lad. Manteo, the great chief of the Roanokes, took a liking to him-he gave him his daughter, and the lad afterwards became a chief. His father-in-law, for his goodness and greatness, was called by the English Lord of Roanoke, and this title descended to the son of Raleigh and to his descendants. One of the last of these, a poor man, but a proud and worthy one, one Walter Roanoke, a man nearly white, one day sent for his neighbour. 'I am dying,' said Roanoke,- I will soon join my wife in heaven. This child is the only pledge of our love-to him I can leave nothing but my name. But a proud name ill becomes an unworthy man; therefore, let the boy not assume my name until he is worthy of it." And so died the descendant of Manteo,-and his friend, and rival once, took his son, adopted him, and raised him to man's estate. He has proved himself worthy of his name-there he stands, WALTER ROANOKE, the descendant of Sir Walter Raleigh, and of Manteo, the Lord of Roanoke ! Be still, and hear me out-I am Time-Time unveils all secrets, and behold what I shall now do. Frank Hooper," continued he, seizing the cap from the head of the student, "Frank Hooper, these curls are Alice Bladen's !? ''

falling over her face and shoulders, stood trembling and blushing in the hand of Time, as he proceeded :

" You may be called Time's fairest daughter; but you have a sister who is not the daughter of Time-a meek-eyed maiden of which poets have dreamed, and philosophers written .- Behold, Utopia !" As he spoke, he unveiled his companion, and the room was lighted by the radiant face of the nameless child of the Desert.

" And this," said Major McRee, taking hold of the palsied figure of Time, "this ladies and gentlemen, is our distinguished friend, the famous Daniel Tucker, from the sound of whose violin, it would seem that this vision of love and purity is born." Let the curtain drop upon the tableau.

CHAPTER LIII.

THE TEMPTER AND THE TEMPTED PART COMPANY.

UTOPIA filled Wilmington with amazement. She met all as if she had known them all her life, and all met her as if she were the guest of all mankind. The children all followed her, and cried when she left them ; the old stopped to hold her by the hand, and give her their blessing, while they gazed in her meek hazel eyes, that blessed them in return; and the young of both sexes called her sister, and spoke kindly and gently to her.

In her scrap-book was imaged forth the adventures of her life, and the last picture in it was the face of Walter.

She, and her mother, and Ike Harvey, had been brought to Wilmington by old Tucker, Coon, and Mons. Dufrong; and the citizens of that place bought and fitted up for her a beautiful cottage, below the town, and near the Cape Fear river. Here her mother was to spend the evening of her days in comfort; and hither, on a pleasant summer afternoon, she was brought by Alice Bladen, Walter Tucker, and a host of ladies and gentlemen of the town and country.

The young people were in a gay humour, and amused themselves in various ways; some in gathering flowers some in fishing, and others in lounging and gossipping in the shade Alice and Utopia rified at his appearance. Wild with deli-

each looking more beautiful than ever. and each dressed in simple habits of spotless white.

"I have a secret to tell you," said the former, " though no doubt you have heard of it before now. Our wedding is to take place next Wednesday-"

"Whose wedding?" asked Utopia, gazing seriously in the eyes of Alice.

"Why mine, child-mine and Walter's-hadn't you heard of it?"

"Do you mean Walter Tucker?" inquired Utopia.

"Walter Tucker that was," said Alice, laughing. "We have agreed to have it next Wednesday, and I am now making preparations. The party will be a small one; but you will be there, and I wish you, my dear, sweet friend, to act as my first bride's maid. Will that dress suit you? Indeed you look beautiful in itbut, perhaps, we had better get a new one for the occasion. Let me see now: a satin one with-do you hear me, child ?"

"What did you say about Walter?" asked Utopia, abstractedly.

"Oh, dear !" exclaimed Alice ; " must I tell it all over again ! Come, lay down your scrap-book, and listen to me."

As Alice spoke, Utopia came to her, felt her hands and arms, kissed her, and handing her the scrap-book, told her to give it to Walter. She then passed out of the door; and Alice, rather surprised at her manner, but thinking would soon return. sat waiting in silence for an explanation. At last she became vexed at Utopia's delay, and went out to look for her; she inquired for her eagerly of those in the woods, and finally became uneasy. Her fears were contagious; a number of persons started off in search of the girl, but she was not to be found. All were now alarmed, and for hours the country round was searched, and the name of the girl shouted from hill to hill; and still there came no answer back, nor could she be any where seen.

Her friends were forced to the conclusion that she was lost or drowned; and while they were consulting in anxious groups, they were statiled by a wild cry in the woods. It came from Robert Bladen, who was one of the party, though now a complete wreck; and as the company turned towards him, they were horwere alone in the cottage of the latter, rium, he came brandishing a bloody daghis arms, cried as he ran, "See there ! sec. there she is! oh, for mercy's sake, hide her face !"

"Where is she, where is Utopia?" asked Walter Roanoke, seizing the maniac youth ; "madman, what have you done?"

"I could not bear her sight," replied Bladen, "her face was every day looking in my soul, and I could not shut it out. I could not bear to hear her voice. I could not bear to see her smile-"Where is she?" again asked Walter

sternly. "I found her under an old oak,"

answered Bladen-" She was kneeling and looking up to heaven-she smiled on me as I took hold of her."

"But where is she? what did you do to her ?" asked the crowd.

"I tried to kill her," cried the madman-" I tried to hide her-but when I heat, in want and in sickness, these looked up, she was in heaven gazing at brave old fiddlers infused new energy me-Look there !" he continued, in a | into their companions, reviving the faint, wild phrenzy, pointing upwards-"There | nerving the timid, and kindling into she is! there, there, still smiling at me! fresher and brighter lustre the patriotic Oh, for God's sake, hide her face !" So zeal of all. From Valley Forge to saying, he tore himself loose from Camden, from Guilford to Yorktown Walter, and ran to a cliff on the river, they were known; and on many a and again pointing up, and shouting "there ! there she is !" he uttered a fearful scream, plunged into the water, and ant melody of those famous fiddles. was drowned.

As for Utopia, she was seen no more on earth.

CHAPTER LIV.

OTHER CHARACTERS RETIRE FROM THE SCENE.

The loss of his niece was a blow from which the fiddler of Roanoke Island never recovered. Jealous as he | an unseen hand would touch the strings was of his honour, he insisted on having his trial, for the murder of old Ricketts, at New Berne; and there he and Mrs. Ricketts, or rather Mrs. Harvey, brother | chanted island, discoursing a sad sweet and sister, were formally tried, and requiem to the soul of the departed fidtriumphantly acquitted. Then the old dier. Such was the universal belief man could amuse himself awhile, in lo- through the country; but perhaps it may cating his sister near his own house, and be accounted for by the fact that old Zip in reforming Ike Harvey from his vaga- would often steal to the grave of his bond propensities, and in assisting his friend, and there spend the live-long adopted son, Walter Roanoke, in the night, in playing melancholy airs. For

ger in his reeking hand; and throwing up | construction of a handsome summer residence on the island. Here Walter, universally esteemed, and his no less popular and happy wife were wont to spend much of their time; and at their house, old Dan and his friend Coonwould sometimes awaken the "memory of the days of other years," in strains never to be forgotten by those who heard them. Still the old man was no longer what he had been; life had lost its savour, and he fled, accompanied by his faithful friend Coon, to the excitements of the camp, to escape from the recollections of the past. Throughout the whole war of the Revolution he served, not continuously, but at different times; and it, is no exaggeration to say, that his violin and that of Coon did the State some service. On the weary march, and in the dreary camp, they cheered the drooping spirits of the soldiers; in cold and in gloomy retreat, and many a "wellfoughten field," was heard the triumph-When the war was over, Dan pined gradually away, fading even like the notes of his own violin, till at last, in the arms of Coon, and surrounded by Walter, his wife and their little ones, he quietly gave up his troubled spirit. By the remains of the old Fort, in the deep woods, he was buried; and there, suspended to a tree over his head, and protected from the weather, was hung the violin that had been his companion and faithful friend through life. It was said, that in the stillness of a summer's night, of that violin, and then strains that seemed to be wafted from a spirit-land, would breathe their spell over the en-

the country, for he travelled about from | first chapter of this book, place to place; but at last he also passed away, and now he and his lamented and the author took a stroll; and we had friend live only in the traditions of the | not gone far before we came to a wildercommon people, and in those immortal | ness of vines, brushwood, and reeds, all airs to which they bequeathed their growing "in a wild state of nature." names.

CHAPTER LV.

WHERE IS UTOPIA ?

A FEW months ago-it matters not when-the author of these Memoirs was travelling through the eastern part of North Carolina, in search of materials | There was not a shrub, nor a blade of from which to write the history of Uto- grass within that sacred temple; there pia. Like a sweet tune, a fragile flower, the garish beams of the sun never penea transient halo, a beam of heavenly trate, but even at noonday, a deep and light, at the dusky hour of eve, she had solemn twilight reigns. The oaks, whose passed away, leaving no trace or memo- | multitudinous branches formed a thick rial behind her. The world saw her and canopy above us, looked as if they had felt her presence for a moment; and then | witnessed the flight of centuries; and she was gone, and the memory of her from their limbs and trunks there streamwas like the memory of a pleasant dream | ed hoary and luxuriant flakes of moss, in the sinless days of youth. She had sweeping almost to the ground, and lookbeen, and she had shone in the hearts | ing like elfin locks whitehed by the frosts of her cotemporaries; and yet when she of a thousand years. was gone she seemed not to have been as a reality, and the recollection of her old brick vaults, without a name, and was like those strange recollections of | without a date; and here, because, perworlds, and things, and people, that we haps, nature herself seems to have formhave never seen, which sometimes flit | ed a cemetery for her favourite childacross the mind.

garded the beautiful places of this world | are supposed to repose the ashes of Utoas shrines of immortals-who had been, pia. The scene and the recollections in other words, a day-dreamer was which it awakened, threw me into a medeeply interested in what he heard of the traditions concerning the nameless one of the vaults, and looking out on the child of the Desert, and he followed her broad but lonely expanse of waters be footsteps from the wild sands of the | fore me, I remained listening to the subbeach to New Berne; from New Berne | dued murmur of the distant ocean, not to the fairy Lake Drummond, and from thence to the Old Cape Fear, rich in | Thus I remained conjuring up a thoulegendary lore. As you go down this river from Wilmington, you pass, on your right, a beautiful, residence, which glitters in its white vestments, on the top of a picturesque hill, about a half mile off. This is the residence of Dr. Frederick J. Hill, of Brunswick, a rice planter, an intelligent gentleman and a a moment and perisheth for ever ? And princely citizen; and beneath his hos- are all the hopes of life, and all its plea-

years after this, he was still known in | will remind you of what is said in the

On a pleasant afternoon, the Doctor These, as we could see, skirted a small grove of live oaks; and with the branches of these oaks, they had formed an inclosure or palisade, which we found some difficulty in entering. The moment we did enter, however, a strange sensation, a feeling of indescribable awe, of sadness and veneration, crept upon me; I found myself in one of those spots which nature herself seems to have consecrated for her most holy rites.

Within this Druid temple, there are here, beneath one of these vaults, and The author, who had himself once re- | close by the banks of the old Cape Fear, ditative mood - and seating myself on knowing that the Doctor had left me. sand fancies - ay, and remembering a thousand hopes of youth that had faded. -"Where, where," I thought, "is Utopia? Where is that pleasant land, and those good people of which I dreamed so much before I was wise ?

" Is life but a vapour that exhaleth for pitable roof you will find a welcome that | sures and pursuits but vanity and vexa-

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

spirit? tion of only in the grave ? Vanitas vanitatum, expanse. "There was the smile of vanity of vanities, all is vanity, saith the Utopia;" — a something whispered to preacher. There is no hope here—and me—" Beyond the shores of time—bethe hereafter :" as I thus reflected, youd the ocean of space-away, away the shades of evening were insensibly in those bright worlds beyond, you'll gathering round me, and far, far in the find Utopia." hazy Horizon of the east, an exceedingly

Is Utopia to be found small star twinkled tenderly in the blue

APPEND'IX.

played a distinguished part in North Carolina, during the Revolution, and was afterwards governor of the State. His life, during the war, was full of romantic incident but the account given of him in the flung himself off it into the river. He perishtext is not altogether correct. When the ed, but whether by his leap, or from shots novel was written, I was not in possession of the particulars of Colonel Ashe's exile in the swamps, and remembered only to have heard a tradition concerning it. I have since received authentic information on the subject, and I have been surprised to find how near my fiction approaches to the reality.

About twenty miles north-east of Wilmington, is a swamp called Holly Shetter Swamp; and near the middle of this swamp is a small island of land. Not far from this island is the head of Holly Shelter creek, which hows into the north-east branch of the Cape Fear, distant about seven miles. On the island alluded to, Colonel Ashe built a cabin and stocked it with provisions, intending the place as a retreat in time of danger. His rural residence could be approached only by the creek to its head, and from here by a line of cypress blocks, concealed beneath the surface of the swamp, and indicated by marks known only to those in worthy may be found in the comestic history the secret.

Colonel Alfred Moore, Colonel Alexander Lillington, Cornelius Harnett and himself. being the most prominent whigs on the Cape Fear, were especially hateful to the British, by when they were hunted from place to place, and in Holly Shetter swamp, it is said, they often lay concealed. Certain it case was, Charles, out of mere whim, knightis, that Colonel Ashe was hid here at the ed Henry Morgan, a Welshman, who had time the British were in possession of Wilmington and the surrounding country; and the only person who knew of his movements was an old slave named Peter, the inseparable companion and faithful friend of his master. On one occasion, a party of British, while in search of Ashe, found and took Peter, some where on the Cape Fear; and finding that the negro would not betray his master for a reward, they resorted to torture. They stripped him and whipped him until Chis body was covered with gashes; but

Condwer SAMUEL ASHE .- This gentleman | Peter still proving obstinate, they hung him until animation was suspended, and then cut him down. He lay for a few minutes entirely motionless; then, suddenly rising to his feet, he ran to a neighbouring cliff, and by the British, or from both, I have not been able to learn.

Let his name be remembered : there was not at Valley Forge, at Germantown, or Camden, a more gallant or more noble heart than his.

The daughter of Colonel Ashe, a beantiful and accomplished lady, married a wealthy gentleman of South Carolina, by the name of Alston; by him she had a son, who is the Alston that married the daughter of Aaron Burr. Colonel Ashe was one of a number of gentleman like him, and who resided on the Cape Fear; and the lounger in those hospitable regions can amuse himself for weeks, in visiting the venerable remains of palaces and castles, and in picking up traditions of the princely and gallant men, and beautiful women of a bygone time.

CHESTER ROWTON. - The type of this of the early settlements of the Carolinas.

"But one thing is bertain, that King Charles II. for several years after the restora-tion winked at their pirates' depredations, and many of them performed such valiant actions, as, in a good cause, had justly merited honours and rewards. Even as the plundered Porto Bello, and Panama, and carried off large treasures with them. For several years, so formidable was this body of plunderers in the West Indies, that they. struck terror into every quarter of the Spanish dominions. Their gold and silver, which they lavishly spent in the Colony, insured to them a kind reception among the Carolinians."-William Howatt's Account of the Rise and Progress of the Colonies of South Carolina and Georgia, vol. i. page 93. "North Carolina had also become a refuge:

for those rogues who carried their prizes into Cape Fear river or Providence (Island) as best suited their convenience or interest. Their success induced bold and rapacious spirits to join them, and in time they became so formidable, that no inconsiderable force was required to suppress them." Ibid, page 203.

"Though the pirates on the island of Providence were crushed (1717,) those of North Carolina still remained, and were equally insolent and troublesome." *Ibid*, 235. In Martin's History of North Carolina,

(Appendix to vol. 1st,) there is a long account of a trial which took place in 1719, before Governor Eden and the deputies of the Lords Proprietors. The accused was Tobias Knight, Esq., Secretary of the Province, for being concerned with Edward Teach, a notorious pirate.

"Teach came into North Carolina and proceeded to (Governor) Eden's house, with twenty of his men, where, pleading the king's pardon, they obtained the Governor's certificate. He now married a young girl, his thirteenth wife, and having spent some time in rioting in Pamlico, he sailed on a cruize, &c., &c., . . . These were men un-friendly to Governor Eden, and to the Judge Tobias Knight, who said that the Governor had received sixty hogsheads of sugar, as a douceur, and the Judge twenty, &c., . . . Teach remained in the river trading, &c., &c." - Martin's Hist. N. C., vol. 1st, pp. 282, 283,

THE REPUBLICAN CLUB .- The author, in his "Alamance," and in this work, has several times alluded to Republican Associations formed in North Carolina before the 4th of July, 1776. This is generally considered as the birth-day of freedom in the United States; and even on that day the North Carolinians, according to Mr. Jefferson, were still holding back. Mr. Jefferson must have been totally ignorant of the state in Savannah, knew what was going on in of things in the State of which he spoke so harshly; that State, the author is ready and able to prove, was more ripe for rebellion Resolves by the people in Charlotte Town, than any other in the Union From causes alluded to in several chapters of "Roanoke," and from others not necessary to be mentioned, the people of North Carolina hardly felt their allegiance to the British crown, even as early as 1771; and from that time of the South Carolina Gazette and Country until the 4th of July, '76, Liberty Associa- Journal, Tuesday, June 13, 1775. I read tions, Republican Associations, and declarations of Independence were common,

The State was divided into a great number of independent communities; these com- I do not send you the copy, as it is identimunities were divided from each other and cally the same with the paper which you from the world, by the barriers of nature, inclosed to me; but I forward to you a and events that happened among them were little known or heeded beyond the immediate | Wright. The newspaper seems to have vicinity of their occurrence. Thus it was reached him after he had finished his despatch,

pendence, for a long time escaped the notice of the country and of the world; and that famous manifesto spoke for one county only, thus proving what is herein asserted in regard to the independent communities of the State.

Similar meetings were held, and similar events took place all over the Province; but that Province had very little commerce with other countries, or other States, and hence its transactions then, as now, passed unnoticed.

The following letter, throwing some light on this subject, and confirming views which the author has long entertained, may be interesting to the public:

From the Raleigh Standard. THE MECKLENBURG DECLARA-TION.

A few days since, in the Senate, Mr. Shepard submitted a Report from the Committee to whom was referred the communication of the Governor, in relation to the Colonial and Revolutionary History of North Carolina, accompanied by the following highly interesting letter from Mr. Bancroft, the American minister at London, to the Hon. David L. Swain, of this State. The letter is as follows:

"90 EATON SQUARE, Longton, 4 July, 1848.

My DEAR SIR :--- I hold it of good augury, that your letter of the 12th of June, reached me by the Herman, just in time to be answered this morning.

You may be sure that I have spared no pains to discover in the British Paper Office. a copy of the Resolves of the Committee of Mecklenburg; and with entire success. A glance at the Map will show you that, in those days, the traffic of that part of North Carolina took a southerly direction, and people in Charleston, and sometimes even "Charlotte Town," before Governor Martin. The first account of "the extraordinary Mecklenburg County," was sent over to England, by Sir James Wright, then Governor of Georgia, in a letter of the 20th of June, 1775. The newspaper thus transmitted is still preserved, and is the number 498 the Resolves, you may be sure, with reverence, and immediately obtained a copy of them; thinking myself the sole discoverer. transcript of the entire letter of Sir James that the Mecklenburgh Declaration of Inde- | for the paragraph relating to | it is added in

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

letter being written by a Secretary or Clerk.

I have read a great many papers relating to the Regulators; and am having copies made of a large number. Your own State court of their own, and disposed, in a sum-ought to have them all, and the expense mary way, of all the cases on the docket; would be for the State insignificant, if it and as their proceedings were interesting does not send an agent on purpose. A few hundred dollars would copy all you need from the State Paper Office, on all North Carolina topics. The Regulators are, on many accounts, important. Their complaints were well founded, and were so acknowledged, though their were only nominally punished. They form the connecting link between resistance to the Stamp Act, and the movement of 1775; and they also played State: and after a short engagement, the a glorious part in taking possession of the Regulators were dispersed. They triumph-Mississippi valley, towards which they were carried presistibly by their love of independence. It is a mistake, if any have supposed, that the Regulators were cowed down by their defeat at the Alamance. Like the mammoth, they shook the bolt from their his adherents were in a very slim minority. brow and crossed the mountains.

I shall always be glad to hear from you, and to be of use to you or your State.

Very truly yours.

GEORGE BANCROFT. D L. SwAIN, Esq.,

Chapel Hill, North Carolina.

The above letter establishes the fact beyond all question, that Independence was first proclaimed in Mecklenburg, North Carolina, in May, 1775.

The letter of Sir James Wright, referred to by Mr. Bancroft, closes as follows: "By the inclosed paper, your Lordship

will see the extraordinary Resolves of the people of Charlotte Town, in Mecklenburg County and I should not be surprised if the same should be done every where else."

of Washington, speaks of the outbreak of "a tumultudus rabble, styling themselves Regulators," &c., &c. See how different Revolutions are born in the brain of some the language of the great modern historian, Bancroft! a difference caused solely by the increase of correct information, and a more thorough knowledge of the rise and progress of that highly drama, the American Revolution. In the year 1767, that Revolution was practically begun in North Carolina, by an association of men, who called themselves Regulators, and who, actuated by a spirit which afterwards severed the British empire, look upon themselves the business of regulating the affairs of the State. They were not the duped followers of any great leader; the movement was a spontaneous one, and confined entirely to the common people. From year to year they caused great disturbance in the Province; in the great curious and amusing entries made by the county of Orange, they took possession of Regulators themselves; but as parts of the

his own hand-writing, the former part of the | the courthouse, chased off the judge, and took the corrupt clerk, who was especially hateful to them, and whipped him to their hearts' content. They then organized a court of their own, and disposed, in a sumand amusing, an account of them, copied from the records of the court, is annexed below. Finally, this rebellion, with which thousands were infected, came to a heading; and the Regulators, in great masses, without arms, discipline or leaders, took the

> field. In May, 1771, they were met at Alamance by Governor Tryon with the forces of the ed, however, in the end; the leading citizens of the State, the Waddells, the Ashes, the Caswells, &c., &c., who led forces against them at the battle of Alamance, became infected, and soon the Governor and

We have here a striking example of the manner in which revolutions, whether of morals, religion or government, are effected. Some profound thinker, in his garret or his closet, gives birth to a new set of ideas; and these ideas are imbibed by the masses of the common people, and the aristocracy and the politicians, from prudential motives, follow the masses. Great improvements, or great changes never begin with what are called the leaders of a country; these self-styled leaders are but weather-vanes, who indicate the course of popular sentiment. The leading men in North Carolina were at first opposed to the Regulators; but they were soon carried away by the avalanche. And soon after the Revolution, the leading men out of North Carolina, regarded this regulation movement as a mere riot; but now, after the lapse of a century, the leading men see THE REGULATORS .- Marshall, in his Life in this "tumultuous outbreak" the first indications of that restless and mighty spirit which is destined to regulate the world. garreted philosopher, or in the breasts of the common people; and the so-called leaders are the offspring of these revolutions.

At the time the above was written, the author was expecting a letter from one of the Clerks of the Court of Orange county, North Carolina, transmitting a copy of the Trial Docket of September Term of the Court, 1770. This gentleman, doubtless not knowing my object, and supposing I simply wanted authoritative evidence of the fact of the insurrection of the Regulators, &c., sent me extracts from the minutes of the Court, these memoranda having been made after the occurrence of the transactions to which they refer. It is now too late to get the

letter kindly sent me may be interesting to the presiding Judge; and at March Term, the public, extracts are given.

HILLSBORG, Feb. 22d, 1849.

Dear Sir - I this morning received your note, to which request I hasten to reply. In the first place, I will give you a copy of the entries made upon the minute Docket at the William Butler, Samuel Devenney and September Term, 1770.

lators, assembled together in the court yard, | tinies and severely threatening the judges, under the conduct of Harmon Husbands, lawyers and other officers of the court, pre-James Hunter, Rednot Howell, William vented any of the judges or lawyers attend-Butler, Samuel Devenney, and many others, | ing; therefore, the court continues adjourned and insulted some of the gentlemen of the | till September Term next, 1771. bar, and in a riotous manner went into the Courthouse and forcibly carried out some the minute Docket relative to the Regulaof the attorneys, and in a cruel manner beat | tors. But it is evident from the entries made them. They then insisted the Judge should upon the Trial Docket, that after the judge proceed to the trial of their leaders who had left Hillsboro, that the Regulators took the been indited at a former court, and that the law into their own hands, and proceeded to jury should be taken out of their own party; hold a mock court, and made many vulgar therefore, the judge, finding it impossible to entries upon the Trial Docket. Where proceed with honour to himself and justice there was a case stated upon said docket, to the country, adjourned the court until the Brown vs. Brown, the clerk of the Regulanext morning at ten o'clock, and took the tors filled up the vacancy left for the judgadvantage of the night and made his escape, ment in these words, "A shame for name and no court in Conse.

1771, is the following entry.

NORTH CABOLINA, Orange County, ¿ March Term, 1771.

A

"The persons who style themselves Regulators, and under the conduct of Herman Husbands, James Hunter, Rednot Howell, others, broke up the court at September Several persons styling themselves Regu- | Term last, still continuing their riotous mu-

"The above are all the entries made upon sake." Other judgments were filled up The Honourable Richard Henderson was with these words, "A d-d shame."

THE END.

Catalogue worth preserving. BOOKS FOR EVERYBODY. AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES. PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE BY B. PETERSON No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia. ALOGUE (F WILL BE FOUND THE LATEST **PUBLICATIONS.** BY THE MOST POPULAR AND CELEBRATED WRITERS IN THE WORLD. AMONG WHICH WILL BE FOUND ELLEN PICKERING'S, CAPTAIN MARRYAT'S, MRS. GREY'S, T. S. ARTHUR'S, CHARLES LEVER'S, ALEXANDER DUMAS', GEORGE LIPPARD'S,

HENRY COCKTON'S, EUGENE SUE'S, CURRER BELL'S, AND ALL THE OTHER BEST AUTHORS OF THE DAY, TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

For The best way is to look through the Catalogue, and see what is in it. You will all be amply repaid for your trouble.

TAKE NOTICE!

DE EVERY WORK published in this country is for sale here, either at Wholesale or Retail, at very ow prices. So come or send to T. B. Peterson, No. 98 Chestnut Street.

T. B PETERSON'S Cheap Book, Magazine, Newspaper, Publishing, and Bookselling Establishment, is at No. 98 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

NOP T. B PETERSON is also agent for, and receives subscriptions to any of the Monthly Magazines and Weekly Newspapers published, any of which will be served regularly to subscribers in any part of the city or districts, or mailed to subscribers to any place in this country.

Ber All persons on subscribing to any one of the Three Dollar Magazines, shall receive One Dollar's worth of any of the books named in this Catalogue gratis, as a premium present.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO EVERYBODY. --- Any person whatever in this country, wishing any of the works in this catalogue, on remitting One Dollar or upwards, post paid, directed to the Publisher, No. 93 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, shall have a discount of one-fifth made them from the retail prices of any works they may send for. By ordering Five Dollars' worth or more, a discount of one-fourth will be made them from the retail prices. This is a splendid offer, as the discount made to purchasers sending by mail, will pay the postage on the books to any place they may want them sent by return of mail.

Rep. All orders thankfully received and filled with despatch, and sent by return of mail, or express, or stare, or in any other way the person ordering may direct. Booksellers, News Agents, Fedlars, and all others supplied with any Books, Magazines, etc., at the lowest rates.

nor Any Books published in this country can be had here.

· Ł

Ber Agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, Booksellers, News Agents, &c., throughout the country, who wish to make money on a small capital would do well to address the undersigned, who will furnish a complete outfit for a comparatively small amount. Send by all means, to the Cheap Book, Newspaper, and Magazine Establishment of

T. B. PETERSON, No. 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

144

CHARLES LEVER'S NOVELS.

THE BEST AND MOST ENTERTAINING BOOKS IN THE WORLD.

REPRINTED FROM THE LAST LONDON EDITIONS, AND PUBLISHED BY

T. B. PETERSON, No. 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

At the very lowest possible prices, so as to put them within the reach of every citizen and resident of the United States. They are all printed from new stereotype plates, and on the finest and best of white paper, and are undoubtedly the cheapest and best books, printed in this country. Copies of either or all of them, will be sent to any one on receipt of remittances.

Charles O'Malley the Irish Dragoon.-By Charles Lever.

Complete in one large super-royal volume of three hundred and twenty-four pages, printed on the best of paper. Price 50 cents.

"We look back to the opinion we expressed when this writer made his debut, with increased satisfaction, from the firm conviction that he has hardly a rival in that free, manly, dashing style of sketching life, manners, and humourous incidents, to which he has devoted himself. Charles O'Malley, Arthur O'Leary, Tom Burke, Harry Lorrequer, Knight of Gwynne, and Jack Ilinton, are to our thinking the eleverest numbers of any periodical work, the production of a single pen, which has yet come before us—Pickwicks, Nickleby's, Poor Jack's, &q., all included."-United Service Gazette.

Kate O'Donoghue. A Tale of Ircland.—By Charles Lever.

Complete in one large octave volume of one hundred and forty pages, beautifully illustrated, and printed on the finest white paper. Price 374 cents.

The Knight of Gwynne. A Tale of the Time of the Union. By Charles Lever.

Complete in one large octavo volume of two hundred and twenty-six pages, beautifully illustrated, and printed on the finest white paper. Price 50 cents.

⁶ Flie two greatest fiction writers of the age are Charles Lever and Dickens. Their works have given birth to a new school of novelists, and to a new era in our literature."—Fife Herald.

This is decidedly the pleasantest book of the time."-Liverpool Courier.

⁴ These admirable sketches keep pace with the previous portions in vigour of distion, attraction of incident, and racy colloquies, sparkling with wit and humour."-- Caledonian Mercury.

Arthur O'Leary, or the Wanderings, Ponderings and Out-ofthe-way Loiterings, of a rale Irish Jintleman.—By Lever.

This is the most entertaining and amusing story of Irish Life, and queer Irish Adventures, ever published. This celebrated story is now published complete in one book of 221 closely printed, large octavo pages, illustrated with Engravings. We could not attempt to give an idea of the entertaining and comical adventures and funny Irish scenes so well told and described by Mr. Lever. It would be useless to try. But those who have read *Charles* O'Malley, Jack Hinton, or any other of Lever's best efforts, will know how to appreciate this book. It is very cheap, too. Price 50 cepts.

"It is undoubtedly one of the greatest works ever written in the English language. It can be reas and re-read with great pleasure and satisfaction."-London Athenaum.

Tom Burke of Ours.—By Charles Lever.

Complete in one large octavo volume of 270 pages, printed from new type and on the finest white paper. Price 50 cents.

"We would rather be the author of this work, than of all the 'Pickwicks' and 'Nicklebys' in the world-It is full to overflowing of humour of a very high order; and as for incidents, it contains enough to supply stock for half a score of modern novels."—United Service Gazette.

Jack Hinton, the Guardsman.-By Charles Lever

It is one of his best and most comical Irish stories. Complete in one large octavo volume of 400 pages, printed on fine white paper. Price 50 cents.

"We do not know a more spirited and engrossing work, and plead guilty to being among the most impatient and insatiable of its devourers."---Scottish Standard.

Harry Lorrequer.--By Charles Lever.

Complete in one large octavo volume of 402 pages, printed on the finest paper. Price 50 cents.

"He has enabled us to pass many an hour that would otherwise have been dull weary, and idle, in innocent mirth and jovial fellowship; deeply interested in his wayward pilgrimage to final fortune and happiness, but delighted beyond the possibility of adequate expression with what may be termed the pathetic humour of his martative."—Montreal Gazette.

Horace Templeton.—By Charles Lever.

Complete in one large octavo volume, of 212 pages, printed on the finest paper. Price 50 cents. "This book is one of the most entertaining that has been issued from the press for years.—London Athenaum THE MOST POPULAR IN THE WORLD. EITHER OF WHICH CAN BE HAD SEPARATELY. PRICE 25 CENTS EACH, OR FIVE FOR ONE DOLLAR.

T. B. Peterson, No. 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, HAS JUST PUBLISHED AND HAS FOR SALE,

NEW AND UNIFORM OCTAVO EDITON OF

Captain Marryatt's Popular Novels

At the very low price of twenty-five cents each, or any five for One Dollar, so as to put them within the reach of every citizen, traveller, and resident in the United States. They are all printed from new stereotype plates, and on the finest and best of white

paper, each one forming a large octave volume, complete in itself, neatly bound

in a swong paper cover, and can be sent by mail to any part of the United

States for 5 cents postage. Copies of either or all of them, will be sent

to any one in this country, on receipt of remittances.

PETER SIMPLE; or the Adventures of a Midshipman.

"The quict humour which pervades the work, is irresistibly amusing, and the fund of anecdote and description which it contains, entertaing. The humour semetimes approaches to downright burlesque, and the incident to extravagence, if not improbability; but, altogether, as a book of amusement, it is excellent.—Ballimore Gazette

JACOB FAITHFUL; or the Adventures of a Waterman.

"It is replete with amusement and oddity. Poor Jacob was born on the water. 'It was,' says he, 'in a floating sort of a box called a lighter, and upon the river Thames, that I first smelt the mud.'"—Baltimore Gazette. "Equal in merit to Peter Simple, and perhaps even more entertaining, are the adventures of Jacob Faithful, another of the whimsical creations of Captain Marryatt's prolific brain."—Saturday Courier.

JAPMET IN SEARCH OF A FATHER.

"It is ful of character and incident, and will, we doubt not, be a universal favorite."—Literary Gazette. "A work perhaps, not to be coualled in the whole round of romance, for the tremendous power of its descriptions, for the avfulness of its subjects, and for the brilliaucy and variety of the colours with which they are painted."—Spectator.

"This is the best work that Captain Marryatt has produced."-Atlas.

THE PRIANTON SHEP.

Those who are the most competent to judge, say that Captain Maryatt is altogether superior to any other writer of neval sketches or descriptions, living or dead."-N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

MEDSMEPMAN EASY.

"'Midshipman Easy,' is certainly the most amusing of Captain Marryatt's amusing novels: a species of picture quite unique: a class by themselves, full of humour, truth, and graphic sketches."-L arry Gazette.

THE PACHA OF MANY TALES.

"This is an admirable work, and worthy of the noble service it is written to illustrate."-Spectator.

THE NAVAL OFFICER; or Frank Mildmay.

'This is the most seaman-like composition that has yet issued from the press. We recommend it to all who 'live at home at case,' and need scarcely say, that no man-of-wars man should remain an hour without it."— London Atlas.

SNARLEYOW; or, The Bog Fiend.

"An excellent novel." - Edinburg Review.

ഹ

ଦ୍ଧିରତ୍ର

"Captain Manyatt may take his place at the head of the naval novelists of the day."- United Service Journal.

NEWTON FOSTER; or The Merchant Service.

"The adventures of the hero, through bold and stirring scenes, lose not a jot of their interest to the last, while the navail descriptions of sights and deeds on shipboard may be compared with any similar production, of which we have any knowledge."—Atlas.

THE KING'S OWN; A Tale of the Sea.

"A very remarkable book, full of vigor, and characterized by incidents of perfect originality, both as to conception and treatment. Few persons will take up the book without going fairly through it to the catastrophe, which startles the reader by its unexpected nature."—Literary Gazette.

THE PIRATE AND THREE CUTTERS.

"Replete with genius. The work will go far permanently to fix the name of Captain Marryatt among the most popular and successful writers of fiction of the age."-Felix Furley's Bristol Journal.

S. ARTHUR'S WORKS

The most Moral, Popular and Entertaining in the World.

Suitable for the Parlor, the Centre Table, the Sitting Room, or Chamber Reading.

PRINTED FOR THE "MILLION." AND PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE BY

T. B. PETERSON, No. 98 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

AT THE VERY LOW PRICE OF TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH, OR ANY FIVE OF THEM FOR CNE DOLLAR, SO AS TO PUT THEM WITHIN THE BEACH OF EVERY CHIZEN, RESIDENT, OR TRAVELLER IN THE UNITED STATES. THEY ARE ALL COPYRIGHT WORKS AND ARE PRINTED FROM NEW STEREOTYPE PLATES, ON THE FINEST AND BEST OF WHITE PAPER. COPIES OF EITHER OR ALL OF THEM, WILL BE SENT TO ANY ONE ON RECEIPT OF REMITTANCES SENT TO THE PUBLISHER.

THE ORPHAN CHILDREN. A Tale of Cruelty and Oppression.

By T. S. ARTHUR. This work is emphatically a story of cruelty and oppression, and will appeal to every humane person, for it is no exaggerated picture, but a true representation of what is frequently the life of a fatherless apprentice. Mr. Arthur regards this as one of his very best works, an opinion in which all persons we believe, will fully coincide. Complete in one fine octavo volume of 112 pages. Price 25 cents.

THE DEBTOR'S DAUGHTER; or Life and its Changes.

By T. S. ARTHUR. This work is a new American Story, founded on Facts. We have no doubt this work will prove to be one of the most popular works Mr. Arthur has ever written. The plot is his own, and as this work will never be printed in any newspaper at all, or in any other form but this, all persons who wish it, had better send for it at once, as it will have a very large and unprecedented sale. There are no works published more suitable to put in the hands of the young and old of this country, of both sexes, than Mr. Arthur's. It is published complete in one fine octavo volume of 100 pages. Price 25 cents.

THE DIVORCED WIFE.

By T. S. ARTHUR. This work has just finished running through the columns of "Arthur's Home Gazette," and has proved to be one of the most popular works that ever appeared in the columns of any news-phper in this country. The many admircrs of Mr. Arthur will find this one of his best tales. In these days of divorces it will be read with especial interest, and, we trust, with great profit. Complete in one time octavo volume. Price 25 cents, or five copies for one dollar.

PRIDE AND PRUDENCE; or, The Married Sisters.

By T. S. ARTHUR. We have no doubt that this work will prove to be one of the most popular Nou cllettes ever written by Mr. Arthur, and we would advise all persons who wish to peruse one of the best and njost charming stories of the day, to obtain Pride and Prudence; or, the Married Sisters. Complete in one octavo volume of 100 pages. Price 25 cents.

AGNES; or, The Possessed. A Love Story.

By T. S. ARTHUR. This work has been immensely popular, edition after edition having been printed to supply the demand for it. Complete in one octave volume. Price 25 cents.

THE TWO BRIDES.

Br T. S. ARTHUR. This work has just finished running through the columns of "The Saturday Evening Post," where it has been appearing for the last six weeks, and has proved to be one of the most popular works that ever appeared in the columns of any Newspaper in this Country. Before it was half completed, the back numbers, containing the beginning of it, could not be obtained at any price, which induced the pre sent publisher to buy the copyright of it, and publish it uniform with the rest of Arthur's Novels, so as to place it in the hands of every person in the Country that wishes it. Complete in one fine octavd volume of 116 pages. Price 25 cents.

LOVE IN HIGH LIFE. Being a Companion to "Love in a Cottage."

By T. S. ARTHUR. "Love in High Life" proves to be one of the most popular books ever printed in this country. It inculcates an excellent moral, as does all Mr. Arthur's works. We advise all to send and get it. It is published complete in one large octave volume, of 100 pages, printed on the finest white paper, neally bound in paper covers, uniform with "Love in a Cottage." Price 25 cents.

LOVE IN A COTTAGE. Being a Companion to "Love in High Life."

By T. S. ARTHUR. This is one of those stories that, in shooting folly as it flies, manages to do so without hurting anybody. Like most of the author's tales, the impression it leaves upon the initid is pleasing, yet heriting involve. Lies most of the attains is takes, the impression is takes applied in the spectrum of the transformer of the set of the experiment of "Love in a Cottage," to read this volume from the pen of Mr. Arthur, before taking their initiative. It may save the lady some ineffectual tears, and the young gentleman from doing anything very desperate. Complete in one large octavo volume of 100 pages. Price 25 cents.

MARY MORETON; or, the Broken Promise. A True Story of American Life.

By T. S. ARTHUR. The works of this author are among the most popular of any writer of this age. They all have an excellent moral, and are works that should be placed in the hands of all, young or old, as they are all calculated to do good, and improve the morals and minds of their readers. Complete in one fine octavo volume of 100 pages. Price 25 cents.

INSUBORDINATION; or The Shoemaker's Daughters. An American Story of Real Life.

By T. S. ARTHUR. This story shows how a hard master and a foolish mother, by abusing the apprentices and spoiling the daughters, sow the seeds of future insubordination, and reap in due time, a plentiful har-vest of trouble. It contains a few curious scenes, and inducts the reader into some amusing and instructive history, appertaining to that stirring and rather independent class of personages-American apprentice boys. Complete in one royal octavo volume of over 100 pages. Price 25 cents. NO 7549

LUCY SANDFORD, a Story of the Heart.

By T. S. Arthur, author of "Love in a Cottage," "Broken Promise," "Debtor's Daughter." etc., etc., complete in one volume, of 182 pages, printed on large type, and on the best paper, price 25 cents.

000 ELLEN PICKERING'S NOVELS.

As popular as any in the World!

EITHER OF WHICH CAN BE HAD SEPARATELY.

Price Twenty-five Cents each,

OR ANY FIVE OF THEM FOR ONE DOLLAR.

T. B. PETERSON,

.M. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia,

HAS JUST ISSUED, A UNIFORM EDITION OF

Miss Pickering's Popular Novels,

Printed on fine white paper, clear and legible type, and each forming one large octavo volume complete infitself, neatly bound in a strong paper cover, and can be sent by mail to any part of the United States for 51 cents postage.

The following comprises the List:

THE ORPHAN NIECE. NAN DARRELL: or, The Gipsy Mother. GRUMBLER. THE PRINCE AND THE PEDLAI THE MERCHANT'S DAUGHTER. THE SHALL BE HEIR. WHO. QUIET HUSBAND. 12 12 19 2 SECRET FOE THE EXPECTANT. AGNES SERLE. ELLEN WAREHAM THE HEIRESS. POOR GOUSIN. THE FRIGHT. THE SQUIRE KATE WALSINGHAM

Any one or all of the above will be sent to any place in the United States, by return of mail on remitting the amount for them to the publisher in a letter.

Published by T. B. PETERSON. No. 98 Chosnut Street, Philadelphia, To whom all orders should be addressed, post paid

803

8000 8 -MRS. GREY'S NOVELS.

The most popular in the World!

ENTHER OF WHICH CAN BE HAD SEPARATELY,

Price Twenty-five Cents each,

OR ANY FIVE OF THEM FOR ONE DOLLAR.

T. B. PETERSÓN,

No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia,

HAS JUST ISSUED A UNIFORM EDITION OF

Mrs. Grey's Popular Novels.

Printed on fine white paper, clear and legible type, and each forming one large octave volume, complete in itself, neatly bound in a strong paper cover, and can be sent by mail to any part of the United States for 51 cents postage.

The following comprises the List:

LENA CAMERON: or The Four Sisters. THE BELLE OF THE FAMILY. SYBIL LEPNNARD, & Record of Woman's Life, THE DUKE AND THE COUSIN. THE LITTLE WIFE, A Record of Matrimonial Life. THE MANCEUVRING MOTHER. THE BARONET'S DAUGHTERS. THE YOUNG PRIMA DONNA. HARRY MONK. THE OLD DOWER HOUSE. HYACINTHE, OR THE CONTRAST. ALICE SEYMOUR.

Any one or all of the above will be sent to any place in the United States, by return of mail, on remitting the amount for them to the publisher in a letter.

7

T. B. PETERSON,

No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia,

To whom all orders should be addressed, post prid.

RAG

Published by

903

NEW EDITIONS JUST PUBLISHED And for sale by T. B. PETERSON. No. 98 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

LIPPARD'S WORKS.

050

608

ROG

To whom all Orders should be addressed, Post Paid.

Washington and Ilis Generals; or, Legends of the American Revolution.

Complete in two large octave volumes of 538 pages-printed on the finest white paper. Price for the entire The wore has created an excitement almost without a parallel, and received not only the warm encomiums

of crives, but the enthusiastic commendations of the press throughout the Union.

It is emphatically the Book of the Revolution, devoted to the records of the American Revolution, which it endeavors how successfully let the public determine--to embody in a series of vivid and original historical pictures. It is the result of five years' labor on the part of the author. It comprises his researches into the archives, documents, and papers now hidden away in the libraries and closets of the Union. It also combines those traditions which old men, survivors of the past, have brought down to our time, concerning the days of >76.

An edition is also published, handsomely bound in sheep, with Portraits of all the Generals of the Revolu-non. Price, Two Dollars.

Mysteries and Miseries of Philadelphia. The Quaker City: or, the Monks of Monk Mall.

A Bomance of Philadelphia Life, Mystery and Crime founded on facts gleaned from the MSS. of an aged member of the bar. Illustrated with numerous engravings. Complete in two large octavo volumes of 500 pages. Price for the entire work, One Dollar.

It is now some twenty years since a member of the bar first began to make notes of his experience of the he, mysters, and crime of the Quaker city. These memoranda, fraught with the most terrific interest, at the death of the aged and respectable lawyer, were bequeathed to a friend, who has occupied nearly two years in working them up into a romance of the secret life of Philadelphia, of the most original character. Commenced long before the " Mysteries of Paris" appeared, the romance in some respects bears the same relation to Philadelphia that the "Mysteries" do to Paris. This work has created an immense sensation.

Paul Ardenheim, the Wonk of Wissahikon. A Romance of the Revolution.

Illustrated with numerous engravings, and a splendidly illustrated cover of "Paul Ardenheim" and the "Hermit's Spring." Complete in two large octavo volumes, of nearly 606 pages. Price for the entire work, One Dollar.

This work is altogether different in plot and incident from any thing ever attempted in this country. It illustrates the sebret history of our Revolution. The scene is now on the wild and Aysterious Wiesahikon; now in the streets of old time Philadelphia; now among the homes of Germantown, and again on the dreary hills of Valley Forge.

In its materials alone, this romance is pronounced by competent judges and acute critics, to be one of the most singularly interesting works of the age. The characters of old time Pennsylvania, the with superstitions with which tradition has invested the gorge of the Wissahikon, the monks who, in the ancient time, reared their rustic monastery in its shadows; the storied grave-yards of Germantown; Wharton's House, in Philadelphia, with its celebrated feast of the Meschianza ; the unwearied efforts of partizan warfare, the attack by night, the desperate fight, the massacre, and the peril of battle in every shape. Such are a few prominent incidents, scenes and characteristics of this absorbing and exciting work.

Blanche of Brandywine; or, September the Eleventh, 1777.

A Romance of the Poetry, Legends, and History of the Battle of Brandywine. It is divided into four books, Monthermer ; The Rose of Brandywine ; The Battle of Morn ; and Randulph, the Prince. It makes a large octave volume of 350 pages, printed from new type, and on the finest white paper. Price for the complete work, 75 cents.

Legends of Mexico; or, Battles of Gen. Zachary Taylor, late President of the United States.

With the following legends, traditions, and historical pictures : The New Crossde; Camp in the Wilder-ness; The Sisters of Monterey; Desth of Ringgold; The Dead Woman of Palo Alto; The Last of the Legion of Tampicol; Death of Young Henry Clay; making altogether the most graphic and readable book ever written on the War with Mexico. New edition, 128 pages, price 25 cents.

The Nazarene; or, the Last of the Washingtons.

A Revelation of Philadelphia, New York, and Washington, in the year 1844 ; making two large volumes, of nearly 600 pages. Price for the entire work, One Dollar.

37 Any one, or all of the above works, will be sent to any place in the United States by retarn of mail, or in any other way the purchaser may direct, on remitting the amount for them to the Publisher, in a letter. tor One copy of each of the above works will be given to any person for FOUR DOLLARS.

ST Any berson remitting to us Five Dollars, shall, receive a copy of each of the above works, and also a Paper, "THE QUAKER CITY," for one year.

lers. News Agents, Pedlars, and all dealers supplied at very low rates.

SO(T. B. PETERSON'S LIST OF BOOKS CONTINUED.

EVA ST. CLAIR; AND OTHER COLLECTED TALES. BY G. P. R. JAMES, ESG., Author of "Richelieu," "Philip Augustus," "The Old Oak Chest," etc., etc. This work will prove to be, on perusal, one of the most interesting works ever written by this popular author. It is having a very large sale, and everybody recommends it. We advise all persons to read it, if they wish to spend a few hours pleasantly. Complete in one fine large octavo volume of 116 pages, printed on fine white paper. Price 25 cts. "The present volume has proved a rare treat to us in the reading "-Ladies' National Magazine. "A very handsome and cheap volume, containing some of the fine t tales and sketches ever written. It is

book that will sell, and will well repay the reader."-Godey's Lady's Book.

FIRST AND TRUE LOVE. A TRUE LOVE STORY. BY GEORGE SAND, author of "Indiana," "Consuelo," "The Counters of Rudolstadt," etc., etc. It is one of the most charming and inter esting works ever published. It is embellished with eleven fine large Engravings, illustrative of different scenes in the work, as well as large portraits of the two heroines of the work, and a beautifully illustrated over. It has met with an immense sale in Paris, having already passed through several editions in the space of three months. It will have a very large sale, and it is a work no one will be disappointed with. It is said by critics who have perused it, to be "the best work" of the day. It is published complete in one large octave volume of 228 pages, and is printed on the finest white paper. Price 50 cents.

CRUISING IN THE LAST WAR. BY CHARLES J. PETERSON. Author of "The Reefer of '76," "Arnold at Saratoga," etc., etc., A Naval Story of the War of 1812. This narrative is founded on the cruise of a private armed brig, the journal of which is in possersion of the author. " Cruising in the Last War," originally appeared in "Graham's Magazine," in 1840, when it attained an unprecedented popularity all over the United States, and numerous applications have since been made to the author to issue t ir a volume; but hitherto unsuccessfully. He has now, however, carefully re-written and enlarged the whole wo.k for publication. Founded on fact, and full of thrilling incidents, now picturing the storm, now the pattle, now the escape, it will prove the most interesting book of its kind ever issuel; and will be sold by biousands and thousands. Every American who is proud of the triumples of the Stars and Stripes, will require a copy of this book for himself and children. This is beyond all doubt the greatest Sea Novel of the century. Complete in one fine large octavo volume of 228 pages. Price 50 cents.

THE IRON MASK; OR THE FEATS AND ADVENTURES OF RACUL DE BRAGE. **HE IKUN HANA**; UK IHE FEAD AND ADVENTURED OF KAULT DE DRAGE-LONNE. BY ALEXANDRE DUMAS. This work is the entire conclusion of the "Three Guardsmen," "Twenty Years After," and "Bragelonne." It is complete in two large octavo volumes, of 20 pages, "rinted on the finest while paper, with beautifully illustrated covers, portrists and engravings. Price for the entire work, One Dollar. All will agree in pronouncing this work to be his chef d'ouvre. It is a work possessing more interest than any other he has ever written. The mystery which had puzzled the world during nearly two centuries, "The PRISONER IN THE JRON MASK," is completely solved, and in a converte a neareable interest in any other the this enjoy of the first fourises the work invested. This manner so powerful, interesting and ingenious, that this episode of itself renders the work invaluable. This work will have an immense sale.

"This is the last and most absorbing and best of Alexandre Dumas' celebrated works. It is one of the most powerful works of the day, and is destined to have a very great sale."-Mc Makin's Model Saturday Courier.

"This will no doubt prove to be one of the most popular works ever printed in this country."-N. Y. Tribune.

"This story finishes that powerful series of historical novels, by Alexandre Dumas, which conduct the reader through the reigns of Louis XIII. and XIV. of France, in one of the most brilliant panoramas known in fiction. Every one will desire to see how the characters are finally disposed of, while the story of the celebrated 'Prisoner in the Iron Mask,' will attract hundreds of new readers."—*Phila. Evening Bulletin.*

HARRIS'S ADVENTURES IN AFRICA, DURING A TOUR OF TWO YEARS THROUGH THAT COUNTRY. BY MAJOR W. CORNWALLIS HARRIS. Those who have read Major Harris's "Wild Sports in Southern Africa." will know how to appreciate this entertaining book of Strange Adventures among the Savage Governments of the vast African Continent. Those per ing book of Strange Adventures among the Savage Governments of the vast African Continent. Those per sons found of romantic narrative will find this book a rich treat. The merit of this work is sufficiently proven by the fact, that it has passed through ten editions in London' and the present is a reprint from the tenth edition, revised and corrected. Major Harris was one of an expedition, sont out some years ago by the British government, to open a friendly communication with Abyssinia. He remained two years in Africa, ponetrating to parts heretofore almost unknown, and gathering much valuable information respecting the Christians of Abyza his sufficient of the country in concern. Christians of Abyssinia, as well as concerning the manners and customs of the country in general. The book is one of unusual interest, replete with incidents of adventure, as well as full of weighty information. Infleed, no volumes of equal authority, comprehensiveness and general merit, has ever been issued respecting this almost unknown section of the African continent. It is published in two large octave volumes of 400 pages, printed from new type, and on the finest white paper. Price for the complete work One Dollar. An edition of it is also published handsomely bound in muslin, gilt. Price One Dollar and Fifty cents.

PICTORIAL LIFE AND ADVENTURES OF GUY FAWKES, THE CHIEF OF THE GUNPOWDER TREASON. BY WILLIAM HARRISON AINSWORTH, author of "The Pubtorial Life and Adventures of Jack Sheppard," "The Tower of London," "Life of Dick Turpin," "Old St Paul's," &c., &c. Embellished with Twenty-two full page, spirited Illustrations; designed and en-graved in the finest style of art, by George Cruikshank, Esq., of London. "This Edition of this work contains graved in the must style of art, by deorge transmant, r.sq., of London. This Edition of this work contains every word of the complete English edition, unabridged, and all the illustrations entired, of the same size and fac-simile with the London Hlustrated Edition, published in London, in three large octavo volumes, and which sells in Europe at Five Dollars a copy. It is the only complete and unabridged edition of the Life and Adventures of Guy Fawkes ever published in the United States. It has been got up by the publisher at an immanse cost. The engravings alone having cost several hundred dollars. It is one of the most interesting and absorbing works ever written, and it lays bare in bold relief one of the worst conspiracies ever planned and concorded in the known world. It will be read and re-read with pleasure and satisfaction by every one, and our advice is to all, it you wish to get the worth of your money, to send and get this work. It is Ainsworth's best book, and no one will ever regret buying it. The whole of the above is published in one large octavo volume of 212 pages. Price fifty cents only.

Copies of any of the abave works will be sent to any one on remitting the money for them to the Publisher. 1.7 ଭୃତ୍ୟ ROC

T. B. PETERSON'S LIST OF BOOKS CONTINUED.

ାର୍ଡି

THE MYSTERIES OF THREE CITIES. BOSTON, NEW YORK, AND PHILADEL-PHIA. BY A. J. H. DUGANNE. This work is a true llistory of Men's Hearts and Habits, in these three great Cities. It lays bare the Vice and Immorality in these places; and is undoubtedly the best work on this subject ever written. It is full of exciting interest, and is written in a very fascinating style. It has already had an immense sale, and will continue to sell forever, for all persons who have not read it will want it. It is complete in one large octave volume of over 200 pages. Price 25 cents.

INDIANA. BY GEORGE SAND, author of "Consuelo," "First and True Love," etc. Translated by a Menter of the Philadelphia Bar. This is the celebrated work spoken of in the Court room in the recent Middleton divorce case in Philadelphia, as having been found in the hands of Mrs. Middleton by her husband, at Newport. It is beyond doubt the most bewitching, interesting and absorbing work ever written in any language. Its equal has never been known. It is exciting to the highest degree. Complete in one fine volume of 258 pages. Price 50 cents.

THE PETREL; OR LOVE ON THE OCEAN. A TALE OF THE SEA. BY ADMIRAL FISHER, of the English Navy. This work is fully equal to anything ever written by Capt. Marryatt, or J. Fennimore Cooper, and it is, beyond doubt, one of the best sea stories ever written by any author. We advise everybody to get the Petrel and read it. No one will be disappointed with it. Com plete in one large volume of over 200 pages. Price 50 cents.

MORETON HALL; or, THE SPIRITS OF THE HAUNTED HOUSE EX(OR)CISED. A TALE FOUNDED ON FACTS. BY R. PHIPPS, ESQ. This is one of "The Popu-lar Nouvellettes," just published in "McMakin's Model American Courier," which has had an unprecedented run and popularity. The numbers of the paper being exhausted, and thousands wishing to obtain it, it is new inverte conductor in the first of Monarce Parameter of 100 percent. now issued complete in one fine octavo volume of 100 pages. Price 25 cents.

GLIDDON'S ANCIENT EGYPT, HER MONUMENTS, HIEROGLYPHICS, HISTORY, AND ARCHEOLOGY, AND OTHER SUBJECTS CONNECTED WITH HIERO-GLYPHICAL LITERATURE, AND THE PANORAMA OF THE NILE. BY GEORGE B. GLIDDON, ESQ., for twenty-three years a resident of Egypt, and formerly united States Consul at Cairo. This work has been got up at an immense expense, and is embeliashed with a large number of engravings, as also hieroglyphics of all kinds, with the English translations. Now that Mr. Gliddon is lecturing all over the United States, describing his becutiful Panorama of the Ruins of Example the Manorate the Direct Nile at a state and a state and the results a cover of Cliddon's Egypt, her Monuments, the River Nile, etc., every person in this country should procure a copy of Gliddon's work on Ancient Egypt. They will find it to be the most interesting and cheapest work ever published in this country, and one that more valuable information of Ancient Egypt can be gleaned from, than all other works of the subject ever written The whole of the above is published in one large folio volume of 72 pages, printed from new plates and engravings, on the finest white paper. Price for the complete work, twenty-five cepts only, or five copies for One Dollar.

DR. HOLLICK'S GREAT AND POPULAR WORK ON ANATOMY AND PHYSI-OLOGY. This work is designed for popular use and study, and a copy of it should be in every house in this country. It is illustrated by an entirely new dissected plate of the whole human organization, colored to life, which dissects, by means of separate movable layers, from the outer surface of the skin down to the spine, in the same manner as if it was a subject for dissection, exhibiting the organs in their proper places, all connected together, and many of them in sections. This plate is entirely new and original, nothing of the kind having ever before been invented; it is as complete as a model, and is designed to facilitate the popular study of Anatomy and Physiology. It is invaluable for popular use and private study, for planations are familiar, and an who wish to have a complete knowledge of Anatomy and Physiology. The ex-planations are familiar, and divested of all technical terms, and is still fur theribustrated by separate engra-vings throughout the work, and a fine steel plate of the author. By FREDERICK HOLLICK, M. D. Une volume, quarto,-bound. Price One Dollar. students, teachers, and all who wish to have a complete knowledge of Anatomy and Physiology. The ex-

THE LADIES' WORK TABLE BOOK. A WORK EVERY LADY SHOULD POSSESS. Containing clear and practical instructions in all kinds of Plain and Fancy Needlework, Embroidery, Knitting, Netting and Crochet Work; with sixty-seven engravings, illustrative of the various stitches in those useful and fashionable employments, making one fine volume of 168 pages, printed on the finest white paper, neatly done up in paper covers, price fifty cents, or handscmely bound in crimson cloth, gilt, price seventy-five cents.

" This is one of the most useful and instructive books for a Lady, ever published, and one that should be in the house of every family in the land. Send by all means, and get it at once."-From a review of the Work.

LIFE IN PARIS; CR THE ADVENTURES OF ALFRED DE ROSANN IN THE ERENCH METROPOLIS. BY GEORGE W. M. REYNOLDS, ESQ., author of "Life in London," "Ellen Monree," etc. This work is illustrated with Ten Spirited Engravings, from Original Designs by Phillips, with a handsome illustrated cover, and contains nearly 200 octavo pages. It is one of the most exciting works of the age, and one we sell thousands of every year, for no one reads it without recommending it. The Engravings are beautifully executed on fine tinted paper, made expressly for the purpose. Owing to the neat and expensive manner in which these engravings are got up, and also the large size of the book, we are compelled to put the price at 371 cents a copy.

AISTORY OF THE INQUISITION IN SPAIN. BY D. JUAN ANTONIO LLORENTE. formerly Secretary of the Inquisition, Chancellor of the University of Toledo, Knight of the Order of Charles This is the complete work, being from the time of its Establishment to the Reign of Ferdinand VII. HL. etc. Composed from the Original Documents of the Archives of the Supreme Council, and from those of subordinate Tribunals of the Holy Office. This is the only complete and unabridged edition of this work ever pubished in the United States, and is one that all should read. It is published on the finest white paper, in one volume, octavo, 208 pages-Half cloth, 50 cents; paper covers, 374 cents.

Sur Copies of any of the above works will be sent to any one on remitting the money for them to the Publisher. **BO**O.

:14

13

T. B. PETERSON'S LIST OF BOOKS CONTINUED.

SO?

907

JOSEPHINE; or, THE EDICT AND THE ESCAPE. BY GRACE AGUILAR, Author of "Home influence," "Mother's Recompense," Vale of Codars," "Woman's Friendship," etc., etc., This work is by the celebrated author of "Home Influence," and is fully equal to it. It is one of the most chargeing books that we have over read, and no person can read it, without coming to the same conclusion. We advise all to get it and read it, or they will miss a rich treat. It is the book of this year. Complete in one voluv • of 124 pages. Price 25 cents.

BELL BRANDON; AND THE WITHERED FIG TREE. A \$300, PRIZE NOVEL. For which the proprietors of the Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper, paid the premium which was awarded to it, by the Committee on Prizes, of *Three Handred Dollars*." This work has just finished running through the columns of the Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper, where it has been appearing for the last six weeks, and has proved to be one of the most popular Prize Novels that has ever appearing for the last six weeks, and has half completed, the back numbers, containing the beginning of it, could not be obtained at any price, which induced the present Publisher to buy the copyright of it and publish it, so as to place it in the hands of the thousands of persons in this country that wish it. Complete in one fine octavo volume, of 116 pages. Price 26 cents a copy only, or Five copies for One Dollar.

TOWER OF LONDON. AN HISTORICAL ROMANCE BY WILLIAM HARRISON AINSWORTH. Author of the "Pictorial Life and Adventures of Jack Sheppard," "Pictorial Life of Gay Fawkes, the Ohief of the Gunpowder Trenson," "Old St. Paul's," etc., etc. Complete in two large octavo volumes of 500 pages, printed on the finest white paper. Embellished with ninety-eight large and beautiful illustrations, designed and engraved in the finest style of the art, by George Cruikshank, Esq., of London. Price for the entire work, One Dollar.

It has been for years the cherished wish of the writer of this work, to make "THE TOWER CF LONDON," the proudest monument of antiquity (considered with reference to its historical associations,) in the known world,-the groundwork of a Romance; and it it is no slight satisfaction to him, that circumstances at length have enabled him to carry into effect his favorite project, in conjunction with the inimitable Artist, whose Ninety-Eight Original Designs and Engravings of all the Principal Objects of Attraction and Interest to the reader, accompany the work.

The Author has exhibited in this work, the "Tower of London" in the light of a Palace, a Prison, and a Fortress, and he has also contrived such a series of incidents as to introduce every relie of the old pile,-its

Fortress, and ne has also contrived such a sories of incidents as to incidence every relie of the old pire,—is Towers, Chapels, Halls, Chambers, Gateways, Arches, and Drawbridges,—so that no part of this, the most venerable and interesting building in the known world, should remain unillustrated to the reader. It is beyond all doubt one of the most interesting works ever published in the known world, and can be read and re-read with pleasure and satisfaction by every body. We advise all persons to get it and read it, for there is much to learn and valuable information to be gained from its pages, which cannot be obtained in any other work publ' thed in the known world.

THE FORTUNE HUNTER; or, THE ADVENTURES OF A MAN ABOUT TOWN. A NOVEL OF NEW YORK SOCIETY. BY MRS. ANNA CORA MOWATT, Author of "Fashion," a Councedy; "Evelyn," etc. This is a work that any one picking up to relad will not be able to leave till they have finished it, on account of the masterly manner and absorbing interest Mrs. at thas imparted to the characters through the work. It has proved to be one of the most popular novels ever written by a Lady, having passed through numerous editions. The present is a new one, revised and corrected. mplete in one large octavo volume, paper cover, price 25 cents.

GHOST STORIES. FULL OF LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS. BEING A WONDERFUL BOOK. Remarkable Apparitions and Ghost Stories : or Authentic Histories of Communicabook. Remarkance Appartations and Gnow Stories to Authenic Histories of Communica-tions, (Real or Imaginary,) with the Unseen World; containing accounts of Spectral Warnings, Haunted Houses and Palaces, Extraordinary Prophecies, Aerial Visions & e., with twenty-one heautiful fall page engravings. By CLARENCE S. DAY. This book contains accounts of the most wonderful Supernatural Events which have occurred since the art of printing was discovered. The engravings are beautifully printed on fine paper, and the work, as a whole, is the cheapest that has been issued from the press for years. It is the only complete book of Ghost Stories ever printed. Complete in one octavo volume. Price 25 cents.

ABEDNEGO, THE MONEY LENDER. BY MRS. GORE, Author of "Pin Money," "The Man of Fortune," etc., etc. This is Mrs. Gore's best work, and has already had an immense sale, and several editions have already been printed of it. This is one of those celebrated works that a person can read several times with pleasure and satisfaction. It is complete in one octavo volume of 128 pages, paper cover, price 25 cents.

THE MYSTERIES OF BEDLAM; or ANNALS OF THE LONDON MAD HOUSE. BY AN OFFICER OF TWENTY YEARS STANDING IN THE ESTABLISHMENT. This work comprises vivid and animated pictures, and the most asjounding facts that have startled the public mind in relation to the treatment of the insane, within the walls of 'Bedlam, in London,' and the other terrible wrongs that have been perpetrated in similar establishments; telling frightful truths, and touching the heart with affecting lessons of practical moment; in fact, a complete exposure of the vices of Lunatic Asylums. The whole is thrown into a framework of romantic beauty, forming a tale of profound dramatic interest. It should be read by all. Complete in one octavo volume of over 100 pages. Printed from new type, and on the finest white paper. Price 25 cents.

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN; or, THE TRUE ART OF HEALING THE SICK, IN ALL DISEASES WHATEVER. This work, comprises the whole range of Disease, as well as the explanation of the action of Galvanism. Electricity and Magnetism, in the cure of Disease, and a com-parison between their powers, and those of Drugs or Medicines of all kinds, with a view to determine their relative value and proper uses, towards healing diseases of all kinds. By Frederick Hollick, M. D., Author of "Hollick's Great and Popular Work on Anatomy and Physiology," the "Origin of Life," etc. Every family in the world should own a copy of this celebrated work. It is worth ten times its cost to any one. Neally done up in a paper cover, 200 pages, price 25 cents.

Dor dopies of any of the above works will be sent to any one on remitting the money for them to the Publisher. C 9**0**0 ROQ 15

800 T. B. PETERSON'S LIST OF BOOKS CONTINUED.

THE VALLEY FARM; or, THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF AN ORPHAN. EDITED BY CHARLES J. PETERSON, Author of "Cruising in the Last War," "Grace Dudley, or Arnold at Saratoga," etc., etc. This is a companion to "Jane Eyre," and is one of the best books ever written in the known world. Complete in one large octavo volume of 104 pages, price 25 cents. "We know not where we have seen a novel of so high a character, as the 'Valley Farm.' It is equal to suy of Dicken's incomparable sketches. We predict a brilliant career of prosperity for this new writer."—

Western Chisen.

"As we intend to publish the first chapter—' The Dying Mother'—we will at present only say that this is one of the most interesting works we have ever read.'—Daily Standard, Elizabethiown, N. J. "This is one of Mr. Peterson's best stories. It is intended as a companion to 'Jane Eyre,' and is not out of

place in her company."-Baltimore Patriot.

"It abounds with passages of the most touching interest."-McMakin's Model American Courier. "This is one of the best and most pleasing novels that has been issued this year."-Scott's Weekly. "The Valley Farm, or Autobiography of an Orphan, elicits a deeper and deeper interest, the farther # goes."-Journal, Washington, Indiana.

light of the true home, and a mother's winning smile and guiding hand, have deeply interested us, from association with like scenes of early life."- Chicago Journal.

THE BEAUTIFUL FRENCH GIRL; OR THE DAUGHTER OF MONSIEUR FON-TANBLEU. This is a tale of thrilling interest, founded on facts in real life, and one that all that reads it, will no doubt be pleased with. It is complete in one volume, octavo, 100 pages. Price 25 cents.

MADISON'S EXPOSITION OF THE AWFUL AND TERRIFYING CEREMONIES OF THE ODD FELLOWS. An Exposition of the Forms and Usages observed in the various Lodges of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, as organized in the United States, together with a various Louges of the interpendent office of Out renows, as organized in the Onited States, we getted with a full account of the awful and terrifying ceremonies attendant upon the Initiation of a new member into the order. By JAMES M. MADISON, late of the Knickerbocker Lodge, of the City of New York. Illustrated with nineteen large full page engravings, representing what a person must go through, to become a member of the Order of Odd Fellows. Price 25 cents a copy, or five copies for One Dollar.

FATHER CLEMENT A MOST THRILLING AND POWERFUL STORY. BY THE AUTHOR OF "ABBEY OF INNISMOYLE," "DUNALLEN," ETC. One Volume, 155 pages. Paper cover, price, 25 cents, or bound in muslin, gilt, 50 cents.

SALATHIEL; OR, THE WANDERING JEW. A STORY OF THE PAST, THE PRESENT, AND THE FUTURE. BY THE REV. GEORGE CROLEY. Founded at the time of the Downfall of Rome and of the Destruction of Jerusalem. Complete in one octavo volume of over 200 pages, printed on the finest white paper. With several illustrations. Price 50 cents.

200 pages, printed on the finest white paper. With several illustrations. Price 50 cents. The following is an extract from this very celebrated work, by Dr. Croley: "I wandered to the deserts of Arabia; I joined a caravan journeying to the holy city.—it lost its way.— hunger and thirst tortured us, and put a brand, as it were, of hot iron upon our lips. My companious fell eround me upon the burning sand, our beasts of burden sank to rise no more, the simoon blew its poisoned breath over the parched and verdureless earth; the sun's heat dried the blood in my veins. I did not die, but I suffered alive, that which killed my fellow-travellers. The elephant trampled me under his feet, the tiger grawed my flesh with his iron teeth; the anaconda drew his mighty folds around my limbs, but in vain did they mangle me: a voice from above cried 'Live, Salathiel, live! Pursue thy endless journey. On-on-on, forever!'"

THE INSNARED; A STORY OF WOMAN'S HEART. BY LADY CHARLOTTE BURY, Author of "Flirtation," "The Divorced," &c. One volume octavo, paper cover. Price 25 cents.

ODD FELLOWSHIP EXPOSED. Containing all the Signs, Tokens, Grips, Pass-words and Obligations, and an explanation of the Five Degrees, as now practised under a late revised work of the Order, with a picture of a person being initiated, riding "THK GOAT." By a late Member of the Order. Price 12; cents a copy, or twelve copies for One Pollar.

ABBEY OF INNISMOYLE. A STORY OF ANOTHER CENTURY. BY THE AUTHOR OF "FATHER CLEMENT." Cloth, gilt, 371 cents; paper cover, 25 cents.

MORMONISM EXPOSED. Full of engravings, showing the various degrees of Mormonism, and the various scenes and operations a person has to go through to become a Mormon. It is well worth reading. By a late Mormon from Nauvoo, who has renounced them. Price 12; cents a copy.

LIFE OF THE REV. JOHN N. MAFFITT, the noted Methodist Preacher, with a narrative of his whole life, from birth until his death, containing many particulars concerning him, never before pub-lished. With portraits. One volume, octavo, price 124 cents, or twelve copies for One Dollar.

DR. BERG'S ANSWER TO ARCHBISHOP HUGHES ON THE DECLINE OF PRO-TESTANTISM. A Lecture Delivered in the Musical Fund Hall, Philadelphia, on Tuesday Evening, November 26th, 1850, in answer to Archbishop Hughes, on the "DECLINE OF PROTESTANT-ISM." By Joseph F. Berg, D.D., Pastor of the Race Street German Reformed Church. Price 12; conts.

DR. BERG'S LECTURE ON THE JESUITS. A Lecture Delivered at the Musical Fund Hall, Philadeiphia, on Monday Evening, December 23d, 1850, on "THE JESUITS," by the Rev. Joseph F. Berg, D.D. Price 12t cents a copy, or twelve copies for One Dollar.

Copies of any of the above works will be sent te any one on remitting the money for them to the Publisher. <u> <u></u></u> ୭୦୦

16

T. B. PETERSON'S LIST OF BOOKS CONTINUED.

THE MEMOIRS OF A PHYSICIAN; OR, THE SECRET HISTORY OF LOUIS THE FIFTEENTH. BY ALEXANDRE DUMAS. This work is A. Companion to Dumas' celebrated work, "The Count of Monte Cristo," and is fully equal to it in every respect. It is beautifully embellished with thirty engravings, executed in the finest style of art, by the first artists in London, which illustrates the principal scenes and characters of the different heroines throughout the work, which greatly enhances the while of the book. It will prove to be one of the most popular works ever published in the known world. It is complete in two large octavo volumes, with beautifully illustrated covers and portraits. Price, for the entire work, One Dollar,

"Dumas, the great master of historical romantic portraiture, with equal erudition and creative fancy, has here presented to us a living portrait of Louis XV. This work is truly an epic in prose,"-Atheneum.

* The author is no common writer-he touches the secret springs of the heart's passions-he enchains our ympathies."-Spectator. " This brilliant work is worthy of the reputation of one of the most popular and successful cultivators of

fection. We have done but imperfect justice to the numberless excellencies of this really great work." Morning Garmiele.

1000

"Unsurpassed in interest and power by anything from this author's pen."-Athenaum. "One of the greatest works yet written by Dumas, abounding with passages inexpressibly touching in their beantiful simplicity."-San.

THE QUEEN'S NECKLACE; OR, THE SECRET HISTORY OF THE COURT OF LOUIS THE SIXTEENTH. BY ALEXANDRE DUMAS. This work is the Sequel to Dumas' celebrated work, "The Memoirs of a Physician," and is also written by Alexander Dunnas, author of "The Iron Mask," " Count of Monte Cristo," "Louise La Valliere," "S'x Years Later; or, The Taking of the Bastile," & C. Translated from the French by Thomas Williams, Esq., and beautifully illustrated with Covers and Portraits of the heroines of the work. Complete in two large octavo volumes. Price Fifty cents a volume. This novel is founded on the celebrated incident of the diamond necklace, which Cardinal Rohan purchased as he supposed, for Maria Antoinette, but which fell into the hands of a female sharper, who personated the Queen, and so duped the poor Cardinal. Dumas always writes with spirit. The present is better than most novels now-a-days, and we recommend it as an agreeable companion for a Reilroad car, or a rainy afternoon.

"This work must prove one of the most popular books ever written."-Literary Gasette.

"This is one of Dumas' best historical novels, (translated by Thomas Williams,) and gives us in fiction's fascinating garb, some truths in the secret history of the Court of Louis the Sixteenth. The style and character of Dumas' romances are too well known to require any special commendation from the press. This work is complete in two large volumes, which are sold at Fifty cents each; the same work in England sells at Five Dollars."—Philadelphia Dellar Newspaper, February 12th, 1851.

This work is complete in two volumes, is translated by Thomas Williams, Esq., and from the Press of Mr. T. B. Peterson, No. 98 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, whose fame as a publisher, is gaining rapidly with the reading public. Mr. P. spares neither pains nor expense to give his customers books worthy their attention, and has thus far succeeded. Of the qualifications of Dunnas, as a writer, it is needless for us to speak ; suffice it to say, that he occupies a position to be envied by all writers of merit. Those who have read his thrilling it to say, that he occupies a position to be envied by all writers of merit. I nose who may read mis thrining parative of the Count of Monte Christo, will used no further recommendation to the work now before us. We have been an admirer of the writings of Dumas, for some time, and are ever gratified with perusing any work emanating from his pen. Those of our readers who wish to be pleased and gratified, had better secure a copy of the Queen's Necklace at once, which is twin in merit to Monte Christo."—Pittsburg Morning Transcript.

KNOWLSON'S COMPLETE FARRIER; or HORSE DOCTOR. A full treatise on the Diseases of Horses; written in plain language, which any person who can read, may easily understand. The whole being the result of Seventy years extensive practice and experience of the author, JOHN C. KNOWL-SON, author of "Knowlson's Complete Cattle Doctor." This is the only book worth a straw, ever published whithe Doctoring and proper treatment of Diseases in Horses. You can ask any of the thousand who have pied the receipts in this book, and they will say the same. This book will be useful in saving the lives of the fact the receipts in this book, and they will say the same. I this book will be pasted at saving the fives of thousands of Horses. Mady of the Recipes in this book are worth One Hundred Dollars each, and the whole of them are entirely new to the world. A true explanation of all the disorders horses are liable to, and safe and easy medicines for the cure of them in every disease, are loid down in this book in the plainest language. and easy incolores for the circe of them in every disease, are and down in this book in the promote ranginge, not that of a learned writer, but for a poor man's reading, so all persons can comprehend it. There is not a borrowed receipt for any disease, whatever, in the whole work, it being entirely from the author's practice and experience, so no other work in the world has any of the receipts in. Price 25 cents a copy, or Six copies for One Dollar. Buy no edition of this work, but T. B. Peterson's as none other is the correct work.

KNOWLSON'S COMPLETE CATTLE, OR COW DOCTOR, A full treatise on the Diseases of Horned Cattle, Cows and Calves, written in plain language, which those who can read, can understand at once. The whole being the result of Seventy years extensive practice of the Author, JOHN C. KNOWL-SON, author of "Knowlson's Complete Farrier, or Horse Doctor." This is the best book ever publis..ed in the world, on the treatment of Diseases in Cattle, Cows and Calves. Every disease these animals are ever liable to, are fully explained in this work, the treatment to be pursued with them, and the medicines to be used in curing any disease whatever they may have, are here laid down, as well as the quantity to be given them, and the best way of administering it to them, so that any person having this work, and following it, can always cure his own Cattle, Cows, and Calves, if it is in the power of man to cure them. Every receipt in [duis work is original with the author, so you cannot get these recipes without you get this book. Any quantity of the Recipes in this work are worth One Hundred Pollars to any one, and all of them are entirely ew to the whole world. Price 25 cents a copy, or Six copies for One Dollar.

THE ROMISH CONFESSIONAL: OR, THE AURICULAR CONFESSION AND SPIRITUAL DIRECTION OF THE ROMISH CHURCH, THE PRIEST AND THE FAMILY. ITS HISTORY, THEORY, CONSEQUENCES, AND POLICY OF THE JESUITS. BY M. MICHELET. Author of "Michelet's History of France," etc., etc. The whole of the above great and valuable work has just been translated, and is published in a fine large volume of 228 page, printed on the finest white paper. Everybody should get a copy of this book and read it. Price for the complete work, Fifty cents only.

Copies of any of the above works will be sent to any one on remitting the money for hem to the Publisher.

18

രറ@

T. B. PETERSON'S LIST OF BOOKS CONTINUED

তিহ

DIANA OF MERIDOR; OR, THE LADY OF MONSOREAU. AN HISTORICAL ROMANCE. BY ALEXANDRE DUMAS. Author of "The Iron Mask," "Louise La Val-Here," etc., etc. Complete in two large octavo volumes of 538 pages, printed on the finest white paper, with name: as illustrative engravings. Price for the entire work, O.e Dollar. As in everything he undertakes, Dumas in this instance performs his task admirably. He seizes the period following the decease of the weak, witless, Charles IX., when that monarch's brother, under the title of Henry III., has ascended the throug The queen-mother, the cruel and wilv Catharine de Medicis, has retired from state affairs, only the more swiftly to circumveut the destruction of those she suspects. Henry of Navarre, afterwards the great Henry IV., with his consort, flies the Court, and is at the extremity of the kingdom, preparing his followers to maintain independence and the Protestant league. In such a state are affairs when the story opens, a story in which the reader will not alone be delighted and astonished by the plot upon plot ingeniously wore into the narra-tive, but charmed and instructed both by the beauty of style and youthful vigor in which the work is unfolded. Every new book of Dumas' is only a fresh literary gem thrown in the casket, the brightest of which will be pronounced by every person on porusal, to be "Diana of Meridor; or, the Lady of Monsoreau."

THE REIGN OF TERROR. GENEVIEVE. OR THE CHEVALIER OF THE MAISON ROUGE. BY ALEXANDRE DUMAS. Complete in one large octavo volume, of over 200 pages, printed on the finest white paper, with numerous illustrative engravings. Price for the entire work, Filly cents. The plot, scenes, and characters, are laid chiefly in the City of Paris, the author choosing for his ground work the occurrences taking place during that mournful and sanguinary phase of the Freuch Revolution, embraced by the year 1793. It opens at the period immediately succeeding the execution of the monarch, Louis XVI, to circumvent whose destriction Constitutionalist and Republican, Girondist and Jacobin, united their voices in the National Assembly. The Queen and Royal Family are close prisoners, the Constitutional party in the Legislature, a doomed body, while the fortunes of those Apostles of Anarchy, Danton, Marat, and Robespierre, are rising through a sea of terror and blood. Such is the base upon which the novel is reared. In the present work, Durnas presents us a picture tenfold more attractive, tenfold more vivid, than the records of a Thiers, a Scott, or a Michelet: while with his characteristic ability, he epvelopes the whole with a romance so charming, that it is difficult to avoid blending it with the reality.

THE NEWGATE CALENDAR; OR. THE CHRONICLES OF CRIME. BY CANDEN PELHAM, ESQ., of the Inner Temple, Barrister at Law. This work is a complete series of Memoirs, Trials and Anecdotes of all the Notorious Characters who have outraged the laws of Great Britain, and suffered for their crimes, from the earliest period to the present time: comprising Pirates, Pick prockets, Murderers, Coiners, Extortioners, Forgers, Highwaymer, Footpads, Fraudulent Bankrupts, Lerds Housebreakers, Incondiaries, Rioters, Impostors, Burglars, Mutineers, Traitors, Dukes, Money-Droppers, Sharpers, Rapes, etc., etc., Including a number of curious cases and crimes never before published. The concepts, happes, etc., etc. Including a number of curious cases and crimes never before phonisment. The 'whole work is embedlished with Thirty large full page engravings, engraved in the finest style of art, by the first artists in this country, from original designs by "Phiz." The whole work is complete in two large octavo volumes, of 500 pages, printed on flue white paper. Price for the entire work, One Dollars. The same work in London sells for Ten Dollars. The "Newgate Calendar" contains all the cases of any note on second in Greet British for any counter at all works a culd description of the life and original the different record in Great Britain, for any crime at all, with a full description of the life and crimes of the offender. and a full account of their trial and mode of punishment, taking care to embrace all the details and outlines of attraction to our American readers. Over Four Hundred Thousand copies of this far famed work have been sold in Europe, and the demand still increases. It will have an enormous sale in this country, ard all persons will find on perusing it, that it is one of the most interesting works ever printed.

THE COMPLETE KITCHEN AND FRUIT GARDENER, FOR POPULAR AND GENERAL USE. This work is a complete treatise on Kitchen Gardening, containing full directions for the most approved, easiest and best method of cultivating and rearing all kinds of vegetables in the known world; with full directions as regards the situation and aspect of the Garden, the properties of In the known world; with this directions as regards the situation and aspect of the Garden, the properties of the soil, the different varieties and properties of Manures, showing which is the best for rearing vegetables, etc., with full instructions as regards the cultivation of all kinds of Culinary Herbs; how, and the best and casiest means for the destruction of all kinds of Vermin whatever that are injurious to Culinary crops, with full descriptions of the different vermin, how and when they first appear, and how to prevent their appearing fall descriptions of the different vermin, how and when they first appear, and how to prevent their appearing entirely; also, full directions, showing what particular work should be done every month for the year in the kitchen garden, the best way to prepare the ground, how to do it, and the best time to plant or sow the seed for the various things you wish to grow, so as to raise the best and largest erop. It also contains full instructions for the best way of the rearing of the Orchard and the Fruit Garden, containing the best directions for obtaining and successfully growing all varieties and kinds of Fruit Trees, Strawberry, Raspberry, Current, and all other kinds of Bushes, Grape Vines of all kinds whatever, etc., so as they shall raise the best of fruit and be the most productive; with full directions about all kinds of Grafting and Budding, etc., etc. It is in fact, the only Kitchen and Fruit Gardener worthin straw, ever published in the world, and he particular substance fact, the only Kitchen and Frnit Gardener worth a straw, ever published in the world, and no person whatever, should be without it. It will be worth more than a fluidred Dollars to many a one, for the information it contains. By One of the Oldest and Most Experienced Gardeners in the United States. Complete in one fine volume, of 119 pages, neatly done up in paper opvers. Price 25 cents a copy, or Five copies for One Dollar.

THE COMPLETE FLORIST: OR FLOWER GARDENER. This is a complete work on Flower Gardening and all kinds of Floriculture. It contains full instructions for the best method of laying out a Flower Garden, the Gravel Walks and Edgings, the ways of planting and of transplanting Trees and Shrubs: the growth of all kinds of plants, Maufres, and the best way of using them, Bullys in Water Glasses, and for the management of all kinds of Green House Plants whatever. It also contains full directions about the Censervatory, Green House, Cold Pit, Verandah for plants, all kinds and descriptions of Hardy Ornamental Shrubs and Shrubbery, Hardy Deciduous Trees, Hardy Lyergreen Trees, Hardy Vines and Creepers, Herbaceous, Bulbous and Tuberous Rooted Plants and Flowers, the most esteemed and popular varieties; with full directions and observations on the cutture of all kinds of Annual, Biennial, and Perennial Ficwers. In fact, it is the only Complete Florist or Flower Gardener worth having ever printed, and no one should be without it. The information in it can be obtained from no other source whatever. So send and get it, and you will never regret it. By One of the Best Florists in the Known World. Complete in one fine volume of 108 pages, neatly done up in paper covers. Price 25 cents a copy, or Five copies for One Dollar.

Copies of any of the above works will be sent to any one on remitting the money for them to the Publisher. C മറ്രാ R**K** -19

